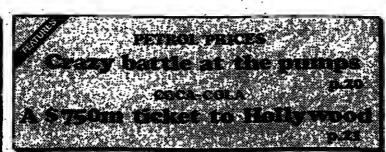
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BY PHILIP BASSETT, LABOUR STAFF

DSA

BRITISH RAIL and rail unions

last night agreed to attend talks

with the Advisory. Conciliation

and Arbitration Service on the

The move followed a day in

which rail services were hit by sporadic outpursts of unofficial

BR was hoping last night that

most services would return to normal today, though officials

were cautious about making

firm predictions the unofficial

Yesterday's disruption re-sulted from action by guards over new flexible rosters, and

of BR's current rostering

arrangements.
A threatened 24-bour strike

by guards at Rings Cross station, London, was averted

after intervention by the guards' union, the National

Union of Railwaymen. Guards

at Crewe, Chester, Alderley

Edge, Birmingham and at seven Southern Region depots did walk out and services to Liver-

pool, Manchester, and to Kent

Growing resentment at the

NUR executive's decision to

accept flexible rostering for

guards-it. was agreed on a

15-9 vote — was emphasised when about 40 guards lobbied a meeting of the NUR executive

yesterday. Mr Sid Weighell, NUR

general secretary, said be thought the unofficial action

was only a hiccup. Some NUR

IDOOR

from Waterloo,

executive members, however,

guards accepting the deal.

Guarda lobbying the NUR said

they wanted the agreement rescinded.

Services

and Sussex were hit badly.

train-drivers'

productivity dispute.

industrial action.

action would end.



VENS SUMMARY

Closure of 7 tube stations planned

Seven London tube stations and three branch lines will close, the Underground will operate

The proposals, which must be index gained 8.1 to 567.2, approved by the GLC and Transport Secretary David Howell, anticipate a big fall in demand after farms double. demand after fares double in March Back Page Merseyside County Council

abandoned a plan to cut its bus, train and ferry fares by a further 10 per cent for fear of legal action

Rape trials plea

The psychiatrist consulted in the rape case over which Scot-tish Solicitor General Nicholas Fairhairn resigned called for victims to be spared court

Carron arrested

H-block campaigner and MP-

italian shootout

and killed two policemen. (914). Page 27

Chana cabinet

Awacs first-The first of 18 Boeing Awacs reconnaissance aircraft was handed over to Nate in West

Germany. Threat to Hawk dest, Back Page

Medicines offer Drug manufacturers will aupoly essential medicines to poor countries on favourable terms, the World Health Organisation

Vice racket

Australian police uncovered a

Changes at BBC

Radio and TV news departments lished vesterday, includes in the BBC will be split follow measures to give the NCB up ing Thursday's top management to £940m in grants over the

Stone Age tribe A naked tribe of cave-dwellers, ignorant of fire, was spotted in

the Himalayan foothills by an Indian Army expedition.

Opium battle At least 12 died in fighting between Thai troops and a

4,000-strong opium caravan led by a rebel Shan warlord. Briefly . . .

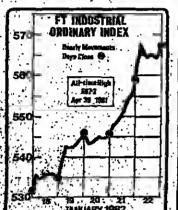
Iraqi prisoners in Iran will be allowed visits from families, Formula One drivers ended a

one-day strike over contracts. Walter Rohrl (Opel, West Ger . LONDON and MANCHESTER many) won the Monte Carlo

Inflation at 3-year

U.S. INFLATION fell to 8.9 per cent in the year to December, the lowest annual rate since October 1978. Seasonally ad-

strongly to yesterday's base



STERLING weakened against Police firing sub-machine gains at \$1.873 (\$1.881) and DM (fred a farm worker taken 4.325 (DM 4.325), but rising to believe in Linky by urban SwFr 3.4725 (SwFr 3.47). Its machines with had robbed a trade-weighted index was 90.9

Ghanalan military leader Jerry (DM 2.2975). SwFr 1.8525
Rawlings named 18 civilians, (SwFr 1.8425) and Y227
Rawlings former opponents, to (Y225.6). Its trade-weighted head ministries. Page 2 27

• GOLD fell \$2.75 in \$375 in London. In New York the Comex January close was \$376. Page 27

• WALL STREET was down 3.14 at 845.13 near the close.

• WEST GERMAN federal budget for 1982 was approved by the Bundestag after four days of debate. Page 2

• U.S. OIL MAJORS will be

from South America with forged papers to work as a seasonally adjusted 0.9 per prostitutes.

RETAIL SALES volume fell-forged papers to work as a seasonally adjusted 0.9 per cent last month, said the prostitutes.

next two years. Page 3 · SEALINK UK, British and French seamen's nnions and French railway company SNCF

Dieppe ferry route. LEYLAND VEHICLES workers at the BL truck subsidiary's Bathgate plant near joined the strike against a reorganisation plan.

• HONDA, the Japanese motor group, reported net profit down from Y74,9bn to Y38,6bn (£91m) for the first three quarters

Assurance resigned from the Life Offices Association. Page 3

CHIEF PRICE CHANGES YESTERDAY (Prices in pence unless otherwise indicated)

	Guintina Commo SE of 7
RISES	String Group oo
RISES Treas 3pc 1986 £73 + 1 Treas 11 pc 03-07£791 + ‡ Assed Comms A 78 + 5	Textured Jersey 32 T.
There 1:000 07 4701 4 2	Tomatin 59 + 3
Treas 113pc us-viziok	Turner and Newall 106 + 4
Assed Comms A (5 T 3	Utd Biscuits 123 + 5
Assert Darries 152 T 0	
BTR 356 + 14	Vickers 173 + 6
	Whatene 104 T V
	Angla Amer Cro 630 + 22
Brooke Bond 54 + 15 Runtley & Palmer 108 + 15	De Pager Ded . 352 + 11
Minitar & Palmer 165 + 49	
1CT 236. + 8	ERGO 299 + 14
ICI 336 + 8 Inchespe 320 + 10	Concor 950 + 50
IBCICODO	Tenginalari 345 + 15
Land Sees 309 + 9	Penganes 11
ICI 336 + 8 Inchespe 320 + 10 Land Sees 309 + 9 MEPC 223xr + 7	Assi Weers
Martin (R. P.) 335 + 20	FALLS
	Trees 200 IL 2006 £89 - 11
Owen Owen 212 + 10	72 - 6
- Owen Owen 212 + 10	rogarty (C.)
P & O Dri 144 + 4	Hambros Bank 120
Dateme Ctowns 97 4 5	Hambro Life 321 = 14
Teleta duaca of	Noumark (Louis) 210 - 65
Piessey 368 + 6	Hambro Life 321 - 14 Newmark (Louia) 210 - 65 Pilkington 293 - 7 Pant Org 174 - 5
Sidlaw Inds 268 + 13	Pilkington 200
Smith (W. H.) A 176 + 6	Rank Org 174 - 3
Officer Carleine Fig tor Tio o	

Interest rate cuts lift City confidence

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

HOPES OF economic recovery increased last night as UK interest rates fell sharply after a week when Europe's central banks acted to reduce the cost of borrowing. The move raised the prospect of a lnng awaited reduction in

the cost of home loans. There is still concern, bowever, that the fall in interest rates bas not been matched by

the U.S.,fi where rates moved higher again yesterday. Three-month Eurodollar interest rates rose 1 of a percentage point, taking them above comparable UK interbank rates for the first timesince autumn. As optimism about interest

rate prospects swept across the London financial markets: The UK clearing banks, led by National Westminster, re-

duced their base rates by a { a percentage point to 14 per cent.

The average rate at the weekly Treasury bill tender fell more than 1 percentage point to 13.52 per cent, reflecting the aharp drop in short-term money market rates this week

• Prices of long-dated gilt-edged stock rose £1 yesterday giving a rise of more than 4 points on the week. The equity market responded quickly to the fall in interest rates and the FT Index ended the week 35.6 points higher at 567.2.

The Bank of England announced a surprise £750m 30-

market intervention rates for the building societies. the fifth consecutive day.c Until

manager of National Westminster's domestic banking terday's reduction they said it division, said yesterday that was unlikely to have any while seven-day inter-bank rates immediate effect on their own in the UK had come down investment and borrowing slowly, the three-month rates had fallen noticeably and "we felt if we moved today, we could take the market down with

The bank has led the way nn the past three occasions when rates fell. While other banks are more cautious they cannot remain out of line for long when a major rival moves. Within bours of NatWest's decision all the clearing banks had reduced their base rates by a similar amount.

Three of the Big Four clear-ing banks reduced their seven-day deposit rates to 111 per cent. Barclays Bank cut its rate by a 1 percentage point only, to 12 per cent. The banks' action has led to

increasing speculation they could soon reduce their home loan rates. Mr Denton said yesterday his bank would be looking at these once rates had aettled down in the next couple of weeks. He did not rule out the

chance of a cut even if there was no further reduction in year issue of index-linked bank base rates. He said the stock and reduced its money banks would act probably before

The building societies bave this week they had been held seen base rates fall 2 per cent unchanged since mid-December. aince they increased mortgage
Mr Maurice Denton, general rates to 15 per cent in October. Although they welcomed yes

The societies say competition from National Savings is re-stricting their freedom to reduce rates nffered to investors and, therefore, those charged to home-buyers. spite of their stance it seems clear the prospect of a cut in the record 15 per cent mortfrom separate action by drivers over an article in The Sun newspaper which alleged wide-spread abuse by footplate atair gage is drawing closer and that any reduction in National Savings rates would make it

Mr Richard Weir, secretary general of the Building Societies Association, said the societies could not immediately cut their rates in view of competition for savings from

National Savings: "The ball is in the Government's court. They are clearly signalling a slight easing of interest rates but until it is reflected in National Savings rates we will not be able to follow the trend down.

Continued on Back Page Editorial comment, Page 20 Lex, Back Page

Money Markets, Page 27

Poland pledges payment of arrears on western debt

BY PETER MONTAGNON, EUROMARKETS CORRESPONDENT

standing from last year by the middle of February, enabling it to sign a rescheduling agreement with the banks by the end

of next month. Payment of interest arrears, estimated at \$250m (£133m), bas been one of the major stumbling blocks to signing a rescheduling agreement under which repayment of about \$2.4bn in commercial bank debt could be deferred until 1988. Poland's message that it has set a target date for completion

of the interest payments was seen by Western bankers as grounds for optimism that the country is serious in its intention to ward off default on its inans from the West. More evidence of this has

MR GERALD RONSON, the

head of Heron Corporation,

yesterday mounted a £46.6m takeover bid for Associated

Communications Corporation in

an attempt to prevent control of

the entertainments empire pas-sing to Mr Robert Holmes à

In a day of court room battles

with their planned transfer of

Court's business interests, Mr

Court's business intrests, Mr

Ronson unveiled his hid "sub-

ject only to the outcome of the

legal proceedings."
His bid, worth £10m more

than that of Mr Holmes à Court,

offers the 11,000 non-voting shareholders of ACC 85p in cash for each of their non-voting

For the 35 sharebolders whn

hold crucial voting shares.

Heron is offering £3.40. The

offer price for the voting shares

has been carefully worked out by a formula established by ACC's articles of association.

Books Pasie

BY JOHN MOORE

Court

and then not paid as some bankers pointed out yesterday. Moreover the Polish Government is understood to have introduced a new and rather delicate aspect to the affair by asking Western hanks to provide some form of commitment to the idea of reschedoling debts falling due this year at the same time as they

sign an agreement for 1981. But few bankers doubted that Poland was in a position to find the money for the interest payments in the next few weeks even without the Soviet Union's financial belp — forthcoming in

Ronson bids £46.6m for ACC

The outcome of yesterday's

court hearings was inconclusive

and the action bas been adjourned until Monday. A

temporary injunction restrain-

sbares in ACC remains in force

"Morale at ACC needs restor-

the would not seek to block the record compensation payment to Mr Jack Gill, the group's former managing director who it is proposed will receive £560,000 and considerable property benefits. "Until I know all the facts it would be wrong to pre-empt the

he wrong to pre-empt the position," said Mr Ronson. Pension funds and insurance

One fund manager said: "We

welcome the recognition of the value of the non-voting shares

until then.

over Mr Holmes à Court and ing. The troops need leading directors of ACC could go ahead from the front."

ing the transfer of the voting

Mr Ronson said yesterday:

He would not seek to block

the past.
"The Poles could manage to Poland to stay under martial come from Polish expressions of willingness to grant entry raise the money just by manipu-

by the 501 banks concerned. some bankers said yesterday, as Western governments bave suspended their separate talks with Poland on a 1982 rescheduling agreement because of the new military regime.

The Polish move is seen In some quarters as driving a wedge between the govern-ments, whose main motivations are political, and the banks, who have commercial considerations in the need to write down their Polish exposure if no rescheduling agreement can be reached.

law. Page 2

Other institutions are likely to held on to their theres until

they see whether Heron can

prevent control of ACC from passing to Mr Holmes à Court in the legal action.

The Independent Broadcasting

Aut warned yesterday that even though ACC might pass to

a British company rather than

the Australian business interests

of Mr Holmes à Court, Mr Ronson would still have to

reduce ACC's stake in Central

Independent Television from its

huying Central. Central is not for sale. The franchises have been carefully negotiated over a

period of time with the new

ACC directors " wanted A'Conri

bid to succeed", Page 3

traller, Page 22

The IBA said: "No one Is

present level of 51 per cent.

man criminally damaged six BR Liverpool Street and Kings light-bulbs at Eastleigh: and driving while disqualified. POLAND HAS told its Western visas to executives of the lating their accounts," one bankers that it will complete accounting firm Peat, Marwick banker said yesterday. Money interest payments still out-Cross stations were disrupted by drivers' strikes over The Sun's article. It had alleged £ in New York auditing work on the re- could be temporarily divented to scheduling agreement in War-meet interest payments. many drivers took advantage of the present roster system to second jobs, to drink and The issue of rescheduling But interest payments have been promised before by Poland debts falling due this year will to dance. have to be considered carefully

The two trainee drivers on whose information the article was based stood by their state-

Jan. 21 previous

Apot \$1,8730-8750 \$1,8870-8885 1 month \$1,14-0.09 dis \$0,16-0.11 dis 5 months \$1,15-1.30 pm 0.80-0.09 pm 12 months 1,15-1.30 pm 0.80-0.95 pm

British Rail and unions to attend talks at Acas

ments yesterday. But BR insisted the practices alleged

were not widespread. BR will

hold an inquiry into their

are expected to resume normal

working. Drivers and guards at

The Sunday Times and The

News of the World, too. Drivers

at Waterloo also blacked The

There were cautious hopes

the talks called by Acas last inght involving BR, three unions and Mr Len Murray.

Trades Union Congress general

secretary, might produce agree-

ment on a formula to put the

whole dispute to comprehensive

arbitration. Strikes ralled by

Aslef for next week would be auspended pending the inquiry's

· Before the start of the Acts

meeting the BR Board approved

its terms of reference for the arbitration. It is thought it will

include an examination of all

six key productivity changes BR

• Mr Max Wallace, 23, one of the trainee-drivers who made

the allegations in The Sun, is

facing charges brought by

British Transport Police. Mr

Welkere, of Eastleigh, Hants, appeared before Eastleigh magistrates last Monday and

was aent for trial at Southamp-

ton Crown Court on a date to

He said last night he would

deny all the charges They are

that between May and June he

twice falsified another man's

daily work-sheet with criminal

intent; that he and a second

outcome.

be fixed.

Most drivers who took action

allegations.

SPAIN PLOSS; SWEDEN Kr 8.00; SWITZERLAND Fr 2.0; EIRE 42p; MALTA 30c

BOC chief gets rise of Kings Cross, however, won an agreement from BR local management that no trains 76% to earn would carry copies of any news-papers owned by Mr Rupert Murdoch, proprietor of The Sun. The ban will affect The Times, £477,100

Mr Richard Giordano

By Robert Cottrell

MR RICHARD GIORDANO, chief executive of the BOC Group, has emsolidated his positinn as one of Britain's highest wage-earners with a salary of £477,100 for the year to Sep-tember 1971, a 76 per cent increase over the £271,400 which he received in the previous year. The figure is revealed in the industrial gases group's amuel report published today.
Mr Glordano's new salary gats

him well clear of other high earners featured in the Charlerhouse Top Management Remuneration survey of com-mercial and industrial comnanies.

When last sighled, Lonrho's Mr "Tiny" Rowland was draw-ing £224,938 and ACC-bidder Gerald Ronson of Heron Cor-poration £207,000 in the year to March 1981. Shell Transport and Trading's highest-naid director lest tenr had 1225.762. When Mr Gibriano. 40, was appointed chief enecutive of BOC in June 1979 it was known that his salary would reflect his

high earnings as president and

chief executive of the group's U.S. subsidiary, Airco, bis pre-

vious post. In receiving this latest pay hoost he has benefited from two factors other than a simple "rise". BOC directors have a bonus scheme related to company performance. Last year group pre-tax profits were 50 per cent up at £93m on sales of £1.52bn.

In addition he receives a preportion of his salary in dollars. Continued on Back Page Lex, Back Page

BOC continues heavy spending, Page 22

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mum capital appreclation, investing in new technologies and other emerging growth industries, many of which are not available in the U.K. in quoted company form. Launched 10th November 1980 the offer price has risen by 15% compared with -10% for the S&P 500 Index.

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Post Code

Pension funds and insurance management of the television companies who have invested contractors. We want to give

in ACC were pleased by the the new management at Central Heron initiative.

as indicated in the articles of Mr Ronson waits on a court

Finance & Family, FT Actuaries
Foreign Exchange
Gardening Letters

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Motoring 27
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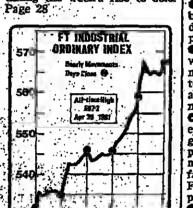
GENERAL

BUSINESS low

in U.S.

only from 6 am to midnight, and, justed consumer prices rose 0.4 bus services will be cut by 10 per cent last month. Back Page per cent made: London Trans

EQUITIES responded port plans to ensure it breaks



GUTS were also firm, with E Government Securities Index up 0.23 at 64.15. Page 28.

DOLLAR rose to DM 2.3065

subjected to special audits to check their royalty payments. Page 2

cent last month, said the Department of Trade. Back • COAL INDUSTRY Bill, pub-

met in Paris for inconclusive talks aimed at keeping a British presence on the Newhaven-

	Assed Comms A	4D.T		100 1 5	
	Assed Dairies	152 +	6 .	Utd Biscuits 123 + 5	
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: :	Land Secs	900 L	^	Pengkalen 345 + 15	
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	Liezza,	300 T	<u>-</u>	202 - 7	
	Sidlaw Inds	268 ÷	13	Pilkington 293 - 7 Rank Org 174 - 5	
	Smith /W III A	178 L	g	Rank Org 174 - 3	

OVERSEAS NEWS

TV show may not win 300m audience

By Leslie Colitt In Berlin THE ONE HOUR TV programme "Let Poland be Poland," to be produced by tae U.S. Government and heamed by satellite around the world on January 31, is

unlikely to reach the expected 300m viewers outside the United States.

Officials in Eorope of the U.S. International Communications Agency, which Is sponsoring the teleeast criticising the military government in Poland, say it appears that far fewer European TV stations will be giving the programme live coverage than was hoped.
In the U.S. the public

Broadcasting Service is to air the programme hnt some members of Congress want to allow one of the three major networks to earry it as well. In Britain the BBC and ITV have said they have no plans

Statements in support of Polish freedom will be made hy President Ronald Reogan, Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher and Chancellor Helmut Schmidt while Frank Sinatra is to sing a Polish folksong.

A school choir will render the anthem of the Solidarity movement "Let Poland be Poland" in an English translation by the Nobel laureate Czeslaw Milosz. The host is to he Charlton Heston, and the former Polish ambassador to Washington, who defected in December, will narrate a film oo Polish history.

Volce of America and Radio Free Europe are to heam the soundtrack of the programme into Poland and although their broadcasts are heavily jammed, they expect many Poles will be able to receive it live. RFE and VOA are also planning to blanket the rest of Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union with the programme, including runing translations in Russian, Ukrainian and Latvian. It has been pointed out that the Ukrainians at least could not he expected to show much sympathy for Poland's plight as the two neighbours are traditional enemies.

Abbey National

Alliance

Bradford and Bingley

Bridgwater

Bristol Economic

Burniey

Cardiff

Cardiff

Catholic

Chelsea

Cheltenham and Gloucester

Cheltenham and Gloucester

Cltizens Regency,

City of London (The)

Coventry Economic

Derhyshire

Gateway 9.50

Hearts of Oak and Enfield ... 9.50

Heodoo 10.00

Lambeth 9.50

Leeds and Holbeck 9.50

Leeds Permaneot 9.50

Mornington 10.50

New Cross 10.50

Ealing and Acton

Gateway

Greenwich

Halifax

Heart of Eogland

Leamington Spa

Leicester

Liverpool

London Grosveoor

National Counties

Nationwide

Newcastle

Northern Rock

Paddingtoo

Norwich

Peckham Mutual

Portmao

Portsmouth

Property Owners

Proviocial

Skipton

Sussex County

Sussex Mutual

Wesser

Yorkshire

Woolwich

Town and Country 9.50

Guardian

Britannia 9.50

Aid to Thrift 10.50

Poland to stay under martial law



tained in Poland for an in- which reached Warsaw yesterdefinite period "until the day.
economy has heen tidied up and starts moving again," Gen
Wojeiech Jaruzelski, the Polish leader, told a small group of kept in existence" and that the workers in Warsaw last week. beavily on Polish society" will

be lifted shortly.

A report of the eight-hour meeting quoting Mr Z. Wisniewski, a Gdansk shipyard worker who took part, was

• Lech Walesa (left): The authorities say be is neither interned nor arrested, but his wife is demanding to know

MARTIAL LAW will be main- carried in a Gdansk newspaper or arrested.

kept in existence" and that the workers should decide which But he promised that unions should be active in their restrictions which weigh plants. He also promised that plants. He also promised that workers' self-government councils would soon be reactivated.

> Gen Jaruzelski is expected to announce relaxations of the martial law regime during a speech scheduled for a special session of parliament on Monday.

Meanwhile. Mrs Danuta additi Walesa, the wife of Lecb year. Walesa, the Solidarity leader, The has asked the authorities to reacti define the status of her husband. So far, officials have said that Walesa is neither interned

Mrs Walesa, who will shortly give birth to their seventing in detention and her letter is apparently aimed at backing requests made by the Catholic Church for the transfer of Mr Walesa to church custody.

Trybuna Ludu, the Communist Party newspaper, has strongly attacked President Reagan's sanctions policy again. and blamed the ending of U.S. grain shipments for a catastrophic decline in grain-fed poultry production and the prospect of a 250,000 ton additional shortfall of meat this

The newspaper contrasted the reaction of Poland's "false friends" with the aid received from its Soviet and Comecon

Franco-Soviet gas talks reach deadlock

BY TERRY DODSWORTH IN PARIS

AN EMERGENCY session In

possibility of a deal remained open before the Russians left buy about Son cubic metres of wblch would be acceptable to gas a year through the con-

the Franco-Soviet negotiations Russians seemed anxious to last November cleared the way over Russian gas prices was settle prices of the gas, which to a contract on prices, but the being planoed here late last will be delivered through the Polish crisis effectively killed night after five days of talks planned new Soviet pipeline; hopes of concluding the deal in ended in deadlock yesterday although the French negotiators afternoon.

Gas de France, the French for lower prices than those partner in the negotiations with Soyuzgas, said that the The price talks follow agreements.

The price talks follow agreement administration about the degree of degendance on Russian gas

According to officials, the troversial pipeline Negotiations American officials have argued for a substantial reduction in the Sbn cubic metres figure, which will mean that about 33 per cent of France's gas supplies, and 5 per cent of its global energy needs, will be supplied by Russia.

Although this argument con-cluded with the decision to stick by the original agreement, the prices talks have remained

WEST SPLIT BY U.S. LINE ON TRADE WITH EAST

Little Allied appetite for sanctions that bite

BY PAUL CHEESERIGHT, WORLD TRADE EDITOR

OFFICIALS FROM Nato • The Canadian Government that sanctions policy should countries meet in Brussels has signed a protocol with not touch existing contracts. today for further consideration today for further consideration Moscow extending a long-state of economic sanctions against ing commercial agreement for ever, that they will not undermine the U.S. sanctions. This the Soviet Union. EEC Foreign a further five years;
Ministers will address the question on Monday.

Turkey has signed agreement with the state of th • Turkey has signed a trade

These meetings may go some way to clarify Western policy on trade with the Soviet Union the unilateral following the unilateral decision of the U.S. to impose sanctions on December 30.

But there are many indications that there is no general desire in the Western Alliance deeply to damage commercial

BUILDING SOCIETY RATES

accounts shares

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9.75 11.00

9.75___11.00

10.00 - 11.25

Deposit Share Sub'pn

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Moscow extending a longstand-

agreement with the Soviet Union and a 50 per cent Increase in two-way trade is expected this year. Count Otto Lambsdorff, the

West German Economics Minister, noted Bonn's desire to maintain existing trade accords with the Soviet Union and said trade deals already arranged would go ahead. The links with the Soviet Union: UK Government also holds

.*Term shares

11.75 5 yrs., 11.25 4 yrs., 10.75 3 yrs.,

12.00 6 yrs., 10.75 1 mth. not. int. loss

9.75 3 months' notice and 10.75 on

11.25 4 yrs., 11.00 2 months' notice

11.75 5 yrs., 10.75 3 months' actice

11.25 Extra share 3 mooths' notice

or more (9.75 otherwise)

12.00 5 yrs., 11.05 3 mths.' notice a/c,

11.30 6 mths.' notice a/c

11.25 Capital City shs. 4 mths.' eotice

11.50 4 yrs., 11.25 3 yrs., 11.00 3 mths.

11.75 5 yrs., 11.25 4 yrs., 10.75 3 yrs.

12.00 5 yrs., 11.25 3 mooths' notice

- Plus a/c £500 min. Int. 1-yearly

11.75 6 mtb., 11.25 3 mtb., £1,000 min.

- 3 mths.' notice 10.75, 5 yrs. 11.75

11.75 5 yrs., 11.25 6 mth., 11.00 4 mth.

11.75 5 yrs., 10.75 1 mth. int. penalty

11.75 3 yrs., E.J. a/c £500 min. 10.75

11,75 5 yrs., 11.25 4 yrs., 10.75 3 mths.

11.75 5 yrs., 10.80 1 mth. int. penalty,

10.75 35 days' notice min. dep. £500,

11.75 5 yrs., £500 min. 90 days' notice.

11.75 4 yrs., 10.75 2 mths.' notice or

10.75-11.50 on share accs., depending

11.75 5 yrs., 11.25 4 yrs., 10.75 3 yrs.

11.25 Loss I month int. oo sums wdn.

11.25 2 y, 11.75 3 y, 12.25 4 y, 11.0 Bns.

11.75 5 yrs., 11.00 6 months' notice,

11.75 4 yrs., 11.75 6 mth., 11.05 3 mth.

12.00 4 yrs., 11.25 3 yrs., 10.75 2 mths.

10.85-11.00 28 days' interest penalty

12.00 5 yrs., 11.75 3 yrs. wdl. facilities, 11.00 wdl, facilities

amt. wdn., 10.75 £500 3 mth. not.

10.75 3 mooths' ootice

12.10 (5 yrs.) to 11.50 (6 mths.)

11.00 instant withdrawal option

· 11.00 . 11.75 3 yrs. £500 min. 90 days' not nn

10.50-11.75 all with special options

10.75 3 yrs., 10.50 2 yrs.

6 mths.' 11.15 min. dep. £500

Boous a/c 10.50 £2,500 min..

10.75 £10,000 + 28 days' notice

oo demand 28 days' iot. peoalty

on min balance over 6 mooths

12.00 5 yrs., 11.75 6 months' notice

11.75 5 yrs., 11.25 4 yrs., 10.75 3 yrs.

10.25-10.85 3 months' ootice

11.50 6 mths., 11.25 3 mths.

10.75 3 months' notice

11.35 1 year

10.90 2 years, £2,000 minimum

12.00 3 months interest penalty

- Share a/c bal, £10,000 and over

blgh option, 10.25-11.75 1-5 years

11.00 £500 mln., 3 mths.' notice

balance of £10,000 and over.

Escalator shs. 10.25-11.75 (1-5 y)

Gold Account. Savings of £1,000

9.75 11.00 11.76 6 years. Sixty plus, 10.75 1 year

open bondshare

10.75 1 month's notice deposit

11.75 5 yrs., 10.85 21 yrs.

sensors and meters, and thus affect the projected 5,000-km Siberia-West Europe gas pipe-The Allles have stated, bow-

But the Allies have still to agree a definition of what con-stitutes the undermining of should strengthen Washington's decision to suspend the issue, or the renewal, of export U.S. sanctions.

At one extreme, It could conlicences for the export of electronic equipment, computers stitute all selling of equipment related in any way to the products on the U.S. controlled list. and other high technology goods

It should also reinforce the At the other extreme is the U.S. decision to extend the West German view. . This holds only that sales should not be to substitute for goods to be supplied by U.S. companies in the role of main contractor. export controls on the sale of oil and gas technology to the Soviet Union. These include compressors and gas turbines,

ministers

in Ghana

to the Soviet Union.

By Our Correspondent in Accra THE MILITARY government in Ghana of Fit-Lt Jerry Rawlings last night announced the names of 18 civilians to head govern ment ministries. They include prominent politicians from the

banned civilian parties.

None of the 18 have served in the administration of deposed President Hilla Limann, but many are well known radicals and admirers of Kwame Nkrumah, Ghana's first socialist head of state.

The announcement is seen as something of a triumph for Fit.Lt. Rawlings in overcoming the resistance of civilians to become identified with his government before it had made

clear its policies. Fit.-Lt. Rawlings overthrew the democratically-elected head of state President Limann in a coup on New Year's Eve, and bas since declared a war against the corruption which bas contributed to Gbana's

economic decline. The latest announcement shows that he is trying to form a broadly-based national government including politicians, civil servants and members of the

liberal professions. One of the best known is Mr Johnny Hansen, a lawyer aod prominent member of a radical splinter group of President Limann's ruling Peoples National Party, who becomes Secretary of the Interior.

Plans to unify Korea put forward President Chun Doo Hwan yesterday proposed a formula for

unifying North and South-Korea which calls for cahinet-level delegates from the North and South to arrange a summit, writes Ann Charters in Seonl. After a summit, the two would work on a seven-point programme to normalise relations, including en agreement to abandon military force and

Military names | World Bank to honour Indian

the bank's soft loan affiliate, the International Development Association, would come down significantly because of

This was the main message given by Mr A. W. Clausen, president of the World Bank, at the end of his five-day visit to India yesterday, when be made it clear that the terms on which India was given

Mr Clausen agreed that India qualified for soft loans, because of its low per capita income of \$200. But the World Bank felt that other countries such as those in ... Africa should henefit increasingly from IDA funds because, unlike India, they bad no alternative source of external financing.

India has traditionally obtained 40 per cent of IDA Funds, which are lent withont any interest and repayable over 50 years, and bence are virtual grants. Mr Clausen made It clear that this share would have to fall sharply but the World Bank would try to make this op from other sources, like the main bank and the International Finance Corporation.

loan commitment By K. K. Sharma in New Delhi

THE WORLD BANK will lend \$2.1hn (£1.1bn) to India In 1982, but the proportion of this that would come from the shortfall in its funds.

loans would have to harden.

Mr Clausen agreed that the energy affiliate of the World Bank may not be employed because of U.S. opposition, hut said the World Bank intended to step up loans to developing countries for investment in energy projects. He said that China would

not qualify for IDA loans until its seventh replenishment in 1983 and to that extent its membership of the World Bank did not affect other developing countries.

to mend relations with Egypt

THE SOVIET union is trying to mend its diplomatic relations with Egypt—almost broken off by the late President Anwar Sadat last September—through its economic links, in particular the High Dam at Aswan, built

Mr Maher Abaza, Minister of Energy, has announced that Egypt would welcome the participation of the Soviet Union, along with the U.S. and France, in redeveloping parts of the High Dam.

The dam, a pyramid of tribute to Egyptian-Soviet friendship during the Nasser era, was built to Soviet specifications and with Soviet aid. At the same time, the weekly

magazine Al-Musawwar, in its most recent issue, bas reported that a delegation of Egyptian foreign trade specialists would be visiting the Soviet Union later this month.

The same magazine reported that Egypt has agreed to a demand by the Soviet Union that the size of its embassy in Cairo could be increased.

Last September, Mr Sadat expelled the Soviet amhassador and six other diplomats and all technical officials. It was also suggested that the Soviet Union bad implicated Egyptians in two spy plots. Those involved have been released since by President

Hubarak.

The High Dam at Aswan in sonthern Egypt has become an inevitable political ond economic issue as some cf its parts have become worn or outdated. But, at the same time, its continning function is essential as, according to Mr Ahaza, it provides 65 per cent of Egypt's energy needs.

Thus, the Egyptian Government has developed a seven-year rehabilitation programme, which includes the replacement of some of its 12 turbines, each of which bas a current capacity of 175 Mw (though two are kept in reserve at any one time). It would also include the replacement of some turbine blades and the gradual modernisation of the six twin-turbine

power stations. So far, the U.S. has pledged aid to help replace some turbines under a contract to be executed by Allis Chalmers. France is undertaking a technical and feasibility study of the repair of the blades of one

Since the Soviet Union was the main architect of the 20year-old Righ Dam, it is thought involved in consultations and contributions on lts modernisa-

Syrian soldiers killed on border

By Louis Fares in Damascus TWO MEMBERS of a Syrian army patrol were killed by a group of armed infiltrators from Jordan who crossed the Syrian horder late on Thursday. the Syrian Interior Ministry

announced yesterday.
Our foreign staff adds: The
Jordanian Government recently accused a Syrian diplomat in Amman of being behind a bomb explosion in the Jordanian

Tokyo mission

MR ZENKO SUZUKI, the Japanese Prime Minister, has decided to seod a mission to the U.S. and Western Europe, led by senior politicians from the ruling Liberal Democratic party to explain Tokyo measures to end friction with its trading partners, our World Trade staff write.

Moscowtries Royalty checks for U.S. oil companies

BY ANATOLE KALETSKY IN WASHINGTON

EXXON AND Texaco and 23 other leading oil companies will be subjected to special accelerated audits to check on their royalty payments to the U.S. Government, Mr. James Watt, Interior Secretary, said yesterday.

Mr Watt's statement followed the release of a report on Wednesday which estimated that the Federal Government is losing about \$10m (#5.3m) a week in revenues as a result of underpayment of oil and gas royalties and "oil theft" from federal and Indian lands.

The Interior Department has emphasised that "there is no implication that the companies singled out for special audits

are particularly suspect." They have been selected because they are the largest leaseholders and detailed auditing of their oil production and royalty payments is likely to prove most "cost effective" for the Interior Department.

The audits referred to by Mr per day. special inquiry on royalty

payment uncovered by his department would be passed on will require Congressional to the Justice Department for approval.



James Watt: inquiry

criminal prosecution, Our of the recommendations of the special commission was that fines for royalty underpayment should be increased to \$10,000

Watt have been going on for In a separate statement some time but it has been de made this week. Mr Watt cided to intensify them in indicated that he would be response to the findings of the seeking to increase oil and gas royalties from federal land underpayment. from 121 per cent to 161 per Mr Watt also said that any cent, the rate which is already evidence of deliberate under paid on offshore and Indian. reservation leases. This move

Rival abortion protests put Reagan under pressure BY ANATOLE KALETSKY IN WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON was reminded President Ronald Reagan has ing the coming year. Thousands

At the same time, the Roman Catholic Church designated yesterday as "a national day of underline "widespread support majority of the nation's religious groups."

yesterday that abortion is likely been under strong attack from to become one of the biggest Liberals because of his on-political issues in the U.S. dur-spokenly anti-abortion views in his election campaign. But of militant anti-abortionists and extreme anti-abortionists - have. women's rights supporters converged on the city to take part giving even more wnotened to
in opposing demonstrations support for their attempts to
held to mak the minth anniver introduce a constitutional
held to mak the minth anniver introduce a constitutional
held to mak the minth anniver introduce a constitutional
held to mak the minth anniver introduce a constitutional abortions very difficult, even in the most extreme cases, such as rape.

Senator Jesse Helms is trying fasting and prayer for the un to move this constitutional born while supporters of amendment through the conwomen's rights held inter gress this year, but it is become denominational services to the interpretation of the pressure of amendment through the coning increasingly clear from for abortion rights among the public opinion polls that he does not have the support of majority opinion in the nation.

French corporation's loss highlights prices dilemma

THE FRENCH Government's industries.". brought into focus sharply by left free to raise its prices be the announcement yesterday of cause of companies squeezed a FFr 4.3bn (£398m) loss by Profit mergins.

The Government's anti-mila-officials at EDF have blamed tionary policy is, however, at the Covernment's anti-mila-officials at EDF have blamed tionary policy is, however, at

the loss, in part, on the Govern-ment's bolding down of in-creases in tariff charges below the levels of fuel costs: M. Charles Chevrier, manage

ing director of EDF, indicated that the state electricity corporation would this year be seeking tariff increases of beyond 10 per

As an element of the Government's anti-inflationary strategy, M. Jacques Delors, Finance Minister, amounced recently that increases in public section tariffs would be pegged this year at 10 per cent. The ruling applies principally to the rall-ways and the gas and electricity

dilemma over the level of price. Though price regulation is increases that will be permitted also in force in the service and in the public sector has been retail sectors, industry is being

odds with its goal of keeping down deficits in the public sector. Reflecting the EDF's stiempts to secure a larger in crease, M Cheweler hinted that the Government might show flexibility for industries but by the energy crisis.

M Edmond Herve, Energy

Minister, said that increases in electricity prices this year would take account of both inflation and the belancing of EDF's accounts.

EDF has argued that the 15 per cent increase in tariffs it was allowed in July failed to reflect the full increases in fuel

W. German budget passed

BY JONATHAN CARR IN BONN

budget for 1982 has passed its approval in the Bundestag (lower house of Parliament) yesterday against the votes of the Christian Democrat opposi-

THE WEST GERMAN federal per cent higher than for 1981. budget for 1982 has passed its The net borrowing require-last major hardle, gaining ment is given as DM 27.8bn (£6.5bn) which, if actually achieved, would be about DM 10hn less than the net sum borrowed in 1981.

The biggest single budget The budget, which was voted item-DM 53.8bn (£12.6bn) is through after four days of for Labour and Social Affairs.
intense debate, totals Ministry—and the second bigDM 240.5bn (£56.3bn)—3.2 gest—DM 44.3bn is defence.



THE NETHERLANDS

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Pierre Trudeau; held

Canadian row over election vow

BY VICTOR MACKIE IN OTTAWA

that he would bave forced a federal election rather than permit Mr Pierre Trudeau, the Prime Minister, to proceed to implement his constitutional reform unilaterally against opposition from the 10 Canadian

Mr Schreyer's remarks have roused a furore in Canada the constitutional because propriety of such a dissolution in doubt. The Governor-General was interviewed by the that such extraordinary action Canadian Press news agency as from him would be required. he finished the third year of his five-year term.

He said that if November's of a total impasse "there is last-ditch constitutional con- more than ceremonial power ference had failed "and there here . . . there is legal anth-

CANADIAN Governor-General was an absolute absence of ority."

CANADIAN Governor-General was an absolute absence of ority."

Mr Eugene Forsey, a former Mr Eu any further, the only way out an election to be beld." Before that conference, eight provinces objected to Mr Trudeau's plan. But opposition crumbled and Quebec was left as the lone opposition. Mr Schreyer, who followed

the issue closely and discussed it frequently with Mr Trudeau, stressed that nothing prior to the conference suggested to him

"It wasn't anywhere near that," he said. But in the case

senator, and a constitutional authority, sald on Friday that Mr Schreyer's remarks were "indiscreet beyond belief." He knew of no constitutional authority that would allow Mr. Schreyer to take such action. However, Mr. Forsey acknow

ledged that some people had suggested to him that if Mr Trudean had proceeded uni-laterally, Mr Schreyer might have refused to forward the constitutional resolution to London.

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11.00 11.25 5 yrs., 11.25 4 yrs., 10.75 3 yrs., 10.25 2 yrs., 11.05 Golden key 28 days' penalty interest ... * Rates normally variable in line with changes in ordinary share rates, †From February 1 1982. regular discussions All these rates are after basic rate tax liability has been settled on hehalf of the investor,

ACC directors wanted a Court bid to succeed'

BY RAYMOND HUSTES LAW COURTS CORRESPONDENT

THE DIRECTORS of Associated Communications. Confication denied any wrongdoing. The Communications. Confication denied any wrongdoing. The BA agreement, be said, simply meant that ACC was giving upvoting courted of Central on a temporary basis.

Robert Holmes of Court, it was alleged in the High Court yesterday with the High Court yesterday with the ACC court yes to do has to be considered in the light or wrong thing for directors to do has to be considered in the light or wrong thing for directors to do has to be considered in the light or wrong thing for directors to do has to be considered in the light or wrong thing for directors to do has to be considered in the light or wrong thing for directors to do has to be considered in the light or wrong thing for directors to do has to be considered in the light or wrong thing for directors to do has to be considered in the light or wrong thing for the circumstances of ACC. That includes its need for includes its need for including the circumstances and its need for incl would be voted in Central's shares. interests and not those of ACC. The The directors had also agreed to the IBA having the power to require ACC to dispose of all or some of the Central

ACC's directors were acting in grave breach of their fidu-ciary duty Mr Stander asserted. He added: "One has rarely seen such a complete annegation by directors of their primany duty." It had all been done by the ACC directors "to allow one of the potential bid-

ACC and its directors, strongly tain conditions being fulfilled.

The hearing was adjourned until Monday, the injunction being continued until then. Heron did not seek continuation of an injunction also granted on Tuesday, stopping the IBA approving the offer for ACC made by Mr Holmes à

Court's master company, The

Bell Group. When yesterday's hearing be-gan Mr Richard Southwell, QC, for the IBA, said the anthority had not given any unconditional consent to the proposed share transfer. It had said it Mr John Wilmers, QC; for would consent, subject to cer-

De Lorean seat supplier forced on to short-time

THE PROBLEMS hitting the Northern Ireland Development Government-backed De Lorean sports car company in Belfast have forced its biggest Northern Ireland supplier on to shorttime working. CP Trim which makes the

seats and other items of interior soft trim for the De Lorean car, will introduce two-day working for 140 of its 220 employees from next week

The move is caused by De Lorean's decision to cut production from 400 to about 200 cars

CP Triple is the only company Lorean Project. Although it existing funds."
plans major diversification, its Mr De Lorean has said he is a joint venture between Export Chamberlain Phipps the Department

Officials of the Transport and General Workers' Union and the Amalgamated Union of Engineering Workers representing the 2,600 employees at De Lorean are seeking an urgent meeting with Mr James Prior, Northern Ireland Secretary, to urge further Government support for the company.
John Griffiths writes: Mr John De Lorean returned to-

Agency and De Lorean.

New York yesterday, saying he was still hopeful of securing a week because of cash-flow was still hopeful of securing problems and low sales in the dusther Government help. He built at his meeting on U.S. market. said that at his meeting on Thursday night with Mr Prior, "we didn't ask for any more established in Northern Ireland money. All we asked for was a as a direct result of the De modest restructuring of the

short-term fortunes depend on wants about £35m in export finance guarantees from the Guarantee Credits

London and Manchester resigns from LOA

ANOTHER life company, Manchester. London and Manchester Assur. . But while London and Manance, yesterday announced its resignation from the Life Offices Association. This brings situation has remained. to six the number of life com-

London and Manchester left because, like the other com-panies that resigned, it wished te pay higher commission to intermediaries than allowed under the LOA's sliding scale. But the reasons for London and Manchester's decision are somewhat more complex than with the other companies.

for the operations of Welfare Insurance, a life company that had run into financial difficulties. This move was encouraged Accordingly, the company re-by both the Department of viewed its whole position and trade and the LOA. In 1976 decided that its strategy could Welfare became a wholly best be achieved outside the owned subsidiary of London and association.

thester was a member of the LOA. Welfare was not and this Last April the LOA asked panies that have walked out of London and Manchester to give the association in just over 18 a more definite commitment to bringing the commission struc-

ture of Welfare into line with the LOA scale so Welfare could be admitted to the association. Discussions have continued Meanwhile, London and Man-

chester has been reviewing its future development and has adopted a marketing strategy aimed at expanding its unitlinked business through the pro-fessional intermediary market. In 1974, London and Man-fessional intermediary market. chester assumed responsibility In this respect it felt the LOA commission scale was not suffiinterest of the intermediary.

Marconi to shed further **120** jobs

By Mark Webster THREE BRITISH companies yesterday announced redun-dancies because of falling

Marconi, part of the GEC electrical group, said 120 jobs would be lost at its specialised components factory at Hack-

bridge, Surrey.
Orders had heen falling over the past five years and another GEC company, Salford Electrical Instruments in Manchester, would take over the work it said. On Wednesday, Marconi an-nounced that 750 workers at

its Chelmsford and Gateshead plants would lose their jobs because the Ministry of De-fence had cancelled the Marconi contract for the Sea-wolf missile radar system.

E. Fogarty, which manufac-tures bousehold textiles and processes feather, down and man-made fibre fillings, said it was shutting two of the gronp's smaller factories at East Kilbride in Scotland and

loss of 230 jobs.

The group said the closures were part of a continuing effort to cut costs because of disappointing sales in the last quarter of last year. Profits for last year are likely to be slightly less than for 1980 when they reached £1.55m on sales of £34.1m.

E. Fogarty expects the redundancies, which amount to 15 per cent of the total workforce, to be reflected in this year's financial performance. Smiths Industries, manu-

facturers of aerospace, vehicle and marine equipment said 200 jobs would go in Witney, Oxfordshire.

The company said there had been a temporary inter-ruption in its deliveries of heaters to Talbot vehicle manufacturers. It also said there had been a delay in introducing new work prac-tices in the Witney plant such

as greater flexibility of labour and pay structure.
Our Belfast Correspondent writes: Harland and Wolff, the state-owned Belfast ship-yard, is to put 900 of its 7,000 employees on short-time working from next month. Those affected, mainly in the engineering section, will go on a four-day week because of continuing lack of orders. Dr Vivian Wadsworth, the Harland and Wolff chairman, recently warned that up to 1,000 shippard jobs could be

found seen. James Mackie and Sons, the Belfast textile engineering company, is expected to announce 300 redundancies next week because of reduced export demand. These job losses will be in addition to 600 announced in the autumn and will bring the labour force to about 1,500.

lost if new work weren ot

BSC silent on Redpath jobs threat

By Maurice Samuelson BRITISH STEEL remained silent yesterday about the possibility of further job cuts at Redpath Dorman Long, its heavy engineering subsidiary, which may be soid to the Trafalgar House group. RDL'S workforce bas already

been slashed from more than 6,000 to 3,200 in recent years and Trafalgar says it would only take on 2,600 employees. It has also called for the closure of one of RDL's eight engineering works. On Wednesday, Mr Erie Parker, a Trafalgar director, said a decision to purchase RDL also depended on its net

at £10m. . Last year RDL, a. whellyowned BSC subsidiary, cut its losses to £7m from £16m after interest the previous year.

Another £940m needed for NCB

Prior calls for balanced economic strategy

the the Agriculture Minister, and to bear in mind was that at

BY MARTIN DICKSON, ENERGY CORRESPONDENT

Northern Ireland Secretary, more recently taken up by Mr yesterday set the tone of the Patrick Jenkin, the new

Law Commission probe

BY JOHN HUNT, PARLIAMENTARY CORRESPONDENT

into consumer protection

THE LAW COMMISSION will failed to get a second reading.

Industry Secretary.

Parliament for powers to give the financially - troubled National Coal Board up to £940m in grants over the next

two years.

The move—part of a new Coal Industry Bill published yesterday - underlines the severe impact of the recession on the NCB's sales, the grim marketing outlook it faces over the next few years and the beavy financial burden of its most unprofitable pits.

The Bill, which also raises the NCB's borrowing limit from £4.2bn to £4.5bn, is the price the Government has to pay for its backdown from a confrontation with the miners over pit

closures last year. The miners threatened a

MR JAMES PRIOR

argumeots the "wets" will be

using in next week's special Cabinet meeting on the economy with a call for a "balanced and practical" approach to Britain's economic

Using the usual heavy code

Tories use to communicate with

each other in public, he urged

He appealed to them to bear

economie judgment,

in mind the overriding public concern about unemployment.

must go hand in band with

In a speech in his Lowestoft constituency, Mr Prior also

backed the need for an indus-

trial strategy of the kind long-advocated by Mr Peter Walker,

investigate how to strengthen

the law to give consumers

greater protection in the provi-sion of services. Mrs Sally

Oppenheim, Minister for Con-

sumer Affairs, announced

She was speaking in the

Commons as MPs gave a second

reading to a Private Member's

Bill which, for the first time, spelt ont consumers' rights to have services provided with rea-

sonable skill and care, within

reasonable time and at reason-

able cost. The Bill now stands

a good chance of eventually

MPs supporting the measure, presented by Mr Fred Willey

(Lab, Sunderland North), were

mechanics, plumbers and small

builders. Another Private Member's Bill, by Gwilyn Roberts (Lab. Cannock), seek-

ing more accurate descriptions

of property by estate agents,

particularly concerned at com-

yesterday.

sound political judgment.

his colleagues to support measures to strengthen Britain's

THE GOVERNMENT is asking national stoppage last February Parliament for powers to give when the NCB announced plans the financially - troubled for the premature closure of

some 20 loss-making pits.
To avert a strike, the Government agreed to give the NCB additional aid to keep the pits open. The board's external financing limit—the amount it can borrow—was raised for 1981-82 by £231m to £1.1bn and its deficit grant for the year-the subsidy needed for it to break even—went up from £150m to £460m.

The sums involved meant that the Government would be exceeding its statutory limits on ald to the NCB-making a new

Coal Bill necessary.

Under existing legislation—introduced by the present Government in April 1980—the

Mr Prior and other "wets" in the Cabinet will probably

argue next week for expan-

sicoary measures of between

£2bn and £3bn, involving some

capital spending projects and additional spending on bousing.

Prior did not go into details of what he wanted but concen-

trated on the kind of attitude

the Government should be

adopting at this crucial stage of

its life.
The "structural problems"

facing Britain — such as in-efficient use of capacity and an

inadequately-skilled workforce—all called for a "balanced approach" by the Government,

with particular attention being

What the Government bad

given to the needs of industry.

But Mr Reginald Eyre, Under-Secretary for Trade, indicated that the Government was pre-

pared to look into this and

introduce further legislation if

necessary. Mr Eyre said that the Estate Agents Act 1979 should help raise standards.

But Mrs Oppenheim would cer-tainly consider whether there

was any need for further government action and the best

vehicle for such action.

Speaking on Mr Willey's
Supply of Goods and Services

Bill, Mrs Oppenbelm said more

and more people were turning to the "little man round the

corner" to do cheap building,

plumbing and other service jobs

"disastrous" and recourse was

very difficult. Coosumers ahould

be warned that cheap could turn

There was ample evidence of

out to be very dear indeed.

unscrupulous individuals

for cash.

Some of

people being

In his speech last night, Mr

£590m in Government deficit grants between 1979-80 and

grant limit of £1bn for the years 1979-80 to 1983-84 thus covering five years instead of fourand this could be raised to £1.75bn by Parliamentary order. Government grants to the industry in the three years to March will total £809m, leaving £941m out of the £1.75bn total for possible distribution in 1982-83 and 1983-84. It is far from certain that the

the end of the day beating inflation and tackling unem-

ployment depended on a sound

It was right that people

should be so concerned to

tackle "these twin economic

evils." The Government's future depended on establishing a good, underlying structure for

He said: "We shall risk playing Box and Cox with infla-

tion and unemployment for

many years yet if we do not

focus on the deeper problems

which in fact, generate both of

Mr Prior rejected the argu-

ments of those calling for a

really big dose of reflation. It

was no use simply trying to

reduce unemployment by pump-

ing massive sums of money

the Court of Appeal yesterday

tenants under the Government's

Lord Denning, Master of the Rolls, who was told that a letter

from Mr Heseltine warning of

"personal consequences" was taken by councillors as a hint

that they might be surcharged

personally, said: "It looks like a

Last month the High Court

rejected the council's claim that

Mr Heseltine acted unreason-

to take over sales after com-

plaints of delay from tenants

Opening the appeal yesterday

Mr Nigel McLeod, QC, for the

council, told Lord Denning and

Lord Justices Kerr and May that

Mr Heseltine's power to inter-vene was conferred by the 1980

A major issue in the case in-

and unawilly in deciding

big stick to me, though."

wanting to buy.

Right to buy" campaign.

indiscriminately into

industrial base.

the economy.

NCB can receive a maximum of less the NCB again tries to accelerate its pit closure programme.

The board's continued heavy reliance on Government is a far cry from the 1980 Coal Bill which envisaged the NCB break-ing even without Government subsidies in 1983-84. The Energy Department is no longer making predictions about a break-even date.

The department delayed pub lication of the coal Bill until after the miners pay ballot this 1982-83 and 1983-84.

It is far from certain that the Government will disburse such buge sums, but private analysts believe that grants of at least several hundred million pounds are likely to be necessary in each of the next few years unsuch face cash-flow problems.

"simply proclaiming that the only solution to inflation is to

set oneself flint-faced against

any request for extra spend-

There was no single way of

"In some industries labour

relations and skill shortages

might be foremost. In others it may be certain costs which

pose the main problem, or it

may be the need for extra

investment. Or the sheer urgency of the need for a pick-

up in orders if vital and basi-

in the selling process.

The council said this was

improper because the district

valuer had to arbitrate between

tine's accusation that it has "dragged its heels" over house sales, and says it is doing

its best to clear a backlog of

Mr Heseltine has said he wants the backlog cleared by

mid-February. The council says

Lord Denning said the Secre-

it can clear it by June, except

tary of State bad "very strong

powers" to take over a council's

The hearing resumes on

for some difficult cases.

homes sales machinery.

helping industry. Different situations required different

solutions.

Norwich council appeals

against Heseltine powers

NORWICH CITY Council, asked volved the district valuer's part

to ban Mr Michael Heseltine, the Heseltine bad suggested the

Environment Secretary, from valuer could be called in by the

taking over the selfe of its coun-cil houses to speed sales to and so speed disposal of

property.

Rubik Cube wrangle resumes in **High Court**

By Our Consumer Affairs Correspondent

A LEGAL wrangle over distri-bation rights to the Rubik Cube, Britain's most popular toy, resumes in the High Court in London on Monday. Last year the Ideal Toy Com-

pany got an injunction prevent-ing Dallas Print Transfers from selling a toy similar to Ideal's Rubik Cube. Dallas Print Transfers says

the principle on which the toy is based was established in the 1950s and Ideal Toys bas no special copyright on the revolv-ing cube developed in Hungary a few years ago.

Ideal, however, says the design is based on that developed by the Hungarian State toy company and is protected by

Dallas Print Transfers alleges the injunction has cost it £1m in potential sales.

Health authority cash limits to be raised

THE GOVERNMENT is to raise cash limits for regional health authorities next year, Mr Norman Fowler, Social Services Secretary, announced yesterday.

Revenue expenditure of £8bn would be made available to the authorities—an increase of 1.7 per cent over this year-Mr Fowler said in a written Commons reply. Capital expenditure of £600m will also be made

cally efficient capacity is not going to be lost for good." Annual reviews by the Health Like every other modern Department are to be introduced a to keep a closer check on health authority spending, Mr Fowler government, be said, Britain had to develop "clear stratesaid later. the processes for belp and support

Revival of Britain's spa resorts planned

A MAJOR revival of Britain's nine spa resorts is being planned by the British Tourist Authority.

The authority, which aims to promote the spas as all-year resorts, has produced a brochure in four languages describing the delights of spas at Buxton, Cheltenham, Droitwich, Tun-bridge Wells, Harrogate, Leam-ington, Llandrindod Wells, Malvern, and Woodhall Spa in Lincolnshire.

council and potential buyer if Transatlantic pact dispute arose over the price on legal database The council denies Mr Hesel-

WESTLAW, the U.S. legal research service of West Publishing, Minnesota, and EUROLEX, UK-based system of International Thomson make available to their respective subscribers the other's fulltext legal database.

For subscribers to both services this will mean having access to the most comprehensive range of computerised legal materials ever to be available.

Ban on shooting wildfowl lifted

THE BAN on shooting wildfowl, imposed before Christmas because of the increased danger to wildlife from the harsh winter, was lifted at midnight improvement in the weather.

The anoouncement was made yesterday by Environment Secretary, Mr Michael Heseltine, in a written reply to a Commons question from Mr John Farr (Con, Harborough), chairman of the British Shooting Sports Council,

Co-op plans £1m store for Wisbech

PETERBOROUGH Co-operative Society has submitted plans for a £1m super store on four acres of land at Wisbech, Cambridgeshire. The development would create 75 new jobs, most of them for school-leavers and unemployed young people, said the society.

Royal Bank in talks on Invergordon THE Royal Bank of Scotland is

involved in talks on proposals to reopen the Invergordon smelter in the Scottish Highlands. closed by British Aluminium 23 days ago. Officials of the bank con-

firmed there had been contacts with the Highlands and Islands Development Board, the government industrial promotion agency which is leading the search for a buyer for the smelter.

It is thought the bank might lend to a holding company formed as an interim measure to buy the plant until a long-term purchaser is found.

Antiquarian book companies link up PICKERING & CHATTO, the

London antiquarian bookseller chaired by Sir William Rees-Mogg, former editor of The Times, is to combine its business with Dawson of Pall Mall. Pickering and Chatto will move into Dawson's premises, an antiquarian bookshop specialising in science, medicine, economies and travel, at the end of March. The combined busi-ness will trade under the Pickeriog and Chatto name.

Sale of St George's Hospital site cleared

tricked by Housing Act.

BY JOHN HUNT, PARLIAMENTARY CORRESPONDENT

freelance

cleared the way for the sale redevelop.

Geoffrey Finsherg, Under-used as a hospital. Secretary for Health and This proposal for one of Social Security, led to angry London's most desirable prime Commons protests from Labour

Half the site was acquired originally from the Duke of Westminster in 1767 and used asset valuation, which be put as a bospital at a peppercorn rent. The present duke, the largest private landowner in

GOVERNMENT has estate trustees.

Under the original covenant of the St George's Hospital site the estate can now exercise its at Hyde Park Corner, London, pre-emption right to buy back which the Grosvenor Estate its half for £23,700, a sum fixed wishes to restore and partly in 1906, because the historic building with its William The announcement, by Mr Wilkins facade has ceased to be

sites angered Labour MPs. They say it should continue as a hospital.
Mr Finsberg told the Com-

mons that on legal advice his department concluded the only course open was to offer baif the site back to the Grosvenor London, is chairman of the Estate under the covenant of the national interest."

obtainable.

speaks on bealth for the Labour

She condemned the decision of hand back "a priceless to hand back asset" to one of the richest estates in Britain "without so much as a murmur in defence

Mrs Gwyneth Dunwoody, who

one of the most lucrative com-mercial development areas of another government depart-

terms. It had been decided the Last year the Grosvenor entire site be disposed of at Estate applied to Westminster the best commercial price Council to develop the building

Party, said the building was in any capital city. It should be used for the nation, either by the National Health Service or

sent back.

as an exhibition centre, with an office block in Crown Cresceot. This application was However, approval was later

given in principle to a plan to restore the 100,000 sq ft building, to be occupied by the Location of Industry Bureau, at a cost of £8m. The office-building proposal was scaled down from 200,000 sq ft to 135,000 sq ft.

The plans have been submitted to the Greater London Council for historic building consent and for office development consent.

Three decisions facing the Government on telecom development

John Elliott and Guy de Jonquieres report on

THE COVERNMENT will be vated pantly by a political disfaced during the next few like of state ownership. They weeks with three decisions also want to improve efficiency which could have a far reaching and competitiveness by injectshipset on UK telecommunica- ing private sector pressures into tions development in the next nationalised industries, and

First, ministers are to decide whether to prepare plans for selling off shares in British Telecom to the private sector. Eventually this could raise perhaps 12tm for the Exchequer.

Secondly, Mr Patrick Jenkin, Industry Secretary, is to be asked to intervene in a dispute which has blocked the start of a new independent telecommunications system, code named. Mercury. This project would compete directly with British

Thindly, negotiations are likely to be finalised soon between the department and BT on terms for issuing a "Buzby" Bond which would be used to Cabinet backing. raise perhaps £150m to £200m capital investment funds from the prevate sector.

much of the public sector as the funds it would raise.

unlikely that British Telecom intervene in the Mercury promain stumbling block is over institutional possible. In would be modelled on last could be put on the market ject also stems from a fear their request that Mercury be vest.

raise funds for the Exchequer while curbing public spending.

The idea of selling off part of British Telecom, in addition to liberalising its operations, has been considered informally since well before Mr Jenkin succeeded Sir Keith Joseph as Industry Secretary. Now Mr Jenkin is reviewing the possibility as part of an appraisal of all his department's policies which he initiated just before Christmas.

Within the next few weeks, after Mr Kenneth Baker, Industry Minister with responsibility for infermation technology, has returned from a foreign trip, Mr Jenkin will-decide whether to seek

It seems likely that he will seek and gain this approval. A sale would attract immediate political support throughout All three decisions are intricately bound up with the Govthe Conservative Party and
crument's wish to privatise as please the Treasury because of

issues bound up with privatisation plans year's disposal of about half before the election unless among companies involved—the Government's holdings in Ministers decide to give it top Cable and Wireless, BP and British Aerospace and Cable and priority and horrify their civil Barclays Bank—about the

Wireless, But it would be far more complex because of BT's monopoly position in many areas which will continue for at least three years, in spite of liberalisation moves. It would need detailed legislation which would be fought bard in Par-lisment by the Labour lisment

With a general election due by May 1984, Parliamentary time is running short for such a big and controversial measure. There are also other prior state industry candidates, including part of the British National Oil Corporation and British Gas. Another complication is that there would be few buyers for shares in the if Labour was threatening to renationalise with little, if any, compensation.

For all these reasons, it is

servants by ordering a Bill by timing of a general election.

so the measure was ready for the Conservative election the manifesto. creation of a regulatory body, siong the lines of the U.S.

Federal Communications Com- years to build the £50m project, mission, to oversee the which would consist of a 700to oversee monopoly have already been mile fibre optics loop laid alongconsidered by the Industry side British Rail tracks.

Department. This ties in with The companies had boped parties about an allied issue- October. modernising long-standing Tele-

graph Acts. Pressure for Mr Jenkin to meet with British Telecom. The

this summer.

Preparatory work, however, could go ahead as soon as Cablnet backing was obtained

They believe that if the project is not operating by the election, it could easily be cancelled by a Government

inclined to restore British

Telecom's monopoly. They say that this means nanifesto.

Allied subjects like the official approval is requiredrestion of a regulatory body, within the next few weeks. It would probably take about two

ideas for overseeing the that the Industry Department liberalisation programme which would issue a licence for the have run into opposition from project soon after the Govern-Ministers who dislike creating ment's programme to liberalise quangos. Consultations have the telecommunications indusfinal year before an election also started with interested try came into effect last

But they have been unable to reach a satisfactory arrangeallowed its own international A prospectus for the bond "gateway" and the right to would say that British Telecom

boping to exploit. British Telecom has recently moved aggresively to accelerate cent is possible, with the Govits network modernisation programme and bas announced plans for several premium ser-

linked with Satellite Business Systems in the U.S. The negotiations on British Telecom's bond have reached a final stage after more than a year of political infighting in-volving Whitehall and the in-

dustry. The Treasury now apparently accepts that all its worries have been sorted out apart from the freedom that British Telecom would have to raise its prices -an issue that will affect City institutions' willingness to in-

interconnect with British Tele- had discretion to raise tariffs com's own domestic network, by the "amount of the retail Mercury's backers are con- price index minus x." The size cerned that if the project is of "x" is now being negotiated delayed much longer, British between the Industry Depart-Telecom will have corpered a ment, which wants it to be 5 large part of the market for per cent, and British Telecom advanced business comunica-tions services which they are but is believed to be negotiating from 1 per cent. A compromise around 2 per

ernment recouping some of its lost ground by continuing to issue existing performance aims vices. These include a satellite which say that British Telecom communications service, due to should reduce its real m start in 1984, which will be by 5 per cent a year. should reduce its real unit costs

If no last-minute snags emerge, agreement should be reached in the near future. A prospectus would then be prepared for raising £150m to £200m in either one or two tranches, starting late this vear.

Some of this money would be allowed in addition to British Telecom's £340m external financing limit for 1982-83 and would. the Government hopes, invigorate the corporation by exposing at least part of its finances to private sector rigours.

BY IVO DAWNAY, LABOUR STAFF

subsidiary, spread yesterday when 3,600 workers at the company's Bathgate plant near Glasgow obeyed a union call to

The stoppage follows a strike by 8.500 manual and clerical workers at the Leyland and Chorley plants in Lancashire. They walked out on Thursday in protest against the company's reorganisation plan, which includes loss of 4,100 jobs.

It remains unclear whether normal working will continue at the Albion hus and truck axle plant in Glaszow, where shop stewards representing the 1.800 workers meet on Monday. The company claims that Albion is unlikely to be affected. But Mr Jim Maclean, senior convenor at the plant. said resterday that he believed the workers would back their colleagues with strike action. Normal working is expected to

STRIKE at Leyland stems from an announcement by Vehicles, EL's truck and bus the company last November that further rationalisation and joh cuts were needed to keep it

> Leyland'a truck and manufacturing operations lost despite 10,000 redundancies

Under the new plan, Leyland intends to axe 140 jobs at Alhion and 1.855 at the Lancashire plants, with the beaviest

the plan was endorsed by workers at a series of shopfloor

warned the Lancashire workers that there was " no alternative

too, after a vote by the 740 orkers last month to accept "and at worst make the company The Leyland Vehicles strike inevitable." workers last month to accept

Union leaders urged to retain links with NEDC

BY JOHN LLOYD, LABOUR CORRESPONDENT

and General Workers, to com-mit the TUC to withdraw from the Council.

A TGWU document arguing for withdrawal will be dis-cussed by the TUC general

expected to oppose the proposal on the grounds that the council's industry economic development committees and sector working parties are of growing value.

These Union officials believe that the industry representatives on the working parties are taking an incressingly anti-Government line on certain

They also see the NEDC as a valuable source of information for unions with relatively sopbisticated research depart-

unions, meeting at the TUC this nology. week, agreed to continue particonference next month.

Mr David Warhurton, the parties

£47m in the first balf of 1981 since 1979.

blow of 1,365 redundancies at Bathgate, where tractor productions due to halt shortly. The unions' decision to resist

meetings. However, tractor workers at Bathgate last week opposed a mass meeting which voted to occupy their plant. Earlier this week management

to reorganisation. continue at Guy Mictors, Ley-land Vehicles' heavy truck the company said that industrial assembly plant in Welverhamption of a more "radical" plan,

PRESSURE is mounting on the Transport and General union leaders to retain their Workers Union, said yesterday links through the National the special conference would Economic Development Council with companies and the Governreview the unions' involvement but would be likely to continue membership. ment-despite a move by the biggest union, the Transport Mr Reger Lyons, the national coergy officer of the Association

of Scientific Technical and Managerial Staffs, said that chemical employers and unions had united in an attack on Mr Patrick Jenkin, the Industry council on Wednesday.
But several major unions are Secretary, at the chemicals development committee in Decem-

Mr Tim Webb, the ASTMS national officer for the electronics industry, said yesterday: "Two years ago I was in favour of leaving the NEDC because of the anti-union speeches being made by members of the Government. But we decided to stay in and we should commune that The politics haven't decision. changed."

Mr Webb, who is chairman of a NEDC sub committee on manpower planning in the electronics industry, is also a mem-her of the high level IT 82 com-Officials of chemical industry mittee on information tech-

One proposal which may be cipation in the chemicals mooted on Wednesday is for the economic development commit- TUC to refuse to participate in tee but to review the sector the monthly NEDC meetings. working parties at a special but to retain union involvement in the economic development notional chemicals officer for committees and sector working

Nalgo to seek substantial increase for lower-paid

BY BRIAN GROOM, LABOUR STAFF

UNION LEADERS of local The settlement date is July 1. authority white-collar workers are praparing demands which may lead to industrial action in defence of jobs or in an effort to match the likely 6.3 per cent to 7.8 per cent pay deal of manual workers.

Government Officers Association said yesterday it would seek rises to maintain living standards fof its 500,00 white collar members in local govern-ment, and a "substantial increase" in salaries of the lower-

On Friday Naigo delegates are to vote at a national conference on a recommendation that strong industrial action must be concentrated in authorities which declare compulsory re-

The union's claim is based on a TUC's local government committee recommendation for a common core to all claims. The claim also seeks a 35-hour working-week. At present the working-week is 36 hours in London and 37 hours else-

Naigo, the largest local government white-collar union, will put its claim to other unions on Wednesday. If agreed it will be submitted to employers on the same day. Square.

recently-appointed national officer for local government, said many members felt the local government policies of Mr Michael Heseltine, Environment Secretary, meant there was no guarantee of job security. There was therefore nothing to lose in fighting for a satisfactory pay

It will be difficult to match the £4.60 flat-rate offer made to the manual workers, achieved on the casting-vote of the employers' Labour chairman.

The third manual workers' union, the National Union of Public Employees, said yesterday its members had fallen in line with the other two unions. It bad accepted the offer aithough by only 188,994 votes to 167.317.

Mr Ron Keating, Nupe assistant general secretary, said the closeness of tha vote indicated tha unions should pursue a vigorous pay cam-paign in other public-service negotiations, as well as in next year's talks for local government manual workers.

• The Royal College of Nursing'a pay campaign culminates today with a rally in Trafalgar

Acas called in over Dunlop factory dispute in Wales

BY ROBIN REEVES. WELSH CORRESPONDENT

THE GOVERNMENT concillation service, Acas, bas been called in to try to resolve the conflict over the planned closure — with 600 redun-dancies—of Dunlep's Semtex floor coverings factory at Brynmawr, South Wales.

About 450 workers who have been occupying the factory since before Christmas this week defied a company ultimatum to quit the site or lose all severance payments.

Acas intervention inconclusive talks

••

hetween Dunlop management, led by Mr Vin Moore, the group's personnel director, and Mr George Wright, the Transport and General Workers' Union'a Welsh secre-

A meeting is being arranged at the Acas offices in Cardiff on Monday. The workers occupying the factory were originally seeking withdrawal of 60 redundancies and guarantees of further investment to secure the Brynmawr site's long-term future.

the bald eagle?

LONDON ONLOOKER

Chancellor αf Exchequer abould start writing his Budget speech right away. His colleagues and central bankers across Europe have been second guessing the U.S. money supply figures and seem to have concluded that, bowever freakishly high the last instal-ment looked, the graph really should be beaded downwards.

How else can markets account for the gentle but sustained nudge downwards this week in European interest rates? The Bank of England was in the thick of the persistent cut in short term rates which, by the end of the week, bad persuaded the clearing banks to start slicing another half point off base.

In this environment Government securities bad nowhere to go but upwards. The Government Brokers issued an indexlinked long tap yesterday, and is thought to have sold well over £ibn of stock over the past week. The rise lonks very well supported, too. Buyers bave heen solidly iostitutional and the advance has persisted almost every day.

The bloom in gilt-edged is as infectious as ever. Equities bave ended the account with a flourish, putting on a 35.8 noint rise over the fortnight to leave the FT Industrial Securities Index at 567.2. The next account lasts for three weeks and should start at a canter. Industry's borrowing costs are falling, profits from many major industrial companies are rising again and Britain's wage inflation, relative to its compe-

titors, is seasing. It all adds up

to a pleasingly benign budget. Yet the City, like Whitehall,

knows that much can change between now and March 9.

Tate recovers

F.T. Govt. Secs. Index

F.T. Ind. Ord. Index

Angle American Gold

Associated Comms. A

British & Commonwealth

Cadbury Schweppes

Grand Metropolitan

Leeds & District Dyers

London & Provincial Tst.

Land Securities

Mercantile House

Newmark (Louis)

Pritchard Services

Trafalgar House

Barratt Devs.

Kwik-Fit

costs. Tate & Lyle believes it But the effect on its balance

bas found firm ground. The dividend bas been raised in part restoration of the cut in 1979 and pre-tax profits for the year to end-September have been lifted from £30.7m to

The plus points were cane sugar production and refining where profits before tax and interest climbed by over £7m to £24.5m. The 'Mr Cube' group believes that it can now compete successfully at present demand levels having achieved a reasonable balance between demand and supply. That balance has only been won after a substantial sbutdown on Merseyside but T & L has finally attained what it sees as a

healthier business mir. The agribusiness bas trimmed the best part of it searlier £7.6m trading loss and the deficit on cereal sweeteners and starches was halved to about £600,000.

And yet, T & L remains a substantial comodity trader and the going got markedly rougher last year. Profits from the vertically integrated molasses operation slipped by over £4m to £10.6m and profits from sugar trading were sharply down at £9.6m against £16.8m. In turnover terms, at least, commodity trading retains its disproportionate effect on the whole group, rising from £486.3m fo £1.15bn from a total of £2.19bn, and customere defaults have

The profit improvement and stringent work on the balance sheet leave Tate & Lyle only 33 per cent geared. Another year of consolidation is on the cards but the new management may be given its bead in the not-toodistant future because a series of "deliberate and well-con-sidered moves" is now said to be under consideration. The City will be waiting, with not a little interest, to see what the sugar group does next.

THF setback

Change

on week

+ 1.78

+35.6

+11

+18

+ 9

+18

+ 9

+10

+22

+12

+30

+38

-100

+16

+22

+11

-12

+23

December September June

quarter quarter

MARKET HIGHLIGHTS OF THE WEEK

Price

y'day

64.15

567.2

£32}

78

237

196

41

59

309

87

169

440

210

194

274

108

435

173

Trust House Forte launched one of the first big, post-After more than three years summer rights issues when it of contraction and heavy closure raised £87m last September.

1981-82

70.61

597.3

78

237

100

727

61

352

87

169

525

375

197

286

108

537

216

High

1981-82

Low

60.17

446.0

CJ3}

39

104

66

138

16

47

252

43

280

210

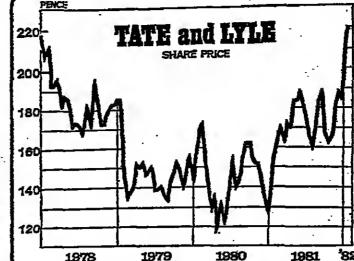
1111

160

75

380

129



results it ruled off at the end

1978

The rights issue document promised a maintained trading surplus and the big hotels group has made just that. Operating profits come out at £105m against £101m. The size of the depreciation charge and the interest bill to be deducted from the trading surphis, bow-ever, were never outlined and the City was left to guess what a high level of capital spending and beavy gearing would mean for pre-tax profits. Best estimates suggested that THF. would make about £55m.

As it is, THF is down 21 per cent at the pre-tax level at £52.3m while depreciation is almost £7m higher at £25.8m and the interest charge has soared over £10m to £26.8m.

The rights issue proceeds are now in the bank and the group had net cash of £35m at the year end. Loan capital amounted to £203m and sharebolders' funds

stood at £544m. That looks fairly comfortable but THF retains its expansionary ambitions. The executive chairman, soon to be ennobled, Sir Charles Forte, has been giving little away when questioned about Havoy Hoters. THF's £67m bid failed last summer, despite the support provided during the offer by the Kuwait Investment Office, but Sir Charles can still count on 39 per cent of the equity. Servicing the debt undertaken to buy all those shares has cost THF £2m and will probably account for £5m of the group's

Broad demand/int. rate cuts

Heavy Continental selling

Rationalisation proposals

Lower interest rates

Revival in shippings

Persistent support

Lower interest rates

Gas-drilling venture

Recovery hopes

Persistent buying/thin market

Counter-bld from Heron Corp. .

O'seas earnings considerations

Inv. Intelligence acquires stake

Wandsworth dezning contract

Express de-merger approved

Ahead of int. due Monday

Poor interim statement

figs. due Feh. 2

Broker's circular

Strong demand

operating surplus this year. At least the trading position

sheet has had little effect on the has brightened a little since the financial year end. Occupancy rates in THF's 184 provincial hotels dropped eight points to 61 per cent last time but Sir Charles has seen some improvement in November and Decem-

> And January, too, looks better. The sight of bedraggled knots of the City's customary commuters, suitcases at their feet, hailing cabs to Central London's hotel areas in the last comple of weeks must have widened the smile on the face of the hotels group. Whatever bankers, brokers and insurance people get up to when left alone in the Capital midweek, there is a good chance that many of will be staying at THF's London botels. There is always a silver

MFT's white-out

Arthur Section, chairman of MFI, doesn't have cosy dreams of a white Christmas—nightmares, perhaps. This week be was able to report an impressive set of figures for the half-year to the end of November. But in the same breath he sounded

warnings for the second half. Market bopes that MFI might make around £141m pre-tax this year have disappeared under a blanket of snow. The knock-down furniture group may now have to struggla to make last year's second half profit of 16.8m—a very different story from the first half when profits bounced up 43 per cent to The interim profits rise is all

the more impressive for being achieved from sales nearly 6 per cent lower than the same period last year. MFI has taken the hatchet to overhead costs and net margins are almost three points up at 8.4 per cent. Energy bills bave been cut by a third and the payroll has been slashed by the equivalent of a quarter of full-time employees. Moreover with some of the com-petition struggling in a sluggish market MFI has been able to give its gross margins a little extra fat. Also the absence of exceptional items relating to the Status Discount acquisition was worth around £750,000 to profits. But then it snowed.

Southon estimates that blizzards have sliced £5m to £6m off sales. The January period is being extended by a further three weeks in the hope that lost ground may be recouped. Yet MFI will do very well if it can pull that much extra custom through the door. The weather aside MFT's stores are getting too large for the product range—one of Status' main weaknesses—and space is being surrendered to concessionnaires like Harris Queensway and Brentford Nylons. Ultimately these could crop up in a large number of

Coke and burgers

NEW YORK

PAUL BETTS

COCA COLA went Hollywood this week, but Wall Street went Washington. The market did not like Coke's \$760m friendly cash and stock deal for Columbia Pictures, but it liked even less the increasingly poli-tical economic rumblings shaking Washington.

For most people in Wall Street, Coke's hid for the Hollywood studio was extrava-gant and not surprisingly Coke's stock, an old favourite in solid portfolios, lost ground. But the goings-on in Washingeven were extravagant.

President went on national television for a performance which would hardly win him an Oscar on Wall Street, or evan a nomination. Without actually saying so, be suggested be was unhappy with the Federal Reserve and its performance in controlling the

money supply. Coming soon after a rising chorus of disgruntled Republicans calling for the resignation of Mr Paul Volcker, the chairman, President Reagan geve the strong impres-sion he would not balf mind a sion he change of leadership at the central bank.

At least that is what Wall Street thought. By Thursday, rumours were flying around the trading floor that Volcker was about to resign. The mood of the market became more and more political in anticipation of President Reagan's State of the Union address next week.

The president has gone to Camp Devid in hiding to put the final touches on his speech. And Wall Street was betting wbether he would after all increase some taxes or postpone the increases which for many republicans are as unsavoury as an old overcooked hamburger.

The speech will unveil Phase Two of the great Reagan recovery programme. And Wall Street is hoping the President will cheer the markets which been battling with mic and financial have economic racertainty.

More than anything else, the recent increases in the narrow weekly money supply measure, now renamed Ml, have both alarmed and confused the market place. They appear to have also confused the Fed. The encouraging news on

consumer price inflation which rose at a very acceptable 8.9 per cent rate last year has had little impact on the market The market's main preoccupation is with the extraordinary bulge in the money supply and

problem. The feats are that the Fed will tighten—and some suggest at already has, although others say it is edopting a wait-and-see attitude because there are many technical reasons why the money bulge may be a

Short term interest rates did firm in the market this week primarily because of these very fears. The broker loan rate went up by half a percentage point to 14.5 per cent and the market is speculating that a prime rate increase is in the

However. banks, with their spreads under pressure, appear reluctant to take what would inevitably become a politically charged move There is also talk in the market of an increase in the Fed's discount rate in the weeks

to come.

The republicans are doing little to help the market and the Fed for that matter. Congressman Jack Kemp, the supply side tax slasher, has been saying the Fed's stingy policies are largely to blame for the country's recession. President Reagan last week suggested the Fed had not been tight enough.

Wall Street also wants to hear what President Reagan will have what President Reagan will have to say about his Bridget in next Tuesday's State of the Union address. The market will be looking for the strongest pos-sible measures to correct the huge budget imbalance—including some stiff tax incremes which the president appears to

be shying away from.
The big New York banks all turned out good fourth quarter figures and respectable year onyear increases. The large computer com-

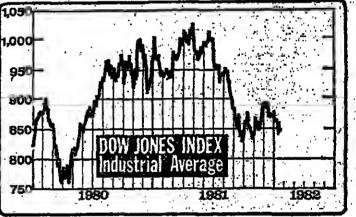
panies had a difficult year and are facing another difficult year. But the smaller computer com-panies did remarkably well in the latest quarter

The car companies, for fieir part, have beld up extremely well considering the state of gloom in Detroit and forecasts of continuing slow car siles in coming months. General Motors, trading at the \$38 to \$39 level and Ford, which omitted paying a quarterly dividend for the first time in its bistory trading at just over \$17, are roughly where they were at the heginning of the year.

The market has been exched by the prospect of a new labour contract settlement between the car companies and the United Auto Workers Union And although a number of hitches got in the way of an early settle-ment this week. Wall Street, believes an agreement will be reached soon to boost the falling fortunes of the two big car

855.12 MONDAY TUESDAY WEDNESDAY THURSDAY

MAN



GOLD MINE NET PROFITS

1	Booos	B000s	R000s	B000s
Blyvooruitzicht	17,453	17,042	17.806	17.457
(1	2.395		2.359	1.871
Buffelsfontein	27,304	26.385		23.944
Deelkraal	4.281		30,071	
Decision of		4,086	3,690	3,694
Doornfontein	16,520	11,620	18,103	14,469
Driefontein	90,217	86,244	92,091	, 77
Durban Deep	8,446	7,950	4,716	4,137
East Daggafontein	183	*24	145	60
Ergo	12,627	16,223	20,390	19,406
East Rand Pty	+8,897	16,780	10,004	8,509
East Transvaal	2,255	1,917	2,423	1,961
Elandsrand	2,065	2,684	4,329	683
FS Geduld	36,932	41,176	37,559	37,662
Grootvlei	6,943	4,792	5,027	4,304
Harmony	24,902	23,107	26,489	28,846
Hartebeest	28,057	27,560	29,442	31,181
Kinross	9,209	10,000	8,137	7,893
Kloof	35,954	31,199	34,862	34,573
Leslie	1,808	3,123	2,886	2,283
Libanon	13,337	11,115	11,452	11,245
Loraine	†2,526	12,454	13,483	+777
Marievale	715	500	537	413
President Brand	27,070	37,259	35,475	33,384
President Steyn	30,041	27,907	28,052	25,395
Randfortein	50,857	31,997	36,339	28,731
St Helena	¶35,645	431,848	16,158	14,625
South African Land	1,990	1,884	1,198	988
Stilfontein	15,084	11,231	11,625	10,202
Unisel	11,981	14,617	13,475	11,654
Vaal Reefs	93,696	75,986	89,986	63,655
Venterspost	3,613	2,449	4,022	3,634
Village Hain	225	348	486	311
Vlakfontein	493	275	426	552
West Rand Consold	†2,541	+51	†938	7440
Western Areas	13,037	13,713	14,007	14,514
Western Deep	61,416	59, 515	54,373	43,613
Western Holdings	±37,625	‡102,524	25,393	28,982
Winkelbaak	13,444	13,907	13,142	13,314

			GOLD	MINE	DIVIDEND	5			
	Dec 1981	June 1981	Dec 1980]une 1980		Dec 1981	June 1981	Dec 1980	jume 1980
Blyvoor	*100	100	*160	185	Marievie	28	•25	65	*55
Buffels	*260	400	•310	430	Randft.	400	• 350	650	*450
Deelkr	nil	nil	5	mîl	†St. Helena	145	_	_	_
D'infont.	*80	200	*135	100	SA Land	25	•15	20	*35
Driefont.		_	_	-	S'thvaal		*160	260	*170
DurbanD	100	+85	- 300	*160	Stilfont.	180	*130	300	*160
E. Dagga	nil	•mil	15	•nii	Vaai Ris.	530	*458	700	*620
ER Prop.	lin	*50	195	+175	Venters.	*135	135	*100	135
Elsburg	13	•13	52	*26	Vlakfont	15	18	•40	nil
Gr tviel	78	*69	112	*92	W. Areas	20	*20	80	*40
Hartebst.	+375	525	+500	725	W. Deep	205	+200	400	*400
Kloof	+120	240	*160	240	W. R. Crs.	10	•5	10	+7.5
Libanon	*80	200	*130	150	Zandpan	*63	89	*84	123

† Previous dividends declared March/Sept

Metal markets in the doldrums

WHAT price gold shares? Or, for that matter, what price gold? Good questions, both, and the uncertain markets have failed to come up with any answer this week. All that can be said is that the shares still pay for their keep and that on supply-demand considerations alone the metal price should embark on a gradual recovery later this year.

As far as investment is concerned, we seem to be in a waitand-see area. But, at least, the bigher profits reported this week by the South African gold mines for the December quarter of last year have made a satisfactory showing.

For one thing, they have been

based on an average metal price of around \$425 per troy ounce— well above the present level of under \$380-and this is about the same as the average received in the September quarter. But because of the weakness of the South African rand against the dollar, the price received by the mines in rands has shown a modest increase

Other factors come into the picture, of course. For example, there has been a continued rise in costs, albeit modest on the latest occasion, and soma falking off in production partly on account of a shorter number of days worked and also because of lower ore grades milled in some cases. But the majority of tha mines have achieved some increase in net profits during the quarter.

The average gold price for 1981 as a whole has fallen to about \$457 per ounce, a far cry from the 1980 boom when it averaged \$614. Still, the 1981 average was the second best on record and well above the \$307 recorded for 1979 and \$193 for

Inevitably, dividends have had to be reduced. It is worth bearing in mind that South African mines, at least, do not tuck money away to reserves except

follows a good one dividends can fall sharply.

Even ao, some better than expected final dividends have been declared this week. Notable among them has been the final of 530 cents (291p) declared by Vaal Beefs which makes a 1981

MINING KENNETH MARSTON

total of 980 cents against 1,320 cents for 1980. This puts the shares of this top class gold and uranium pro-ducer on a yield basis of 18 per

cent. The return makes a fair allowance for any further likely reduction in the dividend for Meanwhile the current weak-ness of the gold price suggests that Vaal Reefs, which benefited from an exceptional sale of uranium in the December quarter, may be in for a sharp fall in profits in the current

quarter along with the rest of the gold mines.
On the base matal front, the South African antimony-produc-ing Consolidated Murchison has further improved its earnings in the December quarter. They bring the 1981 total to R4.61m (£2.62m) compared with R1.48m for 1980, a year in which tha market for antimony collapsed and hrought losses to the company during the second half.

To put it mildly, the antimony market is volatile and forecasting its course is near impossible. Forecasting in cop-

that the present low prices may not last much longer. They are close to, or even below, the cost of production for many mines. Stocks of the to meet planned capital spend- metal are also low and so it is

per is not easy, either, but at

least there is a general feeling

ing. They tend to pay out in generally reckoned that when dividends all the profits avail- the first signs of an improve-able ao that when a poor year ment in demand appear they will touch off re-stocking by consumers and buying by speculators. The result could be a very sharp metal price. sharp advance in the

> when the revival will come about because share prices of top quality base metal issues have sunk to low levels. On the ever gets in at the very bottom of a market or, for that matter, out at its top, potential inves-tors might begin to acquire small parcels of shares on duli days. It is no time to sell.
>
> These views are underlined

The question, of course, is

by Australia's MIM Holdings and America's Asarco. Both are major producers of base metals and the companies hold shares in_each other.

Last year agreement was reached between the two companies whereby Asarco said that that it would reduce its holding in MIM to 44 per cent from 48.9 per cent. In turn, MIM agreed to raise its stake in the U.S. company to 16 per cent from 2 per

would effectively reduce Asarco's stake in MIM to about 37 per cent and thus give MIM greater flexibility in Australian joint ventures; foreign investment guidelines Down-Under require 50 per cent Australian equity in new ventures. MIM completed its side of the

bargain in September and has now announced that it proposes

further to increase the stake in

Completion of the agreement

Asarco to 21 per cent, presum-ably working on the basis that this is the time to buy shares while prices are depressed. By the same token, however, Asarco is not yet keen to carry out its plan to sell part of its MIM shareholding to Australian

Meanwhile potential buyers of MIM may be waiting for the latter's results for the second quarter of the company's finan-cial year to next June to be out of the way. They are due at any time now and will inevitably show a further loss following

that for the previous quarter which was the first loss for 45 years. But MIM is confident that better times are ahead.

INVEST IN 50,000 BETTER TOMORROWS!

50,000 peopla in the United Kingdom suffer from progressively paralysing MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS—the cause and cure of which are still unknown—HELP US BRING THEM RELIEF We need your doubtion to enable us to continue our work for the CARE and WELFARE OR MULTEPLE. SCLEROSIS sufferers and to continue our commitment to find the cause and cure of MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS through MEDICAL



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YOUR SAVINGS AND INVESTMENTS_1

Rosemary Burn gives a warning to mortgage hunters

Don't skim your homework

more more after the day week vast majority of repayments are There is no easy answer to so they get advice on a home loan on Saturday, when both to building societies and qualify for tax relief at the top In order to decide which method insurance brokers are open. The net cost in the first to choose, you should ask your-Anyone getting a mortgage year is low and rises each year self several questions.

examine alternative decreases. methods of repayment available.

of a repayment most gage, more pay no see moregage my me the is nothing in the kitty for the of a specified period. This is

vast majority of repayments are

be prepared for a bagging cissome of the interest of the first people of the interest peopl Under the endowment mort- endowment mortgage?

The effect is equal payments throughout the term of the loan cient use of year money?
providing interest charges, lax If you are now a higher broker.

The problem has increased in particular cases.

The problem has increased in particular cases.

The problem has increased in particular cases.

The interest cost is deducted same. The householder gets from each payment and the full tax relief on the interest of the mortgage part of bank amount of the mortgage out relief on the premiums. There business is referred from standing. In the early years, the is usually a tax-free lump sum standing. In the early years, the is usually a tax-free lump sum standing. In the early years, the is usually a tax-free lump sum standing. In the early years, the is usually a tax-free lump sum standing. In the early years, the is usually a tax-free lump sum standing. payments and life assurance tax may suit you. In contrast to There is no easy answer to used to meet the interest costs. the question which is the hest

money involved in getting an

premlums, is this the most effi-If you are now a higher rate taxpayer or can reasonably expect to be so in the future. then the endowment method the repayment mortgage where most of the tax relief on interest comes in the early years, no such bias exists in the endowment mortgage.
Assuming you reject an

endowment mortgage, do you need a cheaper method nf insurance protection?

All too nften people insure their houses against hurning down but bave no cover to protect them in the more likely case of the breadwinner dying during the life of the mortgage.

When you come to do your sums, remember the value of today's pound will not be the some as its value in the future Your own income and family responsibilities are also likely to chance as is the tax rate, interest rate and relief system,

Don't he misled by the seemiogly scientific tables mortgage repayments waved at you by brokers and mortgage These are calculated on the basis of the current value of the pound and assume interest rates remain upaltered.

Perbaps the best advice is not to look at your morigage as an isolated one-off transaction. Try to get jodependent advice so you can discuss the repayment of your mortgage and the need for life insurance within the general framework of your finaocial position. It would he a pity if the

recent increase in competition among the hanks and building societies for the mortgage market led to people getting a worse deal simply because they were not ready to do a bit of homework.

Amber light from the Bank

extensive advertising campaign market.

that some of its flock may be lending money ostensibly for house purchase, but turning a blind eye when it ends up financing yachts. That is strictly against the rules, saya the Bank, and bas reminded everyone from the Assemblies of God Property Trust to Barclays that they must ensure that the money is used for house purchase or home improvement,

The hig hanks say they always play by the rules, but they cannot vouch for the behaviour of some of the smaller players in the game. Nevertheless, it is clear that the Bank of England is uneasy about the speed of the banks' invasion of the brime loan market and wants to prevent any abuse of the attractive tax relief facilities available to genuine morigage holders.

When the banks first appeared in the market two years ago no ooe took any notice of them. It was assumed that they would disappear at as they move into the lower end

However, the banks have offering morigages for "people-moved from being very much in a hurry" the Bank of Eng-outsiders to the centre of buildlaod has sent a shot across the ing society territory and are bows of the clearing hank believed currently to be making invaders in the home loan 40 per cent of all new home The Bank says it is worried leader, is lending at the rate leader, is lending at the rate of from a month which puts it on a par with one of the big ouse purchase, but turning a building societies like the lind eye when it ends up Abbey National. As a group the banks are lending some \$200m. hanks are lending some £300m a month to around 15,000 home owners. At this rate they could pick up close to 200,000 new

> This is still a far cry from the 5m plus building society borrowers but the ease with which the banks have picked up new customers bas frighteoed many of the amaller building societics which are finding it hard to lend money.

customers a year.

In terms of size the average bank mortgage is still about 50 per cent bigger than the average building society mortgage. Midland Bank, which lent £304m in 1981, says the average size of its loans is £22,000 and National Westminster Bank (1981 mortgage volume £280m) saya the average size of its loans

All the banks note that the average size is falling steadily the slightest hint of a recovery of the market, and several of io lodustrial loao demand and the big banks have given their

ONLY DAYS after the poor old would concentrate on financing managers discretion to lend Midland Bank launched an £150,000 homes. amounts of under £10,000. Initially, many banks were not keep to move so low down the ladder because the smaller

loans were relatively more costly to administer.

The banks ore still less eommitted to the first time buyer market than the building societies but the gap is narrowing. Barclays says 23 per cent of its loans are to first time huyers, which is less than half the building society average. But Brian Pearse, Barclays' retail banking chief, says the number of first time huyers is

The hanks are relying on various tactics to increase their penetration of the market. Lloyda Bank is actively cultivating the life insurance companies who provide a useful corps of new borrowers. Several hanks have linked up with buildera to help provide finance for first time huyers and Barclays Bank has been discussing housing schemes for inner city areas with various local authorities which it sees as "a natural extension" of

the banks existing business. As one senior put it recently, when we moved into this market there was only a 15 per cent overlap with the huilding societies. Today there is an \$5 per : nt overlap and the gap

Wijijam Hall

How to mix a currency cocktail

SHIVERING BRITONS turning their moughts and cheque books towards foreign hulidays this summer would do well to pay some attention to the best way of buying currency.

With sterling now looking fairly strong on the exchange markets, travellers might be well advised to buy in advance the foreign exchange needed for the spell in the sun-and earn interest by depositing the proceeds in one of the foreign currency accounts affered by high street banks. The interest is of course subject to income

If the holidaymaker can manage to negotiate a deposit which matures around his departure date say in six months' time for those planning to depart in July the move may turn out to be doubly profit-

If interest rates fall over the next six months—and there is every sign that the U.S. adminisdollar rates to come down to speed America's recovery from recession—then investors stand French francs, 64 per cent for and Italian interest rates are to gain by locking in a relatively Swiss francs; 9 per cent for partly a sign that their curhigh rate of interest at the out. D. Marks; 141 per cent for rencles are generally weak and

DAVID MARSH looks for the best time to buy your holiday money

set. The money earned will be pesetas, and 194 per cent for enough at least to cover the bill for Bacardi and Cokes at the

swimming pool. National Westminster Bank, the market leader in retail foreign currency banking in the UK, offers six months deposits in a variety of boliday currencies for minimum amounts of £1.000 equivalent.

Those intending to take only a fraction of that amount abroad should not be dissuaded from taking the plunge. One solution would be to open a inint account by pooling resources with similarly-minded friends or relatives.

At the end of this week, tration in particular would like NatWest was offering rates of 134 per cent for six months dollar deposits; 151 per cent for

The dullar interest rate certainly looks attractive compared with those many investors are receiving from sterling deposits in huilding societies or sevenafter all, it might be wise to
day accounts at the hanks. But buy abead and at least be sure it is clearly a lot lower than of the sterling cost of your the rates of 20 per cent or so available on dollar deposits at

times last year during the height

of the U.S. credit squeeze. The lower rates on Swiss pensate for lower inflation in Switzerland and Germany, which

appreciating against sterling nver the next few months-another good reason to buy now. The mouth-wateringly attractive levels of French. Spanish

Water Rates are payable from

payable from the day of

Malta residents

Since retirement I have taken

up residence in Malta. I am

In receipt of dividends from

vouchers are sent in the UK

Inland Revenue and a half of

part nr all nf the retained

tax in Malta.

remitted to Maita?

in England and Wales.

amount is credited to me in

Malta against my liability of

My query is what proportion of the retained amount is

We take it that, although you

are ordinarily resident in Malta, you are not domiciled there;

presumably you are domiciled

Before answering your question,

we must correct your statement that 30 per cent income is de-

docted from your UK dividends

at source. In fact, all UK divi-dends have been paid without

deduction of income tax since April 1973. You will find that your UK dividend warrants

represent the full amount of

each dividend declared, without

any deduction whatsoever. The

money which you receive from

the UK Inland Revenue, there-

fore, is not a tax refund: it is

a payment of tax credit, hyvirtue of paragraph 6(2) of the Malta-UK double taxation

UK-based company shares from

which income tax of 30 per cent is deducted at source. The tax

my claim is refunded to me, and

Authorities take a

such as yours.

tax

may be expected to fall over tha next six months.

Even so, it might still be worth while to huy the currency now and place the proceeds in a lucrative deposit. It is important to remember that boliday currencies -the lira and peseta especially-are prone to rise during the peak summer months by the sheer weight of tourist buying.

If there is a chance that the July rate will not be so cheap buy abead and at least be sure spending money.

NatWest offers the most flexible deal for those seeking fixed term deposits. Midland, for instance, will arrange six month francs and Deutsche Marks com- deposits in foreign currencies only for amounts of a minimum Switzerland and Germany, which \$10,000 — and even so offers may lead to their currencles lower rates than NatWest.

Barclays offers slightly higher. levels of interest for six months (for example, 141 per cent for dollars, 15} per cent for pesetas and 21f per cent for lire). But its minimum amount is £10,000 -beyond the spending limit of the average sun-seeker.



Mr Alasdair Watson, from Nat West's international treasurers' department, describes the general growth of retail foreign currency deposits nver the last year as "staggering," although

However, not many people seem to have been using currency deposits to finance foreign holidays up to now. Mr Watson says that most of the funds placed with NaiWest mainly in the \$5,000 region and upwards-have heen deposited as investments rather than for use in foreign travel,

But be makes the point that invesiors, who have bad access to the accounts only since the ending of exchange controls in October 1979, are learning all the time about the best way of using them.

Cut-price mortgage offer your house? Before everyone rushes tn FPS (Management)

it is now tailing off.

£12,015 on a mortgage of

WOULD YOU like to save up to £53,720. The dire alternative of at Covent Gardeo, that the savone-third of the cost of buying not learning about this scheme ing was achieved by rapaying

money. Lid, the insurance advisers and The leaflet provides few clues general finance agency, which is making the offer . . . read on. For FPS's recent leaflet cam-paign which holds out the

prospect of sizeable savings for hose burdened with mortgage repayments is simply another method of selling insurance. Mr Marc Boleat, deputy secretary geoeral of the Building Societies Association, said: "I am far from happy about this sort of practice." He described the leaset as "misleading." Any-

one worried about the cost of mortgage should "first contact helr building society," he says. In the leaflet FPS says " li is of vital importance for you to iearn about mortgage cost reduction" which it describes as " a genuine opportunity." FPS claims in be able to save you

about how this saving will be achieved, . Readers are assured forward metbod based on reducing the mial cost of bnuse Durchase by up to one-third-based on specialist computer accountlng advice."

In case you are wondering why this wonderful scheme has remained secret for so long. FPS has the answer "... only a small number of people in the country are specialists in this field and have only introduced favoured clients to its tremendous benefits." As mortgages are individual and need individual assessment " FPS argues " mass publicity " would be pointless."

Intrigued, I rang FPS nnly to learn from Mr Michael Chadwick, senior hanch manager

"to waste £12,015 of your the mortgage early. Hardly a novel idea. "We endeavour to belp

people repay early" says Chadwick. How is this done? Chadwick explains that hy saving monthly through an insurance scheme a tax free capital sum sufficient to pay off the mortgage can he accumulated in say n years. By regularly saving about £42 a month, Chadwick estimptes the customer will net

£9,000 after ten years. So the brand new scheme bolls down to the simple fact that it is cheaper in money terms to repay your mortgage early and if you can afford to save a monthly sum, then you will have more money with which to pay off your mortgage. The whole exercise takes nn account of inflation, interest rates or me change in house

How an investment of \$1000 in Perpetual Group Growth Fund, which includes re-

invested income, compares

indices (which exclude re-

invested iocoure) adjusted

Lannch on ttili September

(ignoring dollar premium).

1974 to 7th January 1982

for changes in exchange rates to sterling for the period since

£2650 £2487

1. Perpetual Group Growth Fund.

2. Tolayo Dow Jones.

3. Ali Ordinaries index

4. F.T. Ordinary Index.

5. Dow.lones.

£3116

with main international

Rosemary Burr

Severing a joint tenancy

FINANCE AND THE FAMILY

BY. OUR LEGAL STAFF

The following is a copy of notices to sever joint tenancy of preperty between my two daughters and myself. "I hereby formally give you notice of my desire to sever the joint tenancy in equity in respect of the property known

as ... so the net proceeds of sale and the net rents and profits until sale shall be held upon the trust which would have been requisite for giving effect to the beneficial interests if there had been an actual severance." Is it essential to date these

notices? If so, is any particular

Tenants right to allotments

--

200 m

I write regarding my sister, who purchased a house 18 months ago. With the house came an allotment at the rear, owned by a local company and rented nut to the nuners. This applied to every house on the row. The firm has now sold the land to a man whose solicitors have written to all the residents of the row giving Notice to Quit on May 1, 1982. The solicitors will not let us know the details of the nriginal agreement between the local company and the tenants of the land, some of whom have tenanted the

agreement regarding to lease of this land? If no such agreement exists, does the tenant acquire any rights to be on the land given the long span of time? The allotments are probably 1981 to March 31 1981.
"allotment gardens" within the However, the Water

allotments since first buying

their property 40 years agn.

Can we insist that the local

company let us see the original

meaning of Section 22(1) of the Authority have rejected a Allomients Act 1922. If so notice to quit appears to be invalid as it needs to be at least the day on which the supply 12 months' notice expiring commences, that is January 23 during the period between 1981—the day we moved in September 29 in one year and Is your opinion unaftered? April 6 in the next year (i.e. it .The position where you have must not be framed so as to gone operate in spring or summer). received a water supply before You would be wise to consult a the rating period to which the soliticor. You cannot require (later) first proposal relates is to see the nriginal tenancy not entirely clear. Water agreement (at least in advance nf higation) but a determined solicitor will probably be able claim that it makes the rate to winkle-it out of the lessors' -solicitor.

A third party and an intestacy

I have been appointed administrator of the estate of a deceased cousin whn died intestate. A third party date advantageous?

(genealogist) has unexpectedly called on possible beneficiaries, able. It is not essential, but preferable, to date them. They should, if dated, be dated when should, if dated, be dated when them that monies be paid to fine them. they are actually sent. No par-, him and that he extracts 33 per ticular time for serving the cent (+ 15 per cent VAT) notices is lietter than any other, before handing over the residue They must of course actually be to them. I do not wish to do served on the addressee, i.e., things in this way. Most I do delivered by hand or by post to . so when be produces these signed statements?

> You must ensure that the persons in whose names the third party claims to act both exist and are entitled on intestacy. If ao your duty is to pay those persons their entitlement; but you should insist on their receipts. You are not concerned with any arrangements they may have made to share their inheritance with the third

General and water rates

Last year you stated that both General Rates and Water Rates cannot be backdated earlier than the commencement of the rating period in which demand sament is first made.

I purchased, and moved into, a new house on January 23 1981, and a Rates Valuation Proposal was sent to me on May 6 1981. I was successful in persuading the District Council that I should not be liable for General Rates for the period January 23

No legal responsibility can be accepted by the Financial Times columns.

(as rewritten by the agreement November 29, 1974). tax credit (3/7ths of the divi-

dend), you would be exempt from UK tax, in effect, by virtue of section 87(5)(a) of the Finance Act 1972. The price of getting the tax credit is that you become liable to pay 15 per cent UK tax on your dividends, as well as having to pay 15 per cent tax on the tax credit itself; both bits of tax are set against the tax credit, so that you

For example, suppose you hold 1,000 shares in a UK company which declares a dividend of 7p a share; you thus receive a dividend warrant for £70. You then claim the tax credit payment due under the double taxation agreement, and you receive an Inland Revenue warrant for £15, calculated as

of £70 dividend= less: 15% tax on £30 credit = 4.50

is that, although the £70 divi-dend was paid without dednetion of UK tax fand was therefore remitted to Malta in full), you ultimately bear £10.50 UK

separate from the dividend (although it is calculated by reference to the dividend, of course). It is paid under deduction of 15 per cent tax, and the 15 per cent tax attributable to the dividend is also withheld (for convenience of administration): so only half of it is actually remittable to Malta.

to CTT

My father died in 1955 and hy his will left all his property to trustees to pay the income to my mother and after her death to hold the residuary estate in trust for soch of his children living at his death as shall attain the age of 21 in equal shares. My only brother died in 1968 and I am now the only child. Is it not correct that on my mother's death, no CTT is payable Your answer under CGT or CTT (November 28) seems to throw doubt on this. Your understanding of the position is correct. Our reference to liability for Capital Gains Tax and Capital Transfer Tax was directed to the case where the trust is terminated before the life tenant's death.

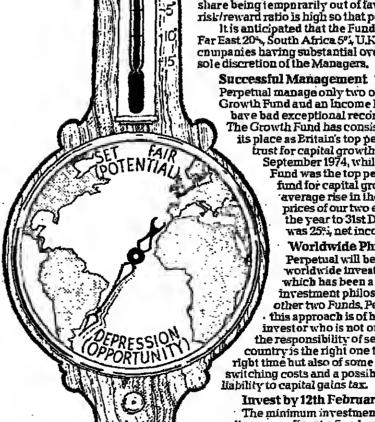
PERPETUAL GROUP WORLDWIDE RECOVERY FUND

The world in general is currently experiencing a very deep trade recession. In our opininn investments made now in depressed shares worldwide offer outstanding growth. prespects. Indeed, similar opportunities may not occur again for many years. This is why Perpetual are launching their new Worldwide Recovery Fund-and

A chance to be in the right investments as the climate changes.

Investment Objectives The aim of the Fund is maximum capital growth. The Fund will be invested in a diverse range of companies around the world which Perpetual believe have exceptional recovery prospects due to the companies enneemed having fallen on hard times or their share prices being in Perpetual's opinion unduly depressed due to a sector, a country or a particular share being temporarily out of favour with investors. The Fund is speculative and the

risk/reward ratio is high so that performance could be volatile. It is anticipated that the Fund's initial portfolio will be deployed as follows:-Canada 5%, Far East 20%, South Africa 5%, U.K. 55%, U.S.A. 15%. The U.K. content will be biased towards companies having substantial overseas interests. Percentage allocations will vary at the sole discretion of the Managers.



Units are accommitation units. Income is automatically reinvested in the Fund. The estimated gross commencing yield is 3% per annum. All applications will be acknowledged and certain sets will be forwarded by 3mb April 1982.

And Apid 1982.

If you wish to self your mits, the blanagers will purchase them at not ters then the minimum and price on the needs to Substrate to Day I for sale, it following recept of your instructions. Pay ment will normall be made within twenty one days of the receipt of your renounced certificate. Prices and yield will appear daily in the Financial time; and The Daily Telegraph.

Perpetual Croup Worlawide Recovery Financias to not interfand administered by a limit Deed dated 1910 December 19th and self-wider range investment under the Trustee burst member he act 1960.

United deers will receive on or before 1st April each year commencing is!

April 1963 a statement abording the net retovested income and the amount of income tax deducted.

General Information

Member of the Unit Trust Association.

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Perpetual manage only two other Funds - a Growth Fund and an Income Fund - and both bave bad exceptional records since launch. The Growth Fund has consistently retained its place as Britain's top performing unit trust for capital growth since launch in September 1974, while the Income Fund was the top performing income fund for capital growth in 1981. The average rise in the offer to offer

prices of our two existing funds over the year to 31st December 1981 was 25%, net income reinvested. Worldwide Philosophy Perpetual will be continuing their worldwide investment approach which has been a feature of their investment philosopby with their

other two Funds, Perpetual consider this approach is of henefit to the investor who is not only relieved of the responsibility of selecting which country is the right one to be in at the right time but also of some of the attendant switching costs and a possible immediate liability to capital gains tax.

Invest by 12th February 1982 The minimum investment is £1000 and

units are on offer at a fixed price of 50p until 12th February 1982. Simply complete the coupon below and send it to us together with your cheque.

You should remember that the price of units and the income from them can go



Application for Units in Perpetual Group Worldwide Recovery Fund Fill in the coupon and send it now to: Perpetual Unit Trust Management Ltd.,
48 Hart Street, Henley-on-Thames, Oxon, RC9 2AZ Tel: Henley-on-Thames (04512) 6368.
Read in England No. 115-4021 at the above address. I/We wish to invest 2 in Perpetual Group Worldwide Recovery Fund at the initial offer price of 50p per unit. (Offer closes on 12th February 1982) L'Ave enclose a remittaoce, payable to Perpetual Unit Trust Management Ltd. I am/We are over the age of 18.

April 1983 a statement surking the per reinvesting incline and the billion of its one tax deducted.

An initial in magic ment charge of 5.25° on the assets legal valent to 5°; of the issue price his included in the prive of the time. On to this, the himsets will pay commission to authorised agents rather are available on request. There is an animal charge of 1-1 plus VAT. If the Time Time Deed permits a maximum animal charge of 1.5° (plus VAT).

The Trustee's Berchay Rank Time VAT, of the Managers of the Finid are Perpensition Time Management Ltd. 48 Hard Street, Healey-on-Thaines, Oyon RG9 2AZ Telestoff 2-6888.

This ofter a new available to residents of the Republic of Ireland.

Member of the Unit Time Association. First name(s) in Full Signature(s)

(Joint applicants must all sign and attach names and addresses separatety.)

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Today's Rates 13\frac{1}{4}\%-14\frac{1}{4}\%

Deposits of £1,000-£50,000 accepted for fixed terms of 3-10 years.

Interest paid gross, half-yearly, Raies for deposits received not later than 29.1.82 are fixed for the terms shown: Terms (years) 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 13+ 13+ 13+ 13+ 13+ 14 14 14+ Interest % Deposits to and further information from the Treasure; Finance for Industry Linesed, 91 Waterloo Road, London SEI 8XP. [01-928-7822] Ext. 357]. Cheques payable to "Bank of England, a:r FFT" Finance for Industry Limited

for the answers given in these All inquiries will be answered by post os soon es arrangement of March 28, 1962

If you did not claim the UK

into occupation and not entirely clear. Water Authorities take a "common sense " view of Section 35 and commencement of supply. actually receive a payment of only half the tax credit, as you However, there is an argument

against that view since the rate cannot be "payable" no the date of commencement of supply if no valuation at all exists to which to apply the poundage. A test case is still to be brought: but caution suggests that it is not worth making a test case for the amount involved in a domestic rate

Tax credit: 3/7ths 30.00 15% tax nn £70 dividend= 10.50 15.00

Net tax credit pay-£15.00 able to you As you will see, the final result

tax upon it. The tax credit payment is quite

No liability

YOUR SAVINGS AND INVESTMENTS-2

It's war in Never-Never Land

GETTING A LOAN used to be their horrowing limit, a furtive and embarrassing Judging from personal expera furtive and embarrassing experience involving a soul-searching interview with your bank manager. Now an increas-102 number of stores and credit card companies are vying to instant credit and

higher loans. Anyone earning £25.000 a year or more could probably get around £15,000 unsecured credit with few questions asked. With so many organisations carving out a slice of the credit market the risk is growing that individuals will take on higher debts than they can

Getting credit without a visit to your hank manager is no longer a problem for those who have hrokeo through the initial barrier of a first credit card. What is now emerging is a pyramid of rredit. Stores are giving instant loans to individuals they regard as creditworthy and their test of creditworthiness is the ownership of a chequehonk, cheque guarantee card and credit card.

At the same time the credit card companies, which are owned hy the hanks, are conwhether they wished to raise average overdraft rates.

ience of culicagues, card holders ran easily get their horrowing limit increased. The increase their husiness as they

thao those on bank loans.

In addition, sioce last May when Americao Express and Lloyds Bank launched their gold card giving holders access to a £6,000 line of credit, the amount of credit card-holders can get automatically rose dramatically. Midland Bank has since followed suit with a gold card which has a £7,500 overdraft facility.

Take Mr Sterling, an executive earning £25,000. Before May he probably had a Barclaycard with a limit of £2,000 and two American Express cards. one for husiness and one pri-

He would be one of the first

nn American Express's mailing list when it launched the gold card. For a £40 annual fee he could trade in his personal American Express card for a gold card. This would automatictinuing in flog their wares ally give him access to a mini-aggressively. Some Acress mum of £6.000 rredit at 24 per halders were last month asked cent over hase rate, lower than

account with Lloyds as well as which he oses to buy his wife Barclays, he decides to apply some perfume and cashmere for an Access card. This he gets sweaters. within a few weeks with a credit Back in card companies are keeo to limit of £1,000. He rings Access and says Barclaycard has given get a commission on each sale him a higher limit of £2,000. A and the interest rates they few days later. Access inform charge arc coosiderably higher him his limit has gone up to

CREDIT ROSEMARY BURR

Walking down Fleet Street, Mr Sterling notices Lasky's is offering up to £1,000 -instant credit, so he nips in 10 buy a logic system and new speakers for his stereo. When he hooks his holiday, at Thomas Cook, he gets another £1,000 credit which goes lowards his skiing holiday and the travellers

cheques. Feeling in a generous, mood, he takes a taxi to Harvey Nichols where after showing buying the boat, Mr Sterling of their his cheque bonk and credil card had made no use of the over- interrupted.

Now that Mr Sterling has an he gets £240 instaot credit.

Back in the office, he rings Lloyds to explain he is plan-ing to huy a boat and needs more than £8,000 to do so. After checking his records. Lloyds agree to lead him

The mornlog post is lying oo his desk. His deht to Access is now at £1,700 and bis Barclaycard statement shows £800 due. Without visitiog his hank manager at Barclays, Mr Sterling has run up debts of £12,240 and is still well within the spending limits set by the credit card companies.

Mr Sterling is of course fictitious but his case high-lights the ease with which credit can he obtained. If Mr Sterliog had been more careful he would have realised he could have saved a third of the ioterest charge by getting an overdraft rather than store credit. If his hank manager failed to ohlige, theo he would have been better off using his lower than oo the store

Also before he thrught about

schemes.

draft facility available on his gold card. He was, however, not paying his Access bill prompily, so was heing charged just over 30 per cent a year on this borrowing. He could have saved mooey hy paying off his Access hill and take advantage of the overdraft facility of his gold card where the current rate is 17.5 per ceot.

There are some bargaios to be had in the credit jungle but people tend to overlook the ohrious, their hank. lo most cases the cheapest loan is an overdraft.

Anyone who has the necessary means to qualify for a gold card and thinks they will want a loan would be foolish not to spend the £40 to get one. For even the bank's most favoured customers are unlikely to get overdraft rates as good those offered to gold card

For those who do not quite make the gold card grade, then astute use of credit cards is advisible. It is best to steer clear of most store credit schemes unless interest free credit is given.

Most important of all, do not borrow more than you can afford to repay taking into coocredit card as the rates are sideration the possibility of an emergency. On average people teod to noderestimate their outgoings and ignore the possibility earniogs being ITT quits life.

DO AMERICANS get a raw life and at the same time, deal from their life iosurance, through regular premiums, that traditional underpinning builds up a cash value which of a secure honsebold? ITT the insured can draw on later Life, a small U.S. life in in life, In the U.S. policybolders surance company which is part can also borrow back this of the nuge ITT conglomerate, mooey at below-market rates thicks current American life of interest.
insurance is auch a bad deal it bas decided to stop selling it

altogether.
All this week it has been running full-page advertise-ments in the business Press life insurance industry.

"The bad thing about your whole life policy," the ad says, is that it yields a miserably poor return on the money you iovest. In fact, in terms of ioterest paid on accumulated cash, you'd have to look long and hard to find a worse investmeot.

ITT LIFE, which ranks about 100 in the size league, is not a major force in the U.S. life insurance husiness. Its stand highlights the U.S.'s fastchanging perceptions of the value of life insurance—and the alternatives that new companies are offering the American public.

"Whole life" insurance is the traditional American staple: were a much smaller part of a it insures the policyholder's life companies' husiness.

But the yield on whole life policies in the U.S. has fallen far behind inflation and current rates of interest—in spite of the various tax advantages. A typical U.S. whole life policy yields 4-6 per cent less than half what a savet gets in a bank savings account, let alone more aggressive investments.

David Lascelles

but the UK saves

the American insurance com- reduced the brokers commis panies are following in the foot- sion on whole-life non-profits steps of their English counter-

The U.S. life industry is going through a similar period of reappraisal to that experienced-here five years ago. The reasons behind the change of heart are slightly different.

The British public has never been as conscious of the need for financial protection against death as their U.S. counterparts. They have always been more concerned with savings type contracts which can be regarded as insurance against snrvival. Whole life contracts not participating in profits

UK

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ments in the business Press trumpeting its message. The ads have sent shudders of rush to cash in their life in for whole life contracts was surance, they ought to be aware sounded in 1976 when the Life life insurance industry. contracts from as much as 400 per cent to 90 per cent of the first year's premium. Since then sales of whole life non-profit contracts have dwindled to in significant amounts.

Conventional UK life companies now concentrate on with profit whole life policies, while many linked life companies have been selling a universal type of plan for some years. All UK companies are selling more term assurance as protection contracts. The leading their sales of term assurance in the past couple of years.

Eric Short

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The figures in the columns below are based on information supplied by the companies named, which are members of The Association of Investment Rust Companies. The figures are unaudited.

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INDICES OF FIVE YEAR

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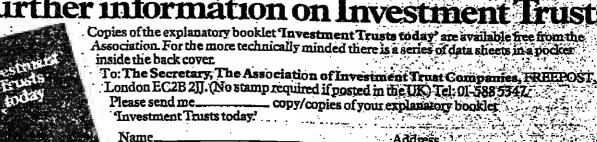
Figures supplied by AITC Statistics Service, to nearest, one per cent. A full description of the information shown in this column is given in the investment. Bust. Year Book. In summary the figures show the percentage changes in the net asset values over the period assuming that dividends paid, excluding tax medit, were reinvested in the underlying assets of the company.

I with other investment media, it should always be borne in mind that past nos is not necessarily a guide to future schiarement.

tal return statistic for split capital trusts is not comparable with that for openies because of the difference in capital structure. The split capital ve therefore been identified in the Table and are not included in the General trace index forms. tion of NAV to avoid a plethora of figures and to facilitate comparability, the statistics it value have been calculated on a uniform basis which mass in the case of a company, differ from the corresponding figures in its Annual Report and

asset value is calculated on the "going concern" basis, is with prior charge at market value, as it is behaved that this basis is the most widely accepted

Investment Trusts



If you are an investment adviser, please indicate your profession: stockbroker □ accountant □ solicitor □ insurance broker □ bir kf 1 □ (please tick asseptropriate)

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FINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY

Saturday, January 23 1982

Pensions for the Individual

Many people do not appreciate that they may face a pension problem, until it is too late not surprisingly in view of the complexities of the state earnings-related pension scheme and the diverse range of company pension schemes, as Eric Short reports here.



THE STATE earnings related acheme and company pension pension scheme which started schemes. So one needs to conpension scheme which started in April 1978 marked the start of a new era for pension provision in the UK. For the first time all employed persons would qualify for a pension based on their earnings, instead of this benefit being the prerogative of those in the company

But it was not the ultimate in pension provision that some of its supporters claimed at the time. For a start, it did nothing for those pensioners already retired. But the benefit structure left certain gaps that made the State scheme fall sbort of the best that can be obtained from a company scheme. Thus many employees still working the State scheme by will find that the pension commo indication that ing from the State scheme will ideas on the subject fail to match their earnings while working.

A company pension scheme. because of the way it is structured, provides a full pension only to a minority of those employees who stay with one employer.

In the absence of any moves as yet to reform the State scheme or to bring about full transferability between company schemes, those individuals falling to secure a full pension would be well advised to make some provision to supplement the State or the company

Many individuals do not appreciate that there is a pension problem until it is too late—not surprisingly in view of the complexities of the State

sider how each scheme provides the pension benefit in order to see the gaps and the consequent inadequacies.

The first major gap grose because the civil aervant planners at the time had no idea how to fit the self-employed into the new structure—so they were just left out completely. As a result the self-employed can only qualify for the basic State pension and have to make their own arrangements for anything above the inadequate State basic. The Department of Health and Social Security is at present looking afresh at the position of the self-employed in the State scheme but there is no indication that it has any

Limitations

The second major gap applies to the higher paid employees, to executives and to controlling directors. The State scheme in its pension formula only takes account of earnings up to a ceiling of around one and a half times national average still working and an employee earnings. The present limit is on retirement can convert part £200 a week, which is being of his pension into a lump sum lifted to: £220 a week from

means that earnings This above this limit do not qualify imposed on earnings in deter-for the State pension. All mining the pension. persons earning above this ceiling win get the same State pension for comparable length

lower the State pension as a percentage of salary.

The third major gap occurs for those employees nearing retirement. Employees get an earnings-related pension of 1/80th of earnings for each year of membership, the best 20 years to count on a revalued basis. But only years since April 1978 count. So employees will only qualify for the full State pension if they retire on or after April 1998. Persons retiring now still get very little more than the basic State

The final major gap in the State scheme is the absence of any lump sum payments at retirement or on death while working. The philosophy underlying the State scheme was that it was an income replacement scheme when the employee could no longer provide for bimself or his wife because he had retired or bad died while working. There was no facility to commute part of the pension for

a lump sum. A company pension scheme does provide lump sum benefits on death while an employee is that is completely free of all scheme does not have a limit

But it does suffer from the handicap that the pension is based on years of membership of service. So the higher the in the scheme, such as a pension aged 55 on April 1978 with 10 major groups of individuals available to individuals and duction of loanbacks with AVCs and a growing earnings of an employee, the formula of 1/60th of final salary years to retirement will get a who can expect inadequate their businesses. They should borrowing on the strength of by employees in PPPs.

CONTENTS

The self-employed: planning the pension Executive pensions: tax-efficient schemes Personal pension plans: unit-linked and traditional schemes Comparison of investment performance Executive unit-linked schemes Small self-administered schemes Additional voluntary contributions Loanbacks: borrowing from the pension Conventional executive schemes

The do-it-yourself approach: tax penalty Options for the self-employed

Editorial production of this survey was by Mike Wiltshire.

Design by Philip Hunt.

for each year in the scheme. There are moreover, inadequate arrangements for preserving or pension acquired by employees who change jobs for their years of service in the scheme.

But it elso effects those

employees nearing retirement in a recently established scheme, such as those set up to coincide with the start of the new State scheme. These employees will only qualify for a comparatively small pension unless there are arrangements to include previous service.

For example, an employee aged 55 on April 1978 with 10 major groups of individuals

pension of only 1/6th of final salary under a 1/60th formula. The transferability problem has received a lot of attention in recent months following the report on the subject by the Occupational Pensions Board. But even its modest recommendations have come under severe criticism, though they would not solve the problem until the next century and then only under conditions of modest inflation. The Government, even though it wholeheartedly supports the report,

pensiona from the arrangements, namely:- the self-employed; controlling

executives; employees nearing retire-

employees who bave changed obs after age 35.

Such persons needs to consider the alternatives available to them to boost their pension and other benefits!

Fortunately the Government allows very generous tax concessions to encourage people to save towards their own pension. Full details for each type of person are given in separate articlea in this survey. But essentially people receive full tax relief at their top rate on their contributions, investment is made into funds that are tax-exempt and the ultimate pension is taxed as earned income, with any lump sum payments

But the individual has to use the special pension schemes to qualify for these concessions. If he tries to build up bis own direct portfollo, he will he hit by the taxman right, left and centre. He will bave to contribute out of income that has been taxed. His investment inbe cashes-in his investments to provide the pension be will be taxed again on capital gaios.

These approved arrangements are thus the most tax-efficient means of saving and mitigating tax liability available to individuals and

form the central pillar in the financial planning made by individuala.

One particular feature under both Personal Pension Plans (PPP) for the aelf-employed and Executive Pension Plans

(EPP) for directors and executives is that lump sum death benefits are paid free of Capital Transfer Tax. This feature enables family businesses to nse pension arrangements to smooth the handing on of the

business from generation to generation without facing crippling tax bills each time. Tailor-made Contribution payments into the pension arrangements need not be of fixed amounts each year but can be varied. This contribution can be tailored to each year's profits and thus reduce the Corporation Tax bill. This is of particular use to

small companies whose profits in a particular year go above the small company limit. A higher contribution to an EPP cao help hriog profits down below the limit. The big drawback with pension arrangements has been that the assets accumulated by Individuals or companies cannot be touched for any purpose except paying pensions or death benefits. They cannot be

development has been the intro-

the pension assets. The position is complex and a separate article on this subject describes in detail how loanbacks operate and their limitations.

But they have given com paniea and individuals another source of finance for their business or for their own personal use. Current financial planning now regards the provision of pension as just one aspect of what pension schemes can provide.

The self-employed have only one means of tax saving through a PPP scheme with a life company. Directors have a wider choice. They can opt for being treated as self-employed or they can become members of the main company scheme. They can have their own scheme elther through an EPP with a hife company or running their own scheme. There is tremendous scope for financial planning.

Employed persons already in pension scheme can boost their pension through an Addi-Voluntary Contribution (AVC) scheme. Employees solely in the State scheme are Employees eligible for a PPP from a life company. This contract is not solely for the self-employed but is available to anyone not in pensionable employment. And the Inland Revenue does not regard being in the State used even temporarily for any scheme as in pensionable emother purpose. A very recent ployment. Life companies are reporting a high sales level for

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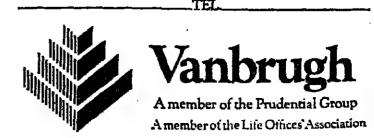
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Key issue demanding serious consideration

UNLESS YOU believe in the maxim "Eat, drink and be merry, for tomorrow we die"—

This money is invested by a earnings which may be paid to life company and accumulates a pension policy and on which in a fund which pays no income tax relief may be given in as pension provision is a subject native form of saving—except anyone who is self-employed some National Savings ought to think about seriously. The most obvious reason is that nolike those working for a company the self-employed have no employer to take care of arrangements. But just as compellingly a look at the benefits simuld demonstrate that quite apart from the need to provide an income al retirement a perspool persion plan is hy far the most tax-efficient way of saving. (Table 1, for example, shows the value of the cash sum alone

from one typical life company.) "Personal pension plan," is another and perbaps better description for what is commonly called a self-employed pension plan. For although such plans were designed mainly for the self-employed they can be taken out by anyone who earns income ono-pensionable employ-

That category includes directors and employees of comprofes without their own occupational pension scheme (they may, of course, opt executive sign, plan) Though even entitlement to an occupational pression is not necessarily a disqualifica-Fno. Dectors practices and journalists writing freelance articles for newspapers other than the one employing them are also eligible hut their maximum contributions (discussed later) will be hased on these non-pensionable

The las adminiages of a nersonal nension nian can be summariand as follows:-

@ The premiums to the plan, within statutory limits, qualify for relicf at the lodividual's top marginal rate (excluding the investment income surcharge). At the moment the lon rate on earned income is 60 per cent so someone in this position could contribute, say, £1,000 a

merry, for tomorrow we die "- in a fund which pays no income and even sometimes if you do- or capital gains tax. No alter-

instruments—enjoys this benefit. Once the policyholder reaches retirement age (which can be taken between 60 and 75) be or she can take part of the proceeds in the form of a tax-free lump sum (how much is also discussed later). The



Self-employed:

planning the pension

TIMOTHY DICKSON

rest cao be used to buy an annuity (or pension) which is taxed as earned income. Income from most other forms of saving would be classed as investment income and thereafter be subject to the investment income surcharge.

Given these attractions it is not aurprising that the Government bas imposed restrictions on how much policyholders can contribute to a personal peosion plan. It is worth pointing out, however, that the limits have become increasingly generous over the years and now compare reasonably favourably with those for people in employment.

Contributioos can be made on either a regular basis or as a lump sum. Each contribution secures a benefit at retirement independent of other contributions, so there is no obligation - as with a standard life insurance policy, for tuck away as much of his "surexample — to make payments every year.

Year of birth 32.5 29.5 1907 or earlier 1908 or 1909 1910 or 1911 1912 or 1913 1914 or 1915 1916 or later . 17. *Net Relevant Earnings.

If the individual is receiving pension from full-time employment the limit is 17.5 per cent whatever the date of birth. Net relevant earnings in this

context mean earnings from self employment or non-pensionable employment less cer- visions have introduced much tain deductions. Since 1980- greater flexibility. 81 stock relief was added to the list (which includes capital allowances not already deducted aod certain losses) but certain personal charges, notably mortgage interest relief, have been

A major development in the 1980 Act for those on high incomes was the abolition of the old £3,000 monetary limit. This means that the self-employed whose net relevant earnings are say, £25,000 can now contribute up to £4,375 to the pension plan in a given year (17.5 per cent of

The progress which has been made for the self-employed through successive legislation can be illustrated by the terms of the 1956 Finance Act. which first introduced personal pension plans for the self-employed. The limits at this stage were 10 per cent of net relevant earnings up to a maximum of £750.

One of the big problems for the self-employed, however, is the fluctuation in their earnings pattern. One poor year can be followed by a bumper period when the individual may wish to plus" as he possibly can. This option was greatly improved in Following changes in the the 1980 Finance Act by new 1980 Finance Act the maximum carry-forward provisions of un-

it is possible to carry forward unusen relief for up to six years. Thus contributions can be made in 1981/82 which not only take into account the 17.5 per cent of net relevant earnings for this year but include relief which could have been claimed but was not in fact used in earlier years (back as far as 1975/761. The total amount of unused relief available must be calculated with reference to the limits and percentages prevailing in those earlier years (see Table 2 for individuals born in

1916 or later) and though it is

unlikely that anyone would be

in a position to take advantage

of all this in one go the pro-

It is important to note, bowever that the legislation does not permit the self-employed to work permanently in arrears. Relief calculated for the current year bas expressly to be used first, with "unused" relief then taken in chronological order (in other words, from 1975/76 be-fore 1978/79 if both are

available). There are also new carry back arrangements which allow premiums to be treated for tax purposes in the year previous to the year in which it was actually

Once the individual has decided how much he is going to contribute to the plan, It is well worth contemplating life insurance cover. Section 226A of the 1970 Income and Corporation Taxes Act provides that up to 5 per cent of net relevant earnings ca nbe used to provide the conivalent of an employee's death in service benefit, an annuity for the widow or widower or dependants after the policyholder's death or a hump sum in the event of death (though not if this is after 75).

percentage of new relevant used relief from previous years, income) whereas someone in articles.

Table 1-SELF-EMPLOYED RETIREMENT PLANS (Yield on net outlay represented by cash sum at the end of

			It and Ze year	
	No. of premiums	Rate of tax relief	Net outlay pa (£)	Cash Yield sum (£) pa†
•	11	60	400	5,997* 6
	11	- 60	400	7,640‡ 10.5
	21	30	760	24,741* 5
	21	30	700	31,516‡ 7-
	21	60	400	24.741* 9.75
	21	60	400	31,516‡ 11.75

Based on Guaranteed Annuity Rates. † Rounded up to nearest † per cent. NB This return is before taking into account the value of the pension.

Based on Current Annuity Rates. Source: Equitable Life projections.

Table 2-UNUSED RELIEF FOR AN INDIVIDUAL BORN 1916 OR LATER

	;	1875-76	1576-77 1977-70	1978-79 1979-80	1990-81
Per cent of NRE†				15 15	
Max. monetary lim	it (£)	1,500	2,250 3,000		
	· † Ne	t. Releva	ot Earnings.		÷ .

employment looking for cover At the outset however the could only get relief at 15 per policyholder should be aware cent (the current rate of Life that when he or she retires the Assurance Premium Relief) pension benefits may be taken Remember, though, that the 5 in two forms a tax-free himp per cent must be deducted from sum and an annuity which is an the maximum amount which annual payment for the rest of can be contributed towards the pension plan (that is, 17.5 per benefits are described as the cent of net relevant earnings in policy value and a quotation the case of someone born in 1916 or later).

Under the provisions of the Finance Act 1980 it is now possible to write Section 226A policies in trust so that capital transfer tax can be avoided on the sum assured. This is a real advantage only if the named beneficiary is other than a spouse say a son or daughter.

The advantage is that these contributions (and which fund

tbe individual's life. will be made bearing in mind the company's bonus rates.

This would then be split down into a cash sum plus ambity rate—the latter will clearly depend on interest rates at the time of retirement but a figure the policy and one based on rates currently applying will

normally be quoted. The benefits may of course be The question of how to choose taken entirely in the form of a life company to invest the annuity (in which care the contributions (and which fund annual pension would be larger) premiums are eligible for tax managed by a unit-linked combut the tax-free lump sum lift rellef at the individual's highest pany they should be put in) is required) can by law be no but the tax-free lump sum (if marginal rate of tax (on earned being dealt with in other more than three times the re-

Tax-efficient schemes for shareholding directors

trolling directors made arrangements for their retirement under the special provisions designed for the self-employed. In 1973, however, legislation was latroduced which allowed controlling directors to become members of a company pension scheme and thereafter husiness In executive originally devised to give top tirement than other employees, these schemes are also widely used as a tax-efficient means for shareholding directors to take money out of the husiness (through the tax-free lump

sum). Since April 1978 employers plans) are as follows: have been obliged to make con- Full tax relief on the tributions to the state earningsrelated pension scheme unless they have " contracted out " and set up their own scheme. To do so, however, they bave among other conditions to show that they can provide as good if not better benefits for employees than the state version, which gives an open-ended commitment to pay a pension based on

the employee's final salary. is not common for them to be partly as a pension which is

final salary. (This could be an investment income surcharge expensive commitment if wage can therefore be avoided. inflation takes off.) It is more likely that directors would proceeds from the private scheme in addition to their state benefils.

Controlling directors of complans really took off. Although panies still have a choice between taking out a personal executives hetter benefits in re- pension or self-employed plan and setting-up an executive tions are broadly the same, the benefits are calculated in a very different way.

Very briefly, the tax advantages (as with self-employed

employer's and employee's contributions (excluding the investment income surcharge in the case of the individual). Thus the net cost of a £1,000 annual contributinn would be £480 to a company paying 52 per cent curporation tax and £400 for ao individual whose top margical rate is 60 per cent.

 Investment in a fund which is entirely free of taxes (in-Executive plans can also be come tax and capital gains tax). used in conjunction with a com- . The henefits at retirement pany schoole to provide bene- may be taken partly as a lump fits to certain employees, but it sum which is free of tax and

Whereas the self-employed are restricted to annual concontract in " and receive the tributions which represent a



Executive pension plans

TIMOTHY DICKSON

percentage of Relevant Earnings, the limitation on what can be put into an executive plan bas to be worked out by looking at the maximum benefits available at retirement. These are based on final salary. By far the most common type

scheme is approved by the Inland Revenue under Section 20 of the 1979 Income and Corporation Taxes Act and the benefits are as follows:

Retirement For employees with at least ten years' service final salary. Employees with lows: less than ten years' service have to take account of the following table. It is worth noting that because benefits will be bigger the higher the salary is, it will almost certainly be advisable to add 15 per cent on to what normally would have been tha employee's salary (the maximum

executive scheme is 15 per cent). In this way a director can supplement his retirement bene-

included as salary."	part	" final	
Yrs. of service to pension age	fi	ractio	ens. as on of alary

8/60ths 16/60ths 24/60ths 32/60ths 10 or more 40/60ths

be exchanged for a tax-free lump sum. The maximum, though, that can be taken in this way is an amount equal to 11 times be bumped up if contributions

sources) a pension may be pro- For employees with shorter servided of up to two thirds of vice the cash amount is as fol-

Yrs. of service tn pension age	Max. cash fraction o final salar
1 to 8	3/80ths*
9	30/80ths
10	36/80ths
11	42/80ths
12	48/80ths
13	. 54/80ths
14	- 63/80ths
15	72/80ths
16	81/80ths
17	90/80ths
18	99/80ths
19	108/80ths
20	120/80ths

Death before retirement. A cash lump sum of four times salary (or if greater £5,000 regardless of salary) can be paid plus a refund of the employee's contributions with interest plusa widow's or widower's pension. of 2/3rds of maximum prospecve personal penaion (ie, 4/9tha All or part of this pension may of final salary if at least ten years service is possible). Here again it is worth emphasising that the employee's aslary can salary for an employee up to 15 per cent of his earnings figure.

guaranteed on the basis of the treated as earned income. The (and no benefits from other with at least 20 years' service, are paid by him rather than the

Death after retirement this event a widow's or widower's pension can be paid on the same basis as above (regardless of whether the maximum was provided for the executive on retirement).

Cost of living increases are also controlled under this legislation. The upper limit is based on the maximum pension that could have been paid in Teure ment (whether it was or not) adjusted for increases in the Retail Price Index (RPI), There is also a restriction on increase which can be funded in

"Salary" for the purpose of executive pension plans can in-clude all remuneration taxed under Schedule E - eg director's fees, fluctuating earnings. bonuses and benefits in kind.

In working out the maximum retirement benefits "final" salary can be the salary paid in any one of the five years before retirement or the average salary in any three consecutive years in the last ten. If a year other than the last year before retirement is used, the salary can be notionally increased in line with the RPI to arrive at the "final"

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G.T. Far East & General Fund	+13.7	+117.3	Dec. '78*	
G.T. Income Fund	+ 7.1	+ 42.1	+ 61.3	+177.6
G.T. International Fund	+11.2-	+ 62.8	+1 53.5	May '76*
G.T. Japan & General Fund	+33.1	+ 79.7	+149.7	+209.1
G.T. Technology & Growth Fund	April '81*	_		_
G.T. U.S. & General Fund	+ 7.1	+ 58.6	+ 67.8	+107.5
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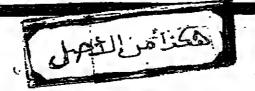
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FI writers analyse the features of two types of personal pension plan

Prospect of better benefits -but at a greater risk

dangling the carrot of higher

returns.
Unit -linked solicies claarly carry a greater risk. Thero la the view that those who spend their lives self-employed probably take enough risks without taking a chance with thoir pension. You unit-linked policies to offer a chance to selicios and the s do offer a chance to achievo a much higher pension at the ond of the day: Under a unit-linked policy

each premium payment buys a number of units in a selocted investment fund, or porhaps funds. The number of units that each premium investment buys varies with the price of the units which are directly geared to the undorlying asset value of the fund's investments. When unit prices are high a premium payment buys less

Some companies do offer guarantees on annuity rates or annuity funds but for the most part the ultimata pension willbe determined by the value of the units at rotiromont date.

Overall there are three main are no guarantees. factors which will influence an Depending on h investor's final pension. First, and most important, is the investment fund's performance, which will be reflected in the underlying unit value. Unfortunately this is probably the hardest factor for the investor to evaluate. Second, the investor has to consider the level of charges that will be levied by the company on premiums invested and the fund itself. Finally there are annuity rates prevailing when retirement

vestor in a unit-linked policy receives all the benefits from Save and Prosper announced of higher unit values. A con-earlier this month that it is ventional fund may not distillating its wide range of unit tribute all the gain pushing frusts to its self-employed some saids to reserves.

comparisons non of two exempt funds and the Gilt and Fixed interest

ventional policies ovor the past Growth Fund. Savo and Prosper too early but at least gains few years indicate that the hest will thon be able to offer made are protected in the

THE PRINCIPAL objective of performing unit-linked have outany self-employed pension paced with-profits. It would be
scheme must be to maximise wrong, however, to place too
much emphasis on recent
that is clearcult enough but results. Unit-linked contracts
there are various routes towards achieving that end, some
offering greater risks but also
offering greater risks but also
offering greater of higher only a dozen or so around it could be misleading to dwell on the performance of any one

> Yet the best the investor can do is to be guided by the past performance of the various investment houses. If one com-

> fund over a relatively short



PPP: unit-linked schemes

TERRY GARRETT

pany's results seem consistently good over a range of funds tho chances are that It will keep ahead of the game-but there

Depending on how much the individual can afford to invest it is possible to spread the premiums ovor twn or perbaps oven three, management houses. Since the Government increased the contribution levels such a sproad is practical, though it would need a considerable amount of fund-

heen narrowed down to a few companies the next question is the choice of funds to invest in.

Most have a wide selection
specialising in different invest-Unti-linked funds, like tradi-tional with-profits funds, enjoy specialising in different invest-ment medias such as equities, to conventional funds the in-to conventional funds the in-to conventional funds the in-to conventional funds the in-

addition to five existing pension funds linked to self-employed

Many advisers suggest that investors should patch for managed funds. This leaves the direction of investment up to the company, and does give a spread. Unless the individual feels especially adroit at pick-ing the right market at the right time the managed fund may provide the best answer.

Even so, switching facilities do give an opportunity to maxi-mise an investment. Most companies allow investors to switeb from one in-house fund to another. Normally an inveswould be allowed one froo switch a year with charges made for any subsequent changes. In theory switching allows the investor to move from, say, gilts into equities and from equities into gilts to got the best possible return.

That is in theory; switching can be risky. Unless the investor gets the timing right thoro is a good chanco that be may leave it too late and could end up with the worst of tho downswings and little of the upturns. Rather than maximising the return beavy-switching could minimiso it.

Perhaps the one important timo to mako a switch is in the fivo or so years run-up to retirement. When a policy matures the value of the units will huy the pension entitlemont. If unit prices are lowperhaps because of a slump in the oquity market, for examplo -the pension can be badly bit. There are still painful momories for those who bad to take their pension in 1974 and 1975. Most policies allow the investor to delay taking the pension in the hope that values pick up. That is not always practical or desirable.

A hotter idea is to consolithe gains of a performance fund some time a fow years .ahead of retirement by switching into a money fund where capital values are assured. Timing is flexible of course and must depend on the state of the performance fund. Possibly some capital appreciation may be lost by switching

important period preceding

The charges that the companies make on their policies are spelt out at the onset; but they may not always be straightforward and do vary. The heaviest costs are normally incurred at the policy's outset when the company copes with all the paper work and pays commissions to intermediarios.

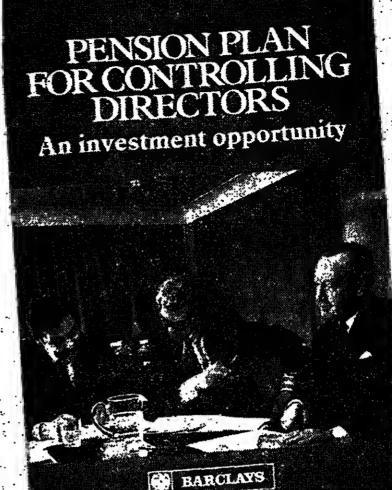
On single premium contracts this is usually covered by an initial management leaving only a proportion of the premium to be invested. On regular pension contracts companies normally spread the charges over a number of years, though there may be a befty deduction from the first yoar's promium. The common approach is to charge an additional management fee on units allocated in the first year or two. This is known as the "capital" unit system.

unit-linked attempt to offer a form of security to investors by in-corporating a guarantoe of somo type or another on the final pension. A guaranteed minimum annumity rate is typical, while some companies offer guarantoed minimum fund.

Others offer an option of a ponsion which continues to be linked to the performance of the units. This has the advantage that the pension may keep up with inflation, though this option usually means the start-ing level of the pension is low and of course unit values can

What should the petcotial investor do? Ideally, half the promiums should he directed towards conventional withprofits policies - perhaps between two different companies. The other half, assuming the investor is able to put aside enough each year, should be sproad among unit-linked policies. Again, ideally, this should be directed towards more than one company. This way the investor can have both security and a stake in performance funds which may add a bit extra to the final pension. If insufficient money can be put away oach your a traditional regular premium policy could bo supplemented by some single premium unit-linked ones in the

TAKEAIEAF BARCLAYS BOOK.



Twelve important benefits

The company's contributions are allowed before ent of corporation tax. Contributions are not assessable on the individual

Investment income and capital gains are free of tax. The contribution rate can be chosen to suit the corporate tax planning of the company.

Once the fund is established, the contribution rate can be varied within acceptable limits from year to year to suit the

The director can participate personally in formulating investment policy. Even in the smallest funds, our specially designed unit trusts for pension funds make available a manageable spread of investments. The company's contributions mitigate the directors' contingent liability to capital gains and capital transfer

Investments in the fund can, within certain limits, include loans back and other purchase schemes to assist company

The fund can provide the maximum pension and other benefits normally permitted by the Inland Revenue. with-in-service benefits can be arranged so that the cash paid without delay-and is free of tax. art of the pension can be exchanged at retirement age for

substantial tax-free cash sum. be fund benefits from the advice and management of arciaytrust's experienced team of pensions and . warment experts, which in turn is backed by the wildwide services of the Barclays Group.

If you are a Controlling Director looking for a sound, advantageous pension plan for yourself and your company, Barclays Bank Trust Company has some very good news for you and, quite possibly, for your fellow Directors and senior executives.

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BARCLAYS

Wide choice of schemes available

a pension plan from a life com- account the interest rates ruling pany have a varioty of schemes at the time. With annual marketed by a host of life compremium contracts he had to panies from which to choose consider the level of interest Each type of scheme has its own rates over the whole term of characteristics and the self-the contract and thus bad to be employed need to understand these characteristics and what; tee eloment." they imply when making their.

· Unit-linked schemes are straightforward to understand. The contributions are used to buy units in a fund. At the time of retirement the units are cashed-in to meet the commutation som allowed, with the balance used to buy a pension. Conventional schemes are much more complex, even though they have been around for much

The keynote to traditional rontracts is the guarantoes pension. From there it was given as to the ultimate benefits only a short step to switching to be received. These guarantees in money terms vary only what is technically known as according to the type of contract. The history of personal up a cash sum over a period.
pensions has shaped the present. The lump sum payment was style of contract and a brief summary will indicate how the present styles have been doter

When personal pension plans first became available in 1956 the schemes marketed by traditional life companies were based on the well-established deferred annuity principle. Under this system each single premium or each level of annual premium secured a given amount of pension. The pension could be on a non-profit hasis, when the pensinn was completely guaranteed, or it could be nn a with-profits

The implications of with-It provides a lower levol of

cautious because of the guaran-

At the outset the self-employed were not allowed to commute any part of their pension for cash at the timo they commenced drawing their pension. Thus it was natural for conventional companies to fund for the pension and the guarantee related to the pension. All this changed in 1971 when cash commutation was allowed.

This focused attention on the cash sum available at the time of retirement away from the the type of basic contract to The lump sum payment was made from the cash accumulated and the remainder was used to buy a pension at the annuity rates pertaining at the

The accumulation of the lump sum can be fully guaranteed on a hon-profit basis, or it can be on a with-profit basis, with a smaller guaranteed element which increases with each bonus declaration. The guarantee is now on the cash sum.

time of retirement.

In a non-profit systom the pension or the cash sum is guaranteed in money terms only. In 1956 inflation rates wore extremely mild and a nonprofits will be discussed later. profit contract offered reason-it provides a lower level of able terms with complete gnaranteed pension, but this is money security. The inflation increased preiodically by bonus rates in the 1970s mado a non-sense of non-profit contracts and The actuary in determining very few of these are now mar-the amount of pension secured ketod, evon with the current

THE SELF-EMPLOYED seeking by a single premium took into high interest rates now avail- of the strengths of traditional with-profit

onables the life company to give to the policyholder the investment profits earned by the un-dorlying funds. With a mutual life company all profits belong to the with-profit policyholders. In a proprietary life company, however, the amount of profit bas to be split between the withprofit policyholders and the shareholders. The policyholders get the lion's share—around 90 per cent, though the proportion does vary between companies.



PPP: traditional schemes

ERIC SHORT .

The workings of the withprofit system are still shrouded in a certain amount of mystique —with the actuary playing a dominant role in the process. He first determines the amount of profit available from the funds by valuing the assets and the liabilities. He then recommonds how that profit is given to policyholders in the form

Bonus systoms come ln many

into two main parts—a honus that is added periodically dur-ing the term of the contract, known as reversionary bonus and a bonns added when the ponsion is about to ho drawn, known as a terminal or final bonus. The reversionary bonus is intended to reflect the profits on investment income plus the capital appreciation that can be brought into the valuation. The terminal bonus ahould reflect unrealised capital appreciation not reflected in the reversion-ary honnses. The distinction between the two is now becoming blurred.

Reversionary bonuses are based offectively on a moving average of interest rates over a long period and thus the element of risk is reduced to a minimum. The actuary bonus interest is added and arranges his valuation so that there is a element of smoothing there are no wild fluctuations unt the fluctuations. in the amount of profit shown in the valuation, irrespective that the interest rate will be of the movements in the under- not less than the building lying asset values. This ensures societies' recommended rate. that bonus rates remain stable The BS rate can fluctuate and despite drups in the market need not have the stability of This inherent stability is one bonus rates.

with-profit schemes. Terminal bonuses should in

theory be more volatile, reflocting capital movements. But all indications are that actuaries have extended their averaging processes to smooth out these fluctuations. When tho self-employed

invests in a with-profits contract he is leaving the investment completely in the hands of the life company. Because the life company has to meet the guarantees inhorent in the schemes, and each bonus declared is added to the guarantee element, the fund needs to bold the appropriate fixed-interest stocks to match those guarantees.

A with-profit pension plan will provide the self-employed with a good return on his money and a high lovol of guarantee. Comparison with linked plans is dealt with in another articlo. All pension plans, however,

bave to achieve one common target—at least to match inflation. The introduction of index-linked gilt stocks has offered such an opportunity to the self-employed. While most life companies regard the stock as just another investment to consider and reckon they can do better than inflation, a few lifo companies offer a fund investing solely in the index gilts. The traditional companies offering such plans, like National Provident Institution (NPI) and Sun Alliance, guarantee a cash return in real forms but are usually divided

For example, NPI guarantee return of £1,200 revalued in line with the Retail Price Index after 15 years for a single premium of £1,000 and £1,470 revalued after 24 years.

Another variant on the traditional contract is the doposit administration style. These contracts operate in a manner similar in bank deposits. The premiums, after a deduction for charges, are deposits in the investment fund and the member has an account that is credited with interest at regular intorvals. The interest rate will more closely match investment

conditions at the time and can

finctuate with those conditions.

Most of these contracts, how

ever, offer a minimum guaran-

teed rate of interest to which

Some companies guaranteo



We studied the best selfemployed pension plans on the market. And then we improved on them all.

Any professional adviser will tell you that a self-employed pension plan is an excellent way of steering a substantial amount of your income away from the taxman. But there are dozens of such schemes on the market. They offer a bewildering array of options and benefits. And some are much better than others.

There is, however, one plan that offers more options, more benefits and even more. tax relief than any other. The new Crown Life Personal Pension Plan. To achieve this breakthrough, we examined all 111 of our compeurors' products very carefully. We identified. the best features and built them into our plan. Features like:

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2. Life insurance option with full tax relief on the premiums and the right to increase your cover each year without medical evidence. 3. The opportunity of borrowing back up to 100% of the money invested in the pension find at any time.

4. A free choice at retirement of an annuity from any life insurance company on the

market, to ensure you get the best possible deal. word for it. Ask your insurance adviser's And then we added some unique opinion. In the meantime, reading our brochure

benefits of our own: 5. We offer more comprehensive protection. ... may well help clarify what is, after all, a rather against loss of earnings due to protracted illness. complicated subject. We can provide you with a monthly meome as well as paying your pension plan contributions for you- and you can arrange for these benefits to increase by 81/2% every year. We can also provide a tax free lump

sum. And the cost of all this extra security is completely tax deductible. 6. If you are working in a group of tour or more, you can benefit from lite insurance and loss of earnings cover regardless of

your present state of health. No other seltemployed plan offers you all these options with such a range of benefits.

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Yalue of the Market Option Fund secured by

(2) Six annual premiums of £500 each or (b) A single premium of £500

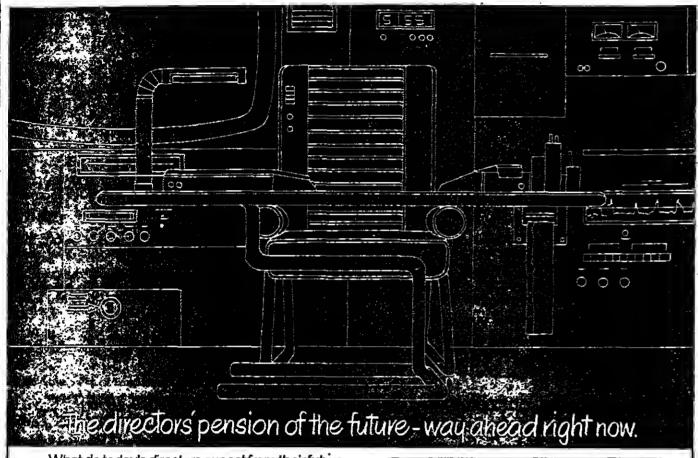
over a five-year investment period to October 1, 1981

	WITH F	ROFITS	
(a) Annual premiums		(b) Single Premium	
Company	Fund £	Company	Fund
National Metual Life	4,390	National Mutual Life	993
Friends Provident	4,267	London Life	939
London Life	4,172	Irish Life	895
Equitable Life	4,136	Standard Life	891
Yorkshire-General	4,098	Equitable Life	886
Scottish Widows	4,078	Life Assn. of Scot.	883
Equity & Law	4,076	Scottish Widows	878
NPI	4,040	Norwich Union	873
Standard Life	3,949	Yorkshire-General	869

3.922

Value of the Market Option Fund secured by (a) 11 annual premiums of £500 each or (b) A single premium of £500 over a 10-year investment period to October 1, 1981

		WITH F	PROFITS'	-
	(a) Annual premiums		(b) Single premium	
đ	Company	Fund	Сотпрапу	Fund
3	Equitable Life	10,745	Equitable Life	7,502
,	NPI	10,588	Equity & Law	1,406
5	Yorkshire-General	9,748	Scottish Equitable	1,387
ī	Sun Alilance	9,696	Provident Mutual	1,361
6	Provident Mutual	9,663	NPI	1,331
3	Norwich Union	9,652	Sun Alliance	1,300
3	UKPI	9,521	Yorkshire-General .	1,297
3	Scottish Equitable	9,468	GRE	1,260
7	Scottish Mutual	9,200	UKPI · ·	1,248
Z	Prudential	9,051	Norwich Union	. 1,239



What do today's directors expect from their future and what pension plans meet their expectations? Like everyone, they want security and good performance from their investment.

But, these days especially, they need flexibility too. Equity & Law offers a full range of such pension plans. With profits and unit-linked.

And whatever Equity & Law plan a director finally opts for, he or she can be confident of success. We've taken our Overseas Fund as one example of just how successful our investment team has been.

Equity & Law's Pens	sion Overses	sFund
(launchod)	Indu TORKS	

Top Performing International Pensions Fund over 12 months" Pensions Magazine, December 1981

At December 9th 1981 offerprice up by 62% -- well ahead of international indices: Tokyo New Stock Exchange Hew York Standard & Poor's Composite Index +39%

Capital International World Index +33% (Adjusted for movements in steding against the relevant currencies

in the other table, we show actual results for with profit pension policies reaching retirement at 1981. These are the figures shown in the Executive Pensions Handbook 1981 published by the Financial Times and they are higher than those provided by

any other company.

Actual results for Equity &	Law pension poli	cies with profits
	Refrementat65	Retirement at 60
Taken out 1974-7 annual premiums of £5000	Cash Fund: £64,015	Cash Fund: £82,371
Taken out 1976-5 annual premiums of £5000	Cash Fund: £39,536	Cash Fund: £38,617

SOURCE: Executive Pensions Handbook 1981, pub. Francial Times. There are many other advantages for the director

with Equity & Law pensions. We offer death-in-service benefits with the

option to increase without further health evidence. The wide investment choice under unit-linked plans includes our specialist Overseas Fund and a fund investing in the Governments new index linked stocks.

Self administered schemes are available. Insured arrangements can be switched into selfadministered schemes later.

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Wide disparity in cash sums accumulated

IN ARRANGING their nension of £1,169 between the top provision the self-employed and bottom companies over have a wide range of contracts five years for annual premium available from which to make their choice. It is of vital importance for them to make the correct selection, because at the end of the day the amount of pension available at retirement will depend on the amount paid in and the investment performance of the nuder-lying funds. How does the selfemployed make his choice?

First it is necessary to under-stand the underlying investment implications of each type of contract. Other articles in this survey have described this in general terms. The effects of these investment requirements on the return for each type of contract can be seen from the performance

Such tables can show the variation in return between the various life companies for each type of scheme. They can show whether the differences between their various linked funds are significant. And they can give some guidance to that perennial question of which is the better contract for the selfemployed-unit-linked or with-

The tables show the top performing companies for with-profit contracts over five and 10 year periods and for unit-linked plans over five years, for both annual and single premiums all taken to October 1, 1981. There are very few unit-linked plans that have been going for as long as 10 years. The figures were supplied by Money Monagement and will be included in the next issue of the

Self-Employed Handbook.
The tables show the cash value of the funds at the time of retirement, rather than the pension. Now almost all plans have a market option, the selfemployed can take the cash and buy a pension with any life company of his choice, so comparison needs to be on the cash

The first feature to notice from past performance applies to all types of contract and that is the wide disparity in the cash sums accumulated. This is pos-sibly surprising for with-profit schemes, where one might expect results to be within a narrow range, since the investment requirements to cover the guarantees require a similar pattern. There is a difference

10-year annual premium plans.

One expects unit-linked contracts to be volatile in performance, simply from nature of the investments. The Money Management tables show



ERIC SHORT

that for five year annual premium contracts the difference between top and bottom funds was £1,820.

The need for the self-employed to be careful in selecting life companies is heavily underlined by these tables. They need to look behind the advertisements or the sales

patter.
Turning specifically to unitlinked contracts, the self-employed have to choose not only the life company, but the underlying fund for linking equity, property or managed The five-year results show some interesting features. Top property funds have done slightly better than top equity funds, but there is very little in it.

The linked companies are now . offering : the specialised unit-trusts for linking to selfemployed contracts. There is now no need to set un an exempt trust for pension schemes because the tax concessions of the 1980 Finance Act made unit trusts virtually tax exempt.

But many self-employed have

in the past gone into the managed funds—a mix of equity, property and fixed-interest—and left the entireinvestment management to the life company. On past results, this has turned out not to be the best policy. The top man-aged funds have lagged signifiproperty funds. These results, admittedly.

Value of the Market Option Fund secured by

(a) Six annual premiums of £500 each or (b) a single premium of £500

over a five-year investment period to October 1, 1981

UNIT-LINKED (1) MANAGED FUNDS Albany Life Property Growth 3,975 Schroder Pension 7.153 Albany Life 3,932 Lloyds Life 1,929 Schroder Pension 1,000 3,842 Confederation Life Lloyds Life Tyndall 3,800 Abbey Life (2) PROPERTY FUNDS 5,024 1,270 5 & P 4,775 1,095 Merchant Investors Tyndal! Abbey Life 1,851 4.332 Abbey Life . 4.259 (3) EQUITY FUNDS 4,955 Weifare (Inv. Trust) 1,307 Welfare (Inv. Trust) 4.690 M&G 4,364 Hill Samuel (Fin. Tst.)

S& P

refute the main argument justifying managed funds—that the managers would manage the mix of investments to take advantage of different movements in the various markets. Instead they appear to be averaging out performance, instead of maximising it.

Lloyds Life

Now, there is the comparison between with-profits and unitinked contracts. To compare like with like, one should measure with-profits with man-aged funds. The underlying investment mix and philosophy is similar, except that with profit funds have to hold sufficient fixed-interest stocks to match the guarantees. Over the five years, the top three withprofits contracts have done cantly behind both equity and better than the top managed:

But when comparison is made over a short period, tend to with property or equity funds, favourably against with profits

it is a slightly different picture Both seem to have the edge over with profits. Whether it is sufficient compensation for the absence of guarantees is another question that only the individual self-employed person and his adviser can answer.

However, five years is still a comparatively short period over which to measure performance; The structure of charges of cant effect over short periods the results of Hambro Life which recours its expenses at outset. This hits short-term performance but the effect wears off over longer periods. The company's five year performance reflects this. But its 10 year performance - £11,811

Popular in the executive market

αf

THE UNIT-LINKED life companies have acquired a substantial share of the executive pension market, simply because they appreciated quite early on potential of this market. following the enfranchising in 1973 of controlling directors into company pension schemes. Their traditional counterparts were too husy getting tied up in the mainstream company pension market.

The basic objective of any executive pension plan is to-build up a cash sum at retire-ment out of which the cash sum can be paid and any cash left is used to huy a pension.

Unit-linked Schemes differ from conventional schemes in several respects. The premiums paid, annual and single, are used to our units in the underlying funds. The plan accumuthese units retirement to build un the cash

The amount of cash available

depends firstly on the number of units acquired and secondly on the price of the units at the time of retirement. There is no guarantee in the amount of the cash sum in theory, it could be nil if the unit price is nil. In practice, it could well show a return well above the

conventional plans with their guarantees. The second major difference

between unit-linked and withprofits concerns the method of charging to cover the expenses of the life company. There is an initial charge of 5 per cent of the premiums which is in-cluded in the spread between the offer price—the price at which units are bought—and the hid price—the price at which they are sold. This covers expenses at outset, and applies to annual and single premiums. This charge is easy to under-

stand, but the method of renewal charges made each year is more complex. The life company makes an annual charge on the yield of each fund—the usual rate being i per cent of the fund.

But for those units bought in the first two years, on annual premium contracts, there is an additional charge—usually 33 or 33 per cent of the yield, making a total charge of 4 or 44 per cent. The companies assist differential by designating those units bought in the first two years as initial or capital units and calling the normal units accumulation units. These capital units hear the higher renewal charge.

By this means, the company will recover all its expenses and provide a profit for its share-holders up to the normal retirement date of the contract

If the executive wishes to retire early, then there would be a penalty on the capital or initial units, depending on how early is the retirement and how long the policy has been in force. But there would only be a small charge if any on the accumulation units.

The other major area of difference between unit-linked and conventional schemes lies in the method of investment. First, the investor with unit-linked has a wide choice of funds—UK and a wide choice of funds—UK and overseas equities, property, fixed interest and cash. The trange of the funds tends to grow with the passage of time. Secondly, unit-linked contracts give clients the opportunity to switch funds at minimal or all cost.

Thus, in theory the holders of executive pension plans can move their units from one fund to another to avoid the bear markets, while they can invest new premiums in those markets that are currently dull, elthough likely to recover. The permuta-tions of arranging the investments are endless.

It needs to be remembered that it is easy (on paper) to make vast profits on switching. In practice, people tend to get their timing wrong. It needs expert investment advice to handle an executive pension. plan. Fortunately, the size of investments on many plans are large enough to justify employing professional advisers.

Until recently, professional advisers tend to concentrate on managing the private portfolios of investors. Now they are appreciating the potential of managing unit-linked pension

At the end of the day, the level of benefits or the cost to the company depends on the investment performance, since these are cash contracts. Switching offers the client the opportunity to maximise the vestment return.

However, if the executdoes not wish to be involved ... any way with this type of inve. ment management, he can leave it all to the life company by



investing in units in the managed fund. Here, the life company takes responsibility for the mix and switching of invest-

ments within the fund.

Even so, there is one important switch that all executives should consider. This involves switching into the cash fund near retirement. Even managed fund units could fall in price in a bear market to the detri-ment of both the cash sum and

the pension.

Executive schemes these days operate on a money purchase basis; with no guarantee as to the size of the ultimate pension benefit or cash som. This con-trast with the mainstream com-pany pension scheme where pension benefits and lump sum are defined as specific amounts based on final or final average

salary.

Nevertheless, it is possible to target in on a given level of benefits such as a tuning sum of 14 tinges final salary or a pension of two-thirds final salary. The life company would salary. The life company would salary the life to achieve these benefits on assumed rates of growth for the funds. This figure needs constant revision as the assumed yield in date has diways been underestimated.

nderestimated. This leads on it an interesting problem for these companies. The thiand Revenue is inflexible on the maximum benefits that can be paid. If the investment performance is good, it is possible to get into this situation and be forced to refund committations to the

Unless you employ clones, you'll welcome an executive pension plan with more individual options.



Unless you really are cloning your own executives, you'll have observed that they're a

pretty mixed crew. Apart from the long, the short and the tall, you'll have the young, the old and the middle aged. Not to mention the single, the married

and the divorced. All of whom will have to a greater or lesser degree differing pension requirements. They're not stereotypes and they shouldn't be offered stereorype pension plans.

We believe GRE's new executive pension. plan (the VIP Plan) provides more genuine individual options than any other comparable

plan on the market. Furthermore, since the plan involves group enrolment, paperwork is reduced to the

absolute minimum. Once the plan is set up, existing members' benefits can be increased and new members can be brought in with the minimum of formality.

Other key features are as follows. Tailor made benefits for each

group member. For each member of the plan the employer has these choices at the outset: to specify the benefits to be provided and the form they are to take; to build up a cash fund which will be used to provide whatever benefits are appropriate when the member retires; or to fix the amount he wishes to contribute.

Maximum flexibility at retirement. Inespective of the choice at the outset, the benefits at retirement may be taken in any of

the following forms (subject to Inland Revenue limits): a tax free lump sum, a single life pension level or escalating; or a dependant's pension, level or escalating.
Wide choice of death in service benefits.

Death-in-service benefits may be added for any member, either as specified benefits, (e.g. hump sum and/or dependant's pension) or as a lump sum to be applied at death to secure dependant's pension.

Flexible contributions. Increases, reductions and special single premiums are easily handled.

Company loan plan. There is no need for a Pensioneer Trustee or Revenue Approval.

Finally, it goes without saying that VIP Plan offers participants the usual substantial tax

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AMERICAN Less paper work, more options.

GREAT PENSONS

Broadbents 7584/5848 Hambro Life, First Proof 5/1/82 Image 33282 Diatronic Baskerville Reg./Bold -1

System offers full investment freedom

company pension schemes the trust wound up and the have always had the option to assets distributed, despite that manage their own investment rules of the trust on winding portfolios, either with an in up. All that is necessary would house investment team or appear that all the beneficiaries through outside investment are identifiable and they all advisers such as stockbrokers agree on a course of action. advisers such as stockbrokers or merchant banks. They have never been forced to use the life company investment inherent in an insured scheme. The trend is now growing for more company schemes to switch from an insured basis to doing their own investment management.

management.
An executive pension scheme An executive pension scheme is essentially a company pension scheme, whose members are a select body of company employees. So there is no reason why the executive scheme should not be on a self-administered basis. The first true schemes attracted on the such schemes appeared on the scene soon after the 1973 Act allowed controlling directors to be members of a company pension-scheme. 🗧

The Superannuation Funds Office of the Inland Revenue gives quite different considerations to the approval of such schemes — technically termed small self-administered schemes —than it does to normal company pension schemes.

Its concern is centred on the small number of members of the scheme who are closely knit; for example members of the same family as controlling directors and executives in a family business. The SFO has set out its general rules for small schemes in its famous Memorandum No. 58.

In the first instance, the SFO is concerned over the potential threat of having the schame wound up and its assets districompany pension scheme are set np under a trust with the trusts deed setting out all matters concerning the operation of the pension scheme.

Under the case of Saunders v Vantier of 1841, the beneficiaries majority of members are closely of a trust can petition to have connected the scheme is small

agree on a course of action.
With a small scheme the small number of members who are closely connected, by blood or business or both, could in theory use this case to share out the assets of a tax exempt

So the Revenue insist that one of the trustees of a small



Small selfadministereti schemes

ERIC SHORT

scheme is what it terms a pensioner trustee, who is an in-dividual or corporate body independent of the members of the scheme and is officially approved by the SFO. His role is to ensure that the schema is not prematurely wound up under this case, and that any winding up will be accordance with the rules.

This leads on to the definition of a small scheme which is governed by the number of members. Originally, the SFO fixed less than 12 as constituting a small scheme. Then it found that this rule was being circumvented by bringing elderly employees into tha bers. So in Memorandum 58, the SFO has adopted a more flexible approach in that if the

even if the numbers exceed 12. while a scheme of less than 12 members may not be regarded as small if the members are not closely connected.

One main advantage with a self-administered company pension scheme is that it has The trust deed lays down the investment powers of the trustees and these are usually written very widely. So a company pension scheme can lend money back to the parent company and it can invest in shares, property or other assets of the parent ocmpany, though there is a strong move to limit such self-investment.

It can also invest in such assets as commodities, works of art and other esoteric boldings. The British Rail Pension Funds hold a substantial portfolio of works of art, though no further additions are being made.

investment freedom could be taken to the limit by a small scheme where the beneficiaries are effectivaly the same persons that control the company. So memorandum 58 set down cartain limitations on First, the small scheme cannot

lend back to the parent more than 50 per cent of its assets, except for very short periods. And the loan must be on commarcial rates and terms. The main objection to self-investment in company schemes is that the employees' henefits should not be related to the fortunes of the company. SFO's main concern with selfinvestment in small schemes is that it will be used to turn a fuly funded scheme into a partially funded scheme with the contributions paid by the company being returned as loans.

On other investment aspects concerned that they follow more from the company for £240,000 into fixed-interest, equities and others. or less the normal pattern of

may be bald specifically in works of art, stamps, or similar investments. In practice, the SFO now states that only a small part of the fund may be held in non-income producing

The SFO will not allow the small scheme fund to be used as a trading operation, even if the schema member is an expert in that field. For example, it will not let an antique daaler invest widely in antiques evan though be can possibly produce a far greater return than he could managing convantional investments.

One main advantage of executive pension schemes is that it is a means of transferring money from the company to its directors through the company pension scheme. The amount of contribution paid by the company depends on the actuary's calculations.

The Memorandum 58 laid down certain restrictions on the assumptions the actuary makes so that it does not result in too large a funding rate. The actuary cannot assume a negative rate of return on the investments

Correctly used, the small selfadminstered scheme can previde tax efficient financing of the company's business, especially in property development and acquisition. This can be seen from the following example of the sale and leaseback of a property by the pension fund. NO SCHEME

Annual profits 130,000 less Corporation Tax 120,000 Net Profit

WITH A SCHEME

First year contribution 242,000 The scheme buys the property

Fixed interest direct Fixed interest pooled Property direct

taking up almost all lts contri-butions. Assume a Capital Gains Tax charge to the company of £30,000 so the company receives £210,000 from the pension

Thus the company in the current year is at least £90,000 better off in its cash positioncompared £120.000.

Future rentals on the property paid by the company to the pension scheme are fully allowable for Corporation Tax. Assuming the rent is 10 per cent of the price paid, the pension fund receives £24,000 but it only costs the company £11,520 after Corporation Tax.
Since the truees of the

small scheme are the controlling directors, the control of the property remains in the same

The small scheme can also be used to acquire shares io the company from a member out This can be done providing the sale is on an arms length basis. Once the shares are in the pension scheme they are automatically passed from ona generation to another without ncurring Capital Transfer Tax lishility on each move.

The rest of the assets can be invested in any manner the investments they understand.

even property and this includes residential property if it is on a commercial hasis. Investmen can be made also through exempt unit trusts or exemp pooled life company funds available for pension scheme investment.

In theory, the directors as trustees can speculate on the stock market and pursue an active investment policy. In practice, they appear to be ultra cautious, as the following details from leading pension consultants Pointon York show. This firm has around 10 per cent of tha small scheme market and its analysis of the investment pattern of small schemes is based on 263 schemes under management.

The persons using small schemes do not know the stock market, but are very familiar with the local property scene They tend to be ultra cautious with their money and while of the family who wants to sell high interest rates prevail are quite happy to put the money into the money market. They also accumulate cash for future property deals.

One may feel that those with small schemes are not using the investment freedom to anything like its full potential. They have stayed with those trustees think fit, either directly cash and property-and left the

Hambro EPP Policyholders can borrow 21/2 times their earnings.

Controlling Directors with a Hambro Executive Pension Plan can now enjoy a loan facility of up to 2½ times their annual salary.

Loans are subject to Hambro Life's normal finance conditions on an interest only basis and are secured by a first or second charge against a

suitable property. Loans need not normally be repaid until you take your tax free cash from your EPP and can be used for any purposes e.g. house purchase, to provide a loan to your company for trading purposes,

for the purchase of shares.
As your salary increases
Over the years, there may

To: John Carr, Pensions Director,
Hambro Life Assurance PLC,
Hambro Life Centre, Swindon, over the years, there may Wilts. Tel: 0793 28291. be a facility to increase the loan available.

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Hambro Executive Pension Plan

Total pension funds under Management now exceed £500m with annual contributions in excess of £100m.

Substantial scope for topping-up benefits

sion schemes do not test the to the sarvices offered by limits of contributions and benefits which the Inland Revenue will permit for the purposes of tax relief. Moreover, most scheme members will receives AVCs of around £12m not have anything like the a year.

maximum number of years' Several building societies are service, which is often 40 years. The two factors mean that. there is substantial scope for individual employees to top up

their contributions and con-sequently, their eventual benefits in a highly tax-efficient way. Such extra payments by employees are conventionally given the rather clumsy, if precise, title of Additional Voluntary Contributions (AVCs)...

In recent years large numbers of pension schemes have decided to offer their members the AVC facility and the amounts subscribed now run into miny millions of pounds

The lattraction of such schemes is simple enough. When AVCs are paid the trustees can claim back the income tax paid by the employee at his top marginal rate which will certainly be 30 per cent and could be 50 per cent or more for bighly paid executives. Not only is the initial size of tha investment swollen in this way, the invest-ment income is received gross and rolls up on a tax-free basis over the years. The investment

316

Ker

g€S

is also free of capital gains tax.
On the other hand, of course, there are restrictions. The money has to be invested in a manner arranged by the trustees of the pension fund and cannot be individually managed by the beneficiary. Moreover the ultimate henefits have to be taken in a form laid

down by the Inland Revenue.

The details are complex but some key numbers to bear in mind are the 15 per cent of salary which is the limit for the total of normal and additional pension contributions and the two-thirds of final salary which

is the maximum for a pension. In the latter case the Revenue does allow some flexibility, however, so that part of the re-tirement fund can be taken as a tax-free cash lump sum which

a tax-free cash lump sum which can be as much as 1½ times final salary if service is 20 years or more, with a reduction for fewer years of service.

It is also possible to build in increases in personal pension up to a limit of 3 per cent and there are provisions for a widow's pension too. All this adds up to a retirement package which can offer substantial scope for the effective incorporation of extra benefits arising ation of extra benefits arising from AVCs.

Trustees of pension schemes have a number of choices in deciding where AVCs should be invested. One possibility is that the money should simply be swallowed up in the large pool of the pension fund itself. It might prove difficult to attribute to the straightforwardness as a marketing point.

Moreover, although in theory institutions like building societies should not attribute.

trustees have proved receptive a little extra spice by giving to the sarvices offered by preference on mortgages.

instance, began a marketing initiative in 1977 and now bas some 200 pension schemes on its books which generate an inflow of over £1.5m a year representing the contributions of 8,000



BARRY RELEY

individuals. Unit trusts and banks have also been attracted by the potential of AVCs.

Over any reasonable number of years the rate at which AVCs roll up on a tax-free basis can seem very attractive. Thus Equitable Life bas just im-proved its rate of interim conus, as from the beginning of 1982, and on this basis it claims that annual premiums of \$1,000 over 20 years (21 premiums in all) would bave an eventual projected value of just over £80,000.

As for the building societies, the Anglia is currently offering a special AVC rate of 16 per cent though of course building society rates or life company bonus rates can be expected to fluctuate over time. The premium rate paid by building societies compared with the ordinary share rate reflects the relative attraction to them of stable, long-term sources of

Such specialist financial institutions offer the availability of an independently determined rate of return on investments and they also lure trustees with tha offer of advice and help with the administrative aspects.

In investment terms, their appeal may vary. The insurance companies, for example, offer their expertise as long-term investors, giving access to a portfolio which will probably straddle the whole investment spectrum from equities and pro-

perty to gilt-edged securities.
On the other hand, there tends to be a lot of off-putting mumbo-jumbo with an insurance company plan, the eventual outturn being dependent on various interim and terminal bonuses. This allows the building societies to promote their

straightforwardness as a mar-keting point. attribute a precise rate of rebe able to offer comparable turn to the individual member's long-term returns, in practice money and the scheme would they have not done at all badly be taking on extra administra in the past few years of high interest rates. Then, too, build-circumstances ing societies have tried to add

though at present, with banks so competitive in the mortgage market, this counts for little or nothing. Normally, however, the individual scheme member will

bave to accept the decision of The Anglia, for the trustees on the particular channel for the AVC cash. He will still have to decide on the particular appeal of AVCs in his own case.

The pres and cons bere depend very much upon age. The young employee will be attracted by the potential tax relief but the inflexibility of the AVC scheme must weigh very beavily on him. The younger scheme member cannot be sure of how long he will remain a member of his company's scheme, especially in these days of company closures and redun-dancies. Nor can he be sure of the size of future calls on his

Younger people are normally burdened with beavy regular commitments for mortgages and the like and they need to hold their savings in an easily realisable form. The Revenue expects employees to continue making AVCs for at least five years, though there could be a concession in true hardship cases. On

sion in true hardship cases. On change of employment the monay may well be frozen until the scheduled retirement age.

For older members of schemes, however, AVCs may come into their own. Having shed family commitments such people may have more spare income and may incidentally be liable to a higher tax rate. It is also easier to plan on, say, a 10-year view rather than on the 30-year perspective of a

AVCs may make particular sense for the older man lacking the full number of years of service in his company pension scheme. He can top up his otherwise inadequate benefits in a tax-efficient way.

Anyway, insurance companies report that AVCs are typically paid by people in their 50s. It is suggested that younger people could be made more aware of the potential benefit of using AVC schemes to pro-vide additional life cover. Within the limits imposed by the Revenue this would allow employees to gain full tax relief on life cover as opposed to the 15 per cent available as

a normal concession.

Practitioners within the savings industry see plenty of scope for the expansion of AVC schemes, which are seen as a steady growth area. The attractions are steady growth area. tions are cartainly substantial for employees on high tax rates who have a fairly clear idea of how the remainder of their career will develop.

In a few years, time, as an

increasing number of indi viduals paying AVCs reach retirement age, there will no doubt be an increasing demand for expert advice. For the tricky but enviable problem will be to juggle with all the options in order to turn an AVC nest egg, along with the normal pension entitlement, into the optimum retirement package.



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PENSIONS FOR THE INDIVIDUAL VI

Variety of solutions for an awkward problem

But the Revenue is inflexible

on this point and will not even

Loanbacks:

borrowing from

the pension

as belp existing clients. Their

efforts have resulted in a variety of complex schemes known as

The first loanback arose in

connection with small self-administered schemes for con-

trolling directors and execu-tives. These schemes are de-

scribed in another article. But

the loanback facility enables the parent company to borrow,

But whereas there are no con-

loanback arrangements.

CONTRIBUTIONS to a pension scheme represent the most taxefficient means of saving avail-Save & Prosper able to individuals and companies. For employees who are members of a company pension scheme, such savings are for **Pension Fund Performance** the most part involuntary, since membership of the company pension scheme is a condition

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14.9%

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SAVE & PROSPER PENSIONS

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The favourite conventional executive pension scheme is still the with-profit contract. These operate on the cash fund-ing principle. The company actuary calculates the cash sum interest and this sum is guaran-teed whatever the intervening investment conditions. Period-

A bonus, once declared, is

on commercial terms, up to 50 per cent of the pension fund young and retirement is many years away. Such people would love to treat their pension assets as a piggy bank to be drawn on at will. Such attitudes are assets. Company pensions schemes have always been able to grant loans to the parent company unless the trust deed frequently seen among young

specifically bans this.

jobs solely to get their bands on some cash—the refund of trols over the terms on which company pension scheme makes loans to the parentand some companies have abused this facility—the Inland Revenue keeps a close watch But with the self-employed and with companies, the thought of having assets that cannot be over the terms on which small touched whatever the need is self-administered schemes make a factor militating against pen-sion fund provision. The com-pany of self-employed can be loans. The rate of interest has to be a commercial one and the repayment date should not be on the verge of bankruptcy yet later than the date of the first still the pension assets cannot be unlocked. This situation retirement in the scheme.

Io practice one can justify a rate of interest up to two meaningless if the company or points below that charged by the individual is going out of banks and other financial in-

stitutions because of the saving in expenses. Also in practice the loans are made for periods of less than one year and renewed each time, but this is for administra-

consider discretionary with-drawals for companies or indi-viduals in dire financial needs. tive reasons. The company can pay interest gross for loans of So the onus has been on the life companies and the pension ess than one year, whereas for consultants to consider ways of overcoming this problem and loans of one year of more the company has to pay net interest and the pension scheme has to stimulate new business as well reclaim that deduction.

These loans have to be granted for bona fide business purposes and properly used can provide cheaper finance than bank loans or overdrafts, without inpinging on the security

Life companies, seeing their executive pension business threatened by the doit-yourself schemes have introduced the company loanback facility for their executive arrangements. With linked schemes, the loan becomes part of the assets backing the pension, as it does with a small self-administered scheme. But with conventional with-profit executive schemes the loan forms part of the over-all assets held by the life com-

Such a solution is not possible with self-employed pensions since the pension contract has to be non-assignable and noncommutable to obtain approval. It cannot be used as security for a loan.

Then just over a year ego Vanbrugh Life, the linked life company in the Prudential Group, found a way round this.
It devised a scheme where it would make loans to the selfemployed on a basis relating to the pension policy. But it bad to be backed by some other form of asset such as the selfemployed's bouse, business property, or a portfolio of shares. However, the terms of the loan were extremely relaxed.

There was no obligation for the self-employed to pay interest. This could be rolled up until the loan was repayed. Repayment need not take place until the self-employed actually came to draw his pension. In theory the cash commutation would be used to repay the loan and any accumulated interest

under (a) would still be £800, while under (b) it would be

£1,200 while under (c) it would

The bonus system does not

The other form of conven-.

executive pension con-

generate profits, only the way in which they are shared out.

tract is the deposit administra-tion type of scheme. Unlike a

with-profits contract this does

not project sums to the date of

retirement, with no indication

of current worth, but accumu-

lates the cash sum at the

present time in a manner akin

to a deposit account. The bonus

system still applies in many

The company gives a guaran-

teed rate of accumulation to

which is added each year a

be £1,200.

bonus rate.

though the life company has n

Some life companies base the mount of loan on the accus lated value of the pension contract. Others base it on a multiple of the annual premium. Under the fatter feature the self-employed can take out a contract and then borrow 15 times the premium.

In addition, life companies do not seek to check on the covenant of the borrower or the purpose of the loan. In fact the lack of any control over the granting of the koan, which would appear to be an automatic right, could make a self-respecting banker wince.

This losoback facility proved to be the greatest marketing aid ever seen to selling selfemployed pensions. Inter-mediaries will not consider a contract unless it contains a loanback facility.

To the rational observer this enthusiasm may seem strange The self-employed could always take his house and get a loan on it from a bank or from a finance house. But either the intermediaries have somehow convinced the self-employed that they are unlocking their pension assets or the self-employed want an easy source of finance that will not be will-drawn in times of financial stringency. In effect they are no longer dependent on their bank manager.

Dangers

But there are dangers due the self-employed in making a free use of loanbacks. To start with in many contracts the loan becomes an asset backing the contract and the growth in the fund is held back compared with equities and property.

But more importantly the temptation is to let the loan interest roll up and repay at the time of retirement out of the cash commutation. Consider the following example provided by Crown Life. The self-employed, aged 40,

has taken out a pension policy for an initial premium of £2,000, which be increases by 12,000, which be increases by 10 per cent each year. He immediately borrows £2,000 under the loan back facility to pay school fees, again assumed to rise by 10 per cent tach rear. He allows loan interest of 14.35 per cent to roll up gross. So be borrows £2,000 in the first year, rising to £2,928 in the fifth year—a monetary total of £12,210. By the time he resches 60 the accomplated loan has tisen to £185,796. Assuming the linked funds grow at 13.5 per cent bis cash commutation amounts to £135,573, just failing to meet the loan. His whole cash sum has gone in respect of loans taken 15 to 20 years

Hambro Life does not allow interest to be rolled up- and insists on prompt payment. Both companies, and many others, are reporting a steady stream of pelicyholders taking loaus. The prime purpose of the loan is for private rather than business

It is difficult to separate the self-employed business and personal accounts. A sample from Crown Life showed such widespread uses for loans; as far as they could ascertain, as paying school fees, buying houses, particularly second homes to buying a yacht and a car.

The danger for life companies is that in their drive for business they will relax even further their loan terms—an easy and instantly effective course of action rather than trying to improve their investment

With-profit contract is still the favourite

THE CONVENTIONAL life companies have always operated in the executive pension field. but until recently they have tended to be subordinate to the mainstream company pension business. The old-style "top hat" policy was being sold long before linked life companies appeared on the scene. But this contract almed at supplementing the benefits provided to executives and senior employees from the main company scheme.

For the self-employed the

saving is on a voluntary basis

as it is for many executives and controlling directors. But the price to pay for tax concessions is that the assets are locked

away and cannot be tonched un-

til retirement or on death

For many self-employed and some companies this is a high

price to pay. Since saving is

voluntary they do not take out

The Inland Revenue is adamant on this score. Pension

assets have favourable tax con-

cessions because they are ear-

marked solely to provide pen-sions and other benefits on

retirement, or benefits to dependants if death occurs

This attitude is understand-

able for employees in company

pension schemes, who resent

having contributions deducted

from salary or wages in the first

place, especially if they are

female employees who change

seems illogical to many in that consideration of the pension is

contributions from

before retirement.

pension contracts.

while still working.

They were a little slow to appreciate the full effects of the change in legislation in 1973, as far as controlling directors were concerned, and were thus late into this field. Nevertheless, they have now concentrated on producing conventional style pension contracts that stand up on their own and move away from the previous idea of topping-up on company pension

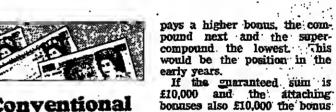
provision. The workings of the with-profit system still remain a mystery to many people com-pared with the apparent openness of unit-linked contracts. To start with, there are no specific deductions for charges as with unit-linked. The company actuary builds a charging structure into his premium calculations and any shortfall in ex-penses is a first charge on the investment profits of life and pension funds. At the end of the day the investor can only see the effect of the charges in

his return on the scheme. Secondly, the policy-bolder has no immediate measure of the investment performance of the underlying fund, as with unit-linked, where this is reflected in the unit price move-

accumulated from the premiums paid on a certain rate of ically, usually once a year, the life company, acting on the advice of the actuary, declares a bonus which is added to the guaranteed sum.

guaranteed and cannot be taken away. But life companies do not guarantee future bonuses, even though no bonus rate has been reduced since the war. In addition, most, but not all, life companies pay a final bonus when the executive retires and starts drawing his pension. The exact mechanics of the

bonuses system is still a mystery to the layman. The company actuary makes a valuation of the assets and liabilities of the life and pension funds to



Conventional executive schemes

ERIC SHORT

determine the amount of profit that can be released. In doing his valuation, he takes certain margins in his calculations.

The actuary then decides exactly how much of this profit can be distributed to policyholders, and shareholders in proprietory companies, and bow share that profit between policyholders. This he does by declaring a bonus rate which is applied to the benefits.

The complications do not stop here, because there are various bonus systems and each has a different effect on varying lengths of contracts.

This can best be explained by means of an example. Consider a contract that has a guaranteed cash sum of £10,000 with attaching bonuses of £1,000.

(a) If the company operates

a simple bonus rate—rather rare these days—the bonus is calculated on the guaranteed sum only. If the company declares a rate of £8 per cent, the bonus for the year in the above example would be 8 per cent of £10,000, that is £800 and the total bonuses would rise to £1,800. But next year's declaration would also be based on the guaranteed sum of £10,000.

(b) If a company operates a compound system, the usual format these days, the bonus is calculated on the cash sum and attaching bonuses. If the com-pany declares a rate of £6, the bonus for the year in the example would be 6 per cent of £10,000 + £1,000 = £860 and the total bonuses would rise to £1,660. But next year's declara-tion would be based on the guaranteed sum and attaching

bonuses, that is £11,660.
(c) If the company operates a higher bonus on the attaching bonuses compared with that applied to the guaranteed sum a super bonus system popular with Scottish life companies. If the company declared a rate of £5 per cent on the sum assured and £7 per cent on the attaching bonnses, the bonus for the year is 5 per cent of £10,000 plus 7 per cent of £1,000, i.e. £570. The total bonuses would

It might appear from this example that the simple system

rise to £1,570.

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Severe tax penalty for the do-it-yourself approach

WHEN THE self-imposed with self-employed have to save out to save for a pension fire lump sum. Any cashing in of investments will be subject to save for a pension fire lump sum. Any cashing in save for intermed to fire in save for a pension fired the fire company's operation the fired would be taxed as unearned income.

Secondly, the portfolio while fired would he taxed as unearned income.

Secondly, the portfolio while fired would he taxed as unearned income.

Secondly, the portfolio while fired would he taxed as unearned income.

Secondly, the portfolio while fired wo

nest egg. I pares with a personal pension So a Do of Yourself approach, where the life company invests with one's own lawestment ad in a tax exempt fund. Finally, when the aelf-emtha fax man was it means the ployed retires, there is no tax

Important questions

THE SELF-EMPLOYED can ideally every year. adopt several approaches in arranging their pension provi- tant should be responsible for sion, Varying from a very advising on this aspect of pen-straightforward attitude to sion provision, but in practice getting involved in a complex the insurance adviser or the life

One approach is for the selfemployed to consider putting a certain sum aside aach year out of earnings into an annual premium contract, with a life company. This approach involves a minimum of time and effort by the self-employed. The amount of premium would usually be a guesstimate on what the individual can afford based on past earnings. The life company would he the life arm of the insurance company which he uses for his business insurance, or the company recommended by his accoun-

tant, if different
This attitude may seem
lighthearted. But a person
devoting all his time and effort to running his business is often



Considering the Options

ERIC SHORT

not able or willing to spend the time required to grasp the com-plexities of self-employed pensions. Life companies are employed to plan ahead for

But such an approach fails to make the maximum potential of the tax efficiency of selfemployed pensions or the in-vestment expertise of certain life companies. Adopting the approach mentioned above, the self-employed is almost certainly putting aside far less than he could afford or is allowed by law.

...He could usually do better life cover before retirement investing with a different comone he uses for his general insurance. The life operations of composite insurance companies, with one or two exceptions, have not figured prominently in the performance tables.

The financial planning of the self-employed should be centred around pension provision and one method would be to consider - it in the following

• How much can be invested? How should it be invested?...

Which type of plans to use?
 Which life companies should

The method of ascertaining eligibla aarnings for pension purposes is laid down in legislation and the self-employed can invest up to 171 per cent of these earnings and get full tax concessions. The definition is extremely complex and the selfemployed need to consult their accountant to ascertain the contribution they can make out of current earnings. In addition, there are unused amounta from previous years that can be carried forward for a maximum

of six years. The aelf-employed can invest current year contributions in either annual or single premium contracts or a mixture of both. Single premiums provide flexibility in payment, that is essential for those with variabla earnings such as actors or authors. Annual premium contracts impose the discipline of regular savings, without which many self-employed would find other uses for their pension

Advice is needed on how to split the contributions hetween annual and aingle. The amount of annual premium ahould be fixed so that the self-employed is confident that he can maintain it in the future. Most life companies will allow the selfemployed to vary the annual premiums on the contracts with-

out imposing a penalty. So ideally, the self-employed select an annual premium contract that acts as a foundation and they build on this with a series of single premium plans. The unused reliefs from previous years will, of course, automatically go into singla

In these days, of high infla- several companies that will protion, the seif-employed ought to their pension at certainty the company which their contributions frequent intervals at least will produce the top performonce every three years and ance in every circumstance.

constant training and have acquired the knowledge to

guide the self-employed through

the labyrinth of the regulations. Most brokers and companies

have devised calculation sheets to assist in the exercise.

The next stage is to decide

which type of pension contract

to take out. Other articles in

the survey have described con-ventional and unit-linked contracts. The adviser should explain the choice to the self-

employed and the implications. The insurance adviser or life company specialist is possibly better equipped for this role than the accountant, unless the

latter is with a large firm that

The self-employed must remember that if they consult a life company representative, they will only be told about

those plans marketed by that life company. Unit-linked com-panies only sell unit-linked schemes, but many long-estab-lished conventional life com-

panies now have unit-Hinked operations so they can offar a complete range of self-

In general, it would be advisable for the self-employed and

his accountant to use the services of an independent

insurance adviser, preferably a registered insurance broker.

Since December, all persons

brokers have to register under

the Insurance Brokers (Registration) Act, 1977. This ensures

both expertise, and complete impartiality from the intermediary.

At this stage, the self-employed needs to decida how

much of his outlay is used for

. Now the choice of pension contract — with-profit, deposit

administration, or unit-linked-

will depend very much on the

temperament of the individual.

Many people want to have at least some of their pension

guaranteed under a with-profit

contract. Others seek the higher

returns offered by unit-linked. As time passes, investors are hecoming less fearful that

linked contracts could go awry A decision to use with-profit

contracts leads on to making a

choice between funding for

pension or funding for cash. The latter atyle offers a high ension when interest rates are

high as they are at present

but it could be a different story

if interest rates come down. The adviser should explain the

implications of both types and

endevour to get the self-em-ployed to think more than just

maximising the tax-free cash

If the choice is unit-linked,

then the aelf-employed have the further decision of which fund

to link the contract. Often, the

self-employed leave everything

to the life company by going into the managed fund. But this

is not making full usa of the

opportunities offered by unit-

The wide range of funds now

enables the self-employed to

plan his pension portfolio him-self on similar lines to holding

a portfolio of stocks and shares He can hold a variaty of con-

tracts in equities, both UK and

overseas, property, fixed interest and cash. Life com-

panies now offer switching

facilities between funds for

Financial planners are now

beginning to offer a portfolio management aarvice to the self-

been rather slow into this field.

Many independent advisers

find that their clients prefer to

spread their boldings between with-profit or deposit adminis-

tration, and unit-linked, having

part of their pension guaran-

teed and lazving the rest to the investment performance of the

The final choice of which life companies to use needs the

knowledge of the market that

only an independent adviser

can provide. He can recommend

vide high consistent returns.

He cannot recommend with

minimal cost.

life company.

employed, although

employed pension plans.

can employ specialists.

The self-employed'a accounthat it operates on the unitcompany pension specialist can help the accountant in calculating the maximum amount that can be put aside for pen-sion. These specialists undergo

the aeif-employed can run their own portfolios using their own investment advisers and still henefit fully from the favour-able tax concessions.

The insurance brokers design tha scheme setting out the henefit structure and the con-tribution payments, but they have to find a life company that is willing to be a partner to the arrangement and will put its name to the scheme. There is no way round this. The scheme has to be approved by the Superannuation Funds Office of the Inland Revenue and the legisla-tion states that only a personal pension plan with a life company can he approved for eligibility for the tax conces-

linked principle. It is in the name of the life company, and has to be included in its annual valuation, so using the unitlinked system makes each scheme easily identifiable. The investments are held in the

investment department would have no involvement whatever. Although, the manager would ostensibly manage the portfolio for the life company, in fact he would be managing it on behalf of the aelf-employed.

Because the assets are held in the name of the life com-pany, the investments are, howsible for linked life contracts under the Linked Properties and Indices Regulations 1975. But the prescribed list of investments covers a very wide range of cash, fixed-interest, equity (UK and overseas) and properly holdings, both direct and through authorised unit trusts. The main exclusions are unquoted shares and residential

company has no involvement in the operation of the scheme. even though it still receives its charges from the scheme. It may be involved with some of the administration, such as calculat-

Once established the life

for the self-employed ERIC SHORT

> under full discretion or taking into account the wishes and ideas of the self-employed. exactly the same as with his own personal portfolio. The portfolio can invest directly iu shares of the self-employed's choice, or his advisers' choice. He can invest as much oversens He can switch investments how and when he likes.

name of the life company.

ing the unit price, but most here. The pension portfolio

The charges in setting up a likely this would be done by the should not be a duplication of DIV personal pension plan can

the fluancial planning of partnerships One of the problems with partnerships arisea when the senior partner wishes to retire and looks to the junior partners to buy him oot. Often this can be a severe financial hurden on the junior partners, especially if the property such as the offices owned by the partnership is in the name of the senior partner.

If the senior partner sets up one of thesa schemes and trans-fers the property from his own name to the name of the life company running the personal pension scheme, so that it forms part of the assets of that scheme, the transfer problem is solved. The property can re-main a permanent asset of the scheme. The partners make scheme and the assets are built has his own idea of investment? lation amended so that auch up in cash until it is sufficient and his own adviser. This is schemes do not have to use a as he likes or deems prudent. to huy the property. Since interest is accumulated free of tax, this may not take as loog A word of caution is needed as one would expect.

be justified if there are suffi- tunities. cleot partoers willing to set up such a scheme. Pointon York, the Lelcester based brokers who their scale of charges is reason-able compared with what life companies charge for personal pension contracts.

They charge £250 per person for establishing a acheme with a minimum charge of £500 per scheme. Life companies can de-duct as much as the whole of the first year's contribution in commission and expenses. The running costs charges by Pointon York are 1 per cent of the contribution and 1 per cent of the fund, plus a fixed charge of £20 per partner. The firm operate through Proparty operate through Proparty Growth Assurance and has negetlated reduced charges from the life company to offset Ita

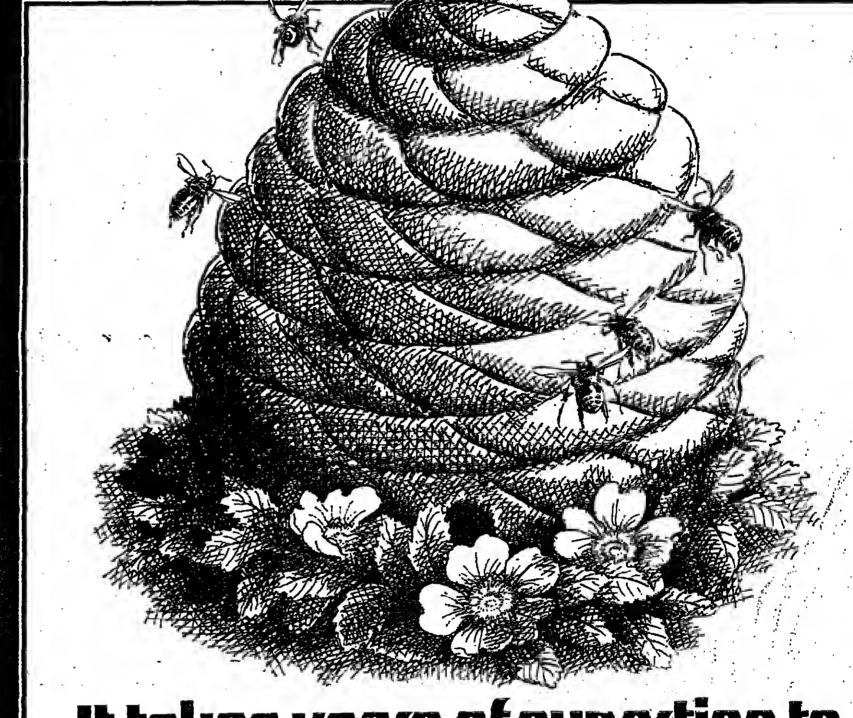
charges. To date, very few schames have heen put ioto operation, although many aelf-employed. shown keen interest. The problem of getting schemes 32 per cent over that period. lanoched in the very practical Richards, Longstaff is

partner to have his own scheme once his stake is sufficient to justify going it alone. This development is now taking place with the achemes being

The individual self-employed with no partners to link up with, may find the schema run hy Richards, Longstaff Interest. Stockbrokers interested in these administered personal pension arrangements not only for themselves as self-employed but alao for their self-employed

Richards, Longstaff operates lts own scheme called Black-down, managed by the Bristol stockhrokers Stock Beech using Trident Life. This scheme has 118 investors including the partners of Stock Beech and its clients and many self-employed who previously had no connection with the stockbrokers. The fund launched 20 months ago particularly partnerships have now stands at £175,000 and has

one that each person involved endeavouring to get the legisquite natural. A pariner near-life company in order to get ing retirement is concerned approval. It claims that life with preserving the value of his ; companies are no longer necess one would expect. share of the portfolio while sary for the self-employed to The charges in setting up a the younger pariner is pre- provide their pension in a tax



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PROVIDENT MUTUAL Plans for your future

Homes in the snow

BY JUNE FIELD

BUT I DO NOT ski, I reminded the developers who invited me to the launch of the laiest phase of apartments in a skiresort in the Alpes Maritimes last weekend.

It did not really matter, as there is a well-marked path for non-skiers. I could sit in the sun or even swim in the open-air pool heated to 50 degrees F. brush up ou my Freech at the on an ice-track circuit devised its 10th anoiversary this of the 1979 Monte Carlo Rally.

For sustenance there language school, and learn how Olympics trainer Honoré Booto skid safely in a special car net, the resort is celebrating for sustenance there was being promoted to the process land at the Cow Club on the market as well as the French, are huilt traditional mountains. slopes, dinner at La Genisserie, are hush traditional mountain-and for après, a high-speed chalet style, with extensive use

This is Isola 2000, its name door and go straight onto the taken from the alcitude 12,000 slopes.

The latest units, of which the latest units of which the latest units. Malinvern and Mene, with some 112 km of pistes and 22 ski lifts. One drives 90 minutes or so from Nice Airport through stunning gorges and post dramatic witerfalls, to only four kins from the Italian

British Bernard Sunley Group climb, ride, hake, play tennis in association with the and go in for archery. in association with the Societé pour l'Aménagoment et La Promotion du Sile Isulo 2000 (SAPSI), who are now the new owners.

Originally conceived by Peter Boumphrey. British Olympic skier, designed by Nice architect Henri Berri, with ski runs traced by French Olympics trainer Henri tonth-light procession of the of wood, a contrast to the instructors, and music at the hard-edge concrete of the night bar, Le Tuhe. Abuve all original complex of apartments—detender rous. French for hotels, and shops. You can put your skis on at your front

some ±000 acres of fine snow, there are 60 immediately availin a high valley roughly able, vary in size and price between the mountain peaks of from about £23,000 for a studio able, vary in size and price a bit more for one with a bal-cony and rack for skisl. lo around £71,000 for a three to four room duplex. All are sold fully furnished and equipped with everything from cooker and refrigerator to china and cutborder. I first wrote about lery. A management company London. SW1 (01-493 8222). Isola nearly a decade ago, organises letting, in the summer And for those who do not want

when it was developed by the season as well, when you can

The joint sole agents are Hampton and Sons in London, and John Taylor of Cannes. Although all prices are quoted in French francs, for convenience. Hampton's price lists have heen converted ioto sterling at the rate of 10.50 FFrs to the pound. Currency loans can be arranged for non-residents through SAPSI's hankers, Barclays, the term generally limited to seven years, the amount depending on the guarantee. For a first mortgage over the property, the bank may agree up to 50 per cent of the pur-chase price, up to the full amount if there is further acceptable security. The rate of interest and the amount can also depend on what currency the loan is taken in, and advice should be sought on the possibility of exchange risks.

For a currency loan informa-

tion sheet, illustrated brochure on Isola 2000 and details on a rental holiday for two, the cost of which will be reimbursed for anybody who purchases an apartment during this winter season, contact Mr Robin Widdows, partner io charge of the overseas department at Hampton and Sons, 6 Arlington Street, London, SW1 (01-493 8222).



ang kananang madakesisat arinang arah panah arah arah arah arah arah 1961 dalam kapas sa merebeng kerab d

Isola 2000, ski-resort about 51 miles north of Nice in the Alpes Maritimes, where a new phase of apartments in traditional chalet-style are from about £23,000 for a studio, around £71,000 for larger accommodation. Details Robin Widdows, Hampton and Sons, 6

skis, boots, skates and a tobog- family.

.. Arlington Street, London, SW1 to cook for themselves, inciden-gan when you get there; and, of

tally, there are two bakers with course, there is a very good ski take-away food; you can hire school for instruction for all the

studios from £23,000 and two-

bedroom apartments from £44,000 are available overlook-

ing this delightful bay; Also for sale are five new houses

with small gardens in the select

Gardeners Road, with superb

views of the hay and the Straits,

Bars and restaurants are

mainly leasehold, and prices are

usually in excess of £50,000 for

the smallest property, but Mr Woods considers that the noten-tial is attractive and well worth

Investigation. The full portfolio

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The iron man of Prague

SHE SAT there proudly, dabbing away the tears and clutching her husband Jiri's hand while the 17,400 fans at Manison Square Gardens rose to applaud her 21-year-old son. For Olga Lendl it was the fulfilment of a dream. Ivan had at last won a major title, the Volvo Masters, to complete a year of achievement unparalleled in ine 14 years of open tennis.

Competing in 20 tournaments, n Davis Cup and Nations Cup teams and in Incrative exhibition matches, Ivan Lendl had claimed 10 titles from 15 finals in 1981. This magnificent record, which brought in the last aeven tournaments of the year, included a streak of five wins in five successive weeks that clinched the top prize of \$300,000 in the Volvo Grand Prix bonus pool—a feat that will surely stand for a long time

"I was very glad to have my parents here to see me win," said Ivan after coming back from matchpoint down in the hird set tie-break to heat the extrovert American Vitas Gerulaitis 6—7, 2—6, 7—6, 6—2, 6—4. "I owe them everything."

For Oiga, herself once the second ranked player in Czechoslovakia, all the dehts have oeen repaid. She would watch Ivan as a child toddling round the house in Ostrava, clutching a paddle and hall which he would hit against every available wall. She coached him from the age of eight and recognised even then an unusual intensity and dedication. Jiri. now a lawyer in Ostrava, was also a good player and encouraged his son to work

"That made a tremendous improvisation and a compet lined timpression on me," Ivan recalls, ence on the volley that sug- of joy. "That made a tremendous

erringly accurate.
Watching the young Lendl

in 1973 while the talent was being meticulously developed in petitor. When, on unfamiliar the Czech Federation's training grass, he won 6-3, 6-4 against the Czech Federation's training programme. Ivan's hero, Jan Kodes, won the singles at

The climb since has been steady, which is not always the thought If Jan can do it so can A dogged determination, plus forehand that was already a case with outstanding jumors. In 1980 be was the only player formidable weapon, to beat Bjorn Borg twice, and Ivan success in the national after a punishing schedule of championships in every age group from 12 to 18.

after a punishing schedule of the year ranked six in the world with five tournament wins in six wecks. On a wave of confidence he carried: Czechoslovakia 10-a TENNIS 4-1 Davis Cup victory over the surprised Italians in Prague.
"That was my proudest moment" says Lendl. OHN BARRETT The world took note when, in

Lendi in bis final against Geralaitis

was 13 at the time and I gested a really bright future

The experiences of the Tast two years—especially the narrow five set loss to Borg in 1978, aged 18, he added the Italian, French and Wimbledon junior titles to the prestigious the 1981 French final have hardened him. The "iron man of Prague " rarely smiles. With his appetite for success whatted Orange Bowl Crown he had won the previous December from Yannick Noab of France. and ranked now two in the world, Lendi could easily topple McEnroe from the top spot. He I well remember the Lendl of those days, a tall rangy ladhas won their last three tournsspare of frame and gaunt of ment meetings on clay, on cement and now last week on carpet in the Masters semi-final face-whose intensity of purpose and confidence in his own powers was remarkable. Already-First, however, he must learn the serve was powerful and the to master Jimmy Conners who ground strokes, hit hard and has won all eight of their meetoften with topspln, were nn-

ings since 1979. Riches, \$846,037 last year, bave not affected him. He is happy to turn over a percentage to his Federation in return for freedom of travel—which has helped him to become finent in six languages.

There is a touch of Base about this upright young Cred a man conscious of walking with destiny. In the years to come his mother is surely des-tined to shed many more tears.

Living on the Rock

IF YOU WANT TO RETIRE in rather long dull drive down the Puerto de la Duquesa; and busy Cadiz Road from Malaga their main office is only a short airport, which is necessary to used as currency, and the local reach the various Spanish La Linea. grocer is Liptons (and it appears many people do). Gibraliar could be the place to invest in property. This is what is said by Mr Frank Woods. chairman of Fincasol, already active in real estate hetween Marbella and Sotogrande, down near the Rock.

Since the news early this month that Spain was proposing in re-open the frontler on Anril 20, Fincasol, in association with a firm called Interland, has opened an office at 9B Lime Wall Rnad, which runs parallel with Gibraltar's lung rnad of duty-free shops called Main Street.

The expansion has a dual purpose, hecause not only will it enable the company to market Gibraltar real estate, hut flying to the island's air-part will save some of the

property complexes that Finca-

Mr Woods, with his wife sol also represents, such as Elizabeth, lives permanently in



The latest phase of apartments by the beach is now ready at the new marina Puerto de la Duquesa, less than 30 kms from Gibraltar, where the Spanish border is due to open on April 20. Prices are from £24,370 for a studio, to about £71,640 for a 3 bedroom duplex with balcony, patlo and garden. Jennie Pinder and Frank Woods, Fincasol, 4 Bridge Street, Salisbury, Wiltshire, is one of several agents UK.

Spain, in a splendid farmbouse are one or two new developin the hills, and has also spent ments such as the attractive La time in Gibraltar, first as a Terrace at Catalan Bay, where young soldier, and later as a foreign correspondent. He is confident that there is a very real if limited, UK market for property on the island, pointing out that," it is both British and Mediterranean," and has already received inquiries forinformation on businesses as well as for holiday and retire-

ment hones.
I spoke to a Cibraltarian this week too, who made the point that their life-style had changed considerably since the border closed, and that they felt that they were far less insular now. Many women who had not previously worked took an jobs that Spanish women used to do, and the meo, too, had to take on other work, so bringing about a two-job society. And when we realised that we could not just drive over to Spain for our holidays, we went to Europe and America, which also opened our eyes to a different way of

Overseas Exhibitinn at the Waldorf Hotel, London, WC2, on Thursday 4 February to Saturday 6 February. Further infor-mation from Mrs Jennie Pinder. managing director UK, Fincasol. 4 Bridge Street, Salisbury, Wiltshire (0.722 26444). The

A hero for hackers

THE OPENING of the season. Wells, Bermuda Dunes, La in the U.S. has had a deja vu Quinta and Tamarisk Country and America, which also opened company are members of air. Last Sunday Tom Kite, our eyes to a different way of ABOPA (Association of British leading money and Vardon Overseas Property Agents), and Property on offer in Gibraltar can supply details no buying five consistently brilliant rounds in perfect weather at the Indian

Clubs in Palm Springs, Callfornia, on his re-appearance, and still contrived to snatch defeat from the jaws of victory.

Tom Watson, also re-emerging after the holidays. finished no less than 20 strokes behind: Kite... The previous week in Tucson, Arizona, burly Craig Stadler, a proven front-runner in his three earlier victories, coasted home in the year's opening event. The rest of the field were realistically playing

win his junior titles in Rome

and Paris (on both occasions

beating the powerful Swede: Per-

Hjertquist) there was an impres-

sion of ruthlessness that

stamped him as a natural com-

Jeff Turpin, an accomplished American who enjoys grass.

courts, there was a degree of

for second place. But what should he most encouraging to winter-frustrated hackers throughout. America and Europe is that Kile was beaten at the second hole of a sudden death play-off hy Ed Finri. The winner had rounds of 70, 65, 66, 67 and 67 for a 335 total against Kite's 68. 66, 66, 69 and 66, both 25 under par-all four courses bave a

The wonderful truth is that nn casual inspection Fiori is one of us. To be hlunt this jovial, fun-loving 29-year-old. California-bern and Texas. domicited, is possibly the least likely looking winner in pro-fessional golf, yet he has wnn two servious events. The 1979 Sonthern, in which he beat Tom Weisknnf in a play-off, and last year's Western Open, the latter played at Butler National Golf Club in Chicago, by common consent of the players the toughest conrse on the circuit.

On his own admission Fiori is a tuhby little man who weigha nearly 12+ stones despite his height of five feet seven inches. But it is the manner in which he grips the club that is most astounding. Fiorl's right hand is so far underneath the shaft that the right thumh is hard against the back of it, and he

Fiorl on a practice tee in 1978 improve the short g in the company of Ken Venturi, though, with it he has the 1964 U.S. Open champion to win 19 major char Fiorl was leading the tournain 20 glorious years

BEN WRIGHT .. ment at halfway, having come

GOLF

Where can I invest with holiday

out on tour that year with impressive tredentials. He had been a member of the University of Houston team that had championship the previous year, and had been the leading qualifying school -Venturi and I were amazed.

If asked to guest Flori's handi-cap before he swing the club I would put it at no less than 16—and that was being charitable. Later that day I asked Venturi during a broadcast to-comment on Flori's unorthodox grip. With his customary frankness Ken replied that he had never seen a professional with a worse one, and that Fiori had scant chance of winning under the kind of pressure to which he was likely to he subected. The poor wes man duly fell apart the following day, and to my knowledge has refused to speak to Venturi ever since

If so it is a pity, because Flori has certainly enoyed the last laugh on both of us. But I applaud him for having the courage to persist with a method that bad served him so well as an amateur "hustler," when he was supplementing his earnings as a teenage construction worker in California.

The road to golfing oblivion has been jam packed with hrilliant players through the ages who; for reasons only apparent to them, have doubted their ability to survive in the professional ranks with the same crouches very low over the ball them admirably. I helieve make with a wide stance. This is Tom Walson is a current victim generally regarded by the of such middled thinking. In purists to be the rogue's badge, that he is misguided enough to swing that hitherto has served of an inveterate hooker who seek to improve a method that will smother his shots horribly allowed him virtually to reunder pressure.

I first took a close look at Jack Nicklaus sought only to improve the short game even though, with it he had managed to win 19 major championships

NEXT WEEK'S SPORT Skiing: World Cun jumping (St. Moritz), Jan 27. European Cup, men's downhill (Valoire, France), Jan 27-28. World Alpine championships (Schladming, Austria), Jan 27-Feb 7. European Cup, men's staller

Professional

Tennis:

Jan 25-31.

Rugby Union: British Polytechnic/World Cup quarter-finals, Jan 27.

India - v England, one day international (Cuttack), Jan 27. India v. England, 6th and final Test (Kanpur), Jan 30-Feb 4. European Cup, men's slalom (Tarvisio, Italy), Jan 30-31. Snooker:

World Cup jumping (Engelberg. Switzerland), Jan 31. Benson and Hedges Masters (Wembley Conference Centre), Jan 26:31 Indoor.

championships (Philadelphia) hips (Cosford), Jan 29-30

SNOW REPORTS

EUROPE Saas-Fee (Sw.) 90.186 cm Good skiing everywhere St Moritz (Sw.) 55-120 cm Word patches on lower alones European reports from Ski Cinb of Great Britain representatives

Sugarbush (VL)
Stowe (Vt.)
Hunter (NY)

... 18 50 ins Packed powder 74 runs open 34 73 ins Packed bowder, 37 runs open 30 90 ins New seew on machine base, Aspen (Col.) 29 58 ins Packed powder All runs Squaw Valley (Calif.) 60-138 inc. Most runs open Powder Park City (Utah) 50-89 ins. Packed powder

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Down to the sea again

IN CASE YOU make the drawn noticed, 1987 is Martings England Year If all started mere moments that the New Year with a hallowide series Year with a national series of beacons and accounts of days ago had a more ago the series of days ago had a more ago the beacons and maginative to the more aportaneous and makely though if you're a nucles, it may occur to taneous and mentery industry in you're a pusies, it may occur to you that some only qualify as maritime; with a large stretch of the smagination.

The best initial source of information is the recently published English Tourist Board's Marie Tourist Board's Marie Tourist Board's Marie Tourist Board's 125 formation of the street of the s

Maritime England: £1.25 from tourist information centres and newsagents or (plus 50p) from the ETB Hendon Road, Sunderland SR9 9XZ In addition to being very decorative; it is also very informative about main aspects of our maritime heritage, the individuals, communities and bodies must strongly associated with it (including inland waterways) and a pre-liminary survey of events. This will be supplemented in March by a free ETB publication. covering all events and major attractions for the rest of the

Maritime England can be as serious or as jolly as you want to make it. For the many of us who don't often stop to think about such things, the pre-Christmas tragedy at Mouse-hole in Cornwall was a polgnant reminder of how high the price can be for the brave and dedicated who voluntarily man our rescue services. The activities of the Royal National Lifeboat Institution, lifeboat museums and lifeboat stations around the country feature prominently in England's Maritime 1982 calendar. So does the sterling England's maritime image, work of Trinity House and its And further inland, Notting-

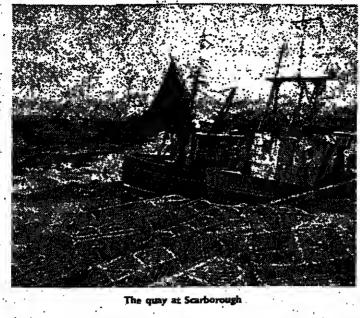
With so much to choose from, you need some kind of criterion for your planning. Indeed, you can pursue the maritime theme in the most unexpected places, but some areas are considerably more appropriate than others. The South-West probably covers as broad a canvas as any. For starters there is Plymouth with its robust naval history and Pilgrim Fathers connections; or Bristol with its Merchant

TRAVEL

SYLVE NICKELS

Venturers and SS Great Britain, the first ever ocean-going screw-propelled iron ship, It'a in Bristol, too, that a new National Lifeboat Museum is under construction (partly open to the public). Other relevant displays in the South-West range from the colourful Museum of Smuggling in pretty Polperro to the skilled technology of the Fleet Air Arm and Concorde Museum at Yeovilton:

- Over on the other side of the country, East Anglia will be getting some-good mileage out of its famous seafaring son, born in rural little Burnham Thorpe: But the University of East Anglia (University Plain, Norwich) are quick to point out that Admiral Lord Nelson was not the region's only notable sailor, and have devoted a fascinating week's programme to Norfolk Seafarers (August 7th-14th) as part of their Norfolk Heritage Study Tours. The Harwich Maritime Museum, Lowestoft Maritime Museum and Cromer Lifeboat Museum will all be reinforcing eastern



Canal Exhibition Shardlow, Derbyshire (both housed in old canal warehouses), and the splendid Waterways Museum at Stoke Bruerne (in a former cornmill) all admirably illustrate aspects of our inland waterways, even if the maritime theme may seem a bit tennous. There is nothing tenuous.

however, about the North associations Captain Cook. A Cook Heritage Trail leaflet leads you to his birthplace, his school and sundry other sites, while the Whithy Museum is a treasure-house of exhibits concerned not only with Cook, but also Arctice explorer Captain Phipps and intrepid whalers like William Scoresby and his pioneer Archic scientist son, The RNLI Grace Darling Museum in Bamburgh includes the boat in which Grace and her father rescued nine survivors from a wreck off the Farne Islands nearly 150 years ago, among the earliest of uncountable deeds of bravery and sacrifice in the history of this remarkable organisation.

The North West has several appropriate museums Blackpool is planning to feature moments in maritime history when it switches on its famous

Individual hotels, groups, agencies, town and city councils, bave all been sharpening their wits to good purpose on the maritime theme and the following is a random sample from the results. Greenwich Park plans a massive pageant spec-tacular (July 5-17) with nearly 2,000 local participants belping to illustrate 2,000 years of maritime history. Hull City Council bave evolved a Maritime Hull Trial with an attractive booklet (20p) as a guide. A series of Smugglers Travels" weekends exploring the Dorset coast. based in Bournemouth, is offered by Bournanza Holidays, 4 Westover Road, Bournemouth. Best Western (Inter-

change House, 26 Kew Road, Richmond, Surrey, TW9 2NA) have a selection of nautical packages in over 30 independent hotels. The Saxon Inn in Blackburn is featuring some painting weekends with tuition from a well-known local marine artist. The Cuckmere Valley in East Sussex, which long thrived on illegal trade with the Continent, is the scene of a Smugglers Festival (details from Drusillas, Alfriston). At

Beaulieu there will be a regatta of historic boats. Even Spalding's great Flower Parade In Nottinghamshire on May 8 will contrive a maritime theme.

The new Rover range, including a Vanden Plas

FROM. THE outside, there isn't a lot of difference between the new 1982 Rovers and the cars they have replaced; but the front air dam, the bigger back window and the moulded bumpers are only the tip of the

Perhaps the most significant move by BL has been bringing back the Rover 2000 after a gap of nine years—the original 2000 became a 2200 in 1973. At £7,450 the Rover 2000 is now exactly the same price as the 2300 used to be until the new range appeared last Wednesday. The new 2300 costs £7,970. All Rover prices have gone up by amounts ranging from £420 (the 2600S, now listed at £10,177) to £798 for the Vanden Plas, which costs £14,787, or £14,480 if you prefer the newly-available five-speed manual version instead of the standard automatic.

1t looks as though there will be some overlapping of prices between the Rover 2000 and the most luxurious versions of the Ambassador, the hatchback due to succeed the Princess in a few weeks' time.

Will Rover, who have priced their cheapest car only a couple of hundred pounds above the basic, fleet modal Ford Granada L (£7,211) and a long way below the comparable £8,828 Granada GL. gain more in sales than they may lose in prestige? How will the managing director, as he drives (or is driven) away in his Rover Vanden Plas, fee as ha sees one of his reps. stepping into an all but identical Rover 2000? It is quite a bold marketing decision by-Rover: only time will tell if t.pays off.

The fascia layout has been changed in the 1982 Rovers. The instrument binnacle, which was like a shoebox stuck on tha bootbox. It looks less of an excrescence and the dials are bold and easily read. In the priciest 3500 and Vanden Plas models, there is a fair amount of traditional Rover wood veneer, and very nice it looks.

Lowering the bottom edge of the rear window and fitting, a wash-wipe system as standard will make reversing up an unfamiliar drive at night much easier. Head and legroom is said to have been improved for the front seat occupants but the



Rover's flagship, the Vanden Plas V8. Externally, the air dam, moulded humpers and deeper rear wind are new. Inside, it is a traditional Rover, with lots of wood veneer

than 1 bad expected. Although

increase is marginal. The new Rovers I rode in and drove a week or so ago felt much less anacious than most of their rivals; it is an inherent draw-

back. But the Rover-and especially the ultra long legged V8 engined 3500—is a marvellous motorway cruiser. The gearing is so high that in fifth, 1,000 rpm represents almost 30 mph. At the French autoronte limit of 81 mph the big V8 is hardly

MOTORING

STUART MARSHALL

awake at 2.700 rpm and at 110 mph, which is an ideal auto-bahn cruising rate, the engine is still relaxed at a shade over 3,700 rpm. At this sort of speed there is a fair amount of wind roar (from the large exterior mirrors, I thought) and some tyre rumble, but the engine and

transmission are almost silent. Changing from a £12.546 2500SE to a £7,450 Rover 2000 was far less of an anti-climax any competitive vehicle over

the 2000 is lower geared than the V8 at 23.25 mph per 1,000 rpm in fifth, it is not in the least fussy at motorway speeds and has a 104 mph maximum. In town, it pulls well enough in fourth though without the silken flexibility of the Rover sixes or V8s. By 2-litre standards, its 0-60 mph time of 12.5 seconds is unexciting. But it is a large bodied car with enormous luggage space and the five-speed gearshift is quick, light and pleasing.

High gearing and car-buretter modifications to the O" Series engine the Rover 2000 shares with the BL-Princess pay off in modest fuel consumption. The Rover's urhan cycle, constant 56 mph and 75 mph figures are 23.9, 42.6 and 32.8 mpg respectively. BL say a typical average consumption would be 34.1 mpg. Clearly, much would depend on the number of cold starts and the amount of town driving. I hope to test the figure for myself

hefore long. Unquestionably, BL are on firm ground when they claim the lowest servicing costs for

been extended to 12,000 miles. BL say that routine servicing over this period would cost £236 for a Rover 2000 against £334 for a Mercedes 200, £511 for a Volvo 244DL.

Servicing and fuel consumption are important elements of a car's running costs but the crucial figure, for the private owner at any rate, is the resale value. In the recent past Rovers bave suffered bigher depreciation than some—though cer-tainly not all—their rivals. The 1982 models are far better equipped and built to a higher quality standard than those of, say, 18 months ago and BL swear that their new paint process is vastly superior. The rust bubbles that plagued some owners of earlier Rovers should

not appear on the class of '82. The concept of the Rover SD-1 was good enough for it to be chosen as Car of the Year 1977. Will it now achieve the sales success that has eluded it so far? One hopes so; and BL Cars deserve an Alpha-pius for effort in making the new Rovers look like proper Rovers

After the blizzard damage

because they offer so much more. surface for snow to collect on but also because so many of them come from warmer climates than ours and so are which at the moment-instead winters are exceptionally spires are shockingly tousled severe. Yet this the some of Green plastic covered netting the snow fell in such large, could be wrapped like a corset. moist flakes that it collected ex- around these and in time would cessively even on the branches of deciduous trees and shrubs.

1 cannot recollect ever having seen the apple trees in my orchard so heavily laden and during one sunny weekend they were marvellously beautiful, packed with snow and with gliftering icicles hanging from the branches. This was in mid-December when the snow collected most heavily in my district and even birch and ash saplings were tumbling down almost as fast as we could cut and shrubs can be pruned safely them out to keep the road clear. in late spring though it may Since then the snow has been drier and more powdery and has not done so much obvious dam-

Work that can be done immedistely is to cut off as cleanly as possible all branches that are damaged beyond hope of repair and to tie in those that have simply been weighed down but not actually broken. Many of the cypresses and junipers, especially those of narrowly. erect habit, have suffered badly in this way. Some specimens have been split right open and others left terribly bedraggled. It is in such weather as this that one appreciates varieties such as the Lawson cypress named Columnoris which get their slender babit by having very short, stiff side branches and by not holding thinner branches upright as does the variety named

danger appears to be over.

Naturally it is the evergreens to draw them together can do a that have suffered most not only lot of good.

It is not a method that is

GARDENING

ARTHUR HELLYER

I shall content myself by trim-

A great many evergreen trees entail some loss of display if they are flowering kinds. The two most important considerations when doing this cleaning np is to preserve the balance of each tree or shrub as much as possible and always to cut back either to the main trunk or to another branch, preferably one growing in much the same direction. That may prove difficult this year since so much of the snow came drifting from the north-east

Some shrubs were actually pushed over by the snow without suffering much branch injury. The sooner these can be righted the better, but because many roots are likely to have been broken by the fall, they will certainly need staking for a few months, possibly with the even more secure support of

RACING

DOMINIC WIGAN

ALTHOUGH the weights for the Sunsponsored Grand National will not be released until Wednesday, both Ladbrokes, the managers of Aintree, and the William Hill Organisation have felt able to offer prices on the race following the release of the entries.

Each firm agrees that last year's remarkable winner, Aldaniti, should be favourite. Ladbrokes offer the 12-year-old at 14-1 while Hills go 16-1. They may well be right in quoting him at these odds; but with 80 others entered, the lack of weights, and a small question mark still hanging over Aldaniti on the question of him remaining sound no one should the

consider supporting the favourite for the time being. selective backer at this point are Cliff, a sire who took up stud those likely, for one reason or duties in 1960 at a fee of £20 sky at Kempton.

be midden by new growth. But

ming them carefully in April or May.

three or four guy ropes equally

another, to get into the handi-cap on a favourable mark and who are either available at longer odds now than might be expected by the end of next week, or ones expected to pro-vide "hedging value" over the

coming two months.

Two who may well fall into that category are Bueche Giorod and Uncle Bing — currently available at 25-1 and 40-1 respectively. The first named, Michael Dickinson's only intended runner (this despite the fact that Ladbrokes are quoting his Cavity Hunter at shorter odds) improved out of all recognition last season under the care of Jenny Pitman. There is little reason to doubt that be can continue to improve. Bueche Giorod was the winner of the Massey-Ferguson, where his bold jumping at the head of the field had many of his rivals

beyond three miles. However, Dickinson clearly believes that a deficiency in The few entries which, in my stamina is unlikely to be a opinion, could appeal to the problem for the son of Blue

in trouble some way out. He

has never attempted a trip

great deal of damage to plants a great weight of snow without and, if more falls, no doubt the being much distorted; Erecta injury will increase. Some actually collects snow in its up-installed likely but the soon spreads them out even if for too long and so allowing main salvage work that will if does not break them off. This the zones to cut into the bark, eventually be necessary had is when a few lies of strong better be left until all further twine or plastic covered wire the snow collected on it and the snow collected on it and practicable with smaller, more this is a fast growing tree, but densely branched shrubs such as for the moment its shape is the juniper named Skyrocket spoiled.

It is not only broken branches always a little at risk when of making neat closely packed that are now causing concern. Many evergreen leaves arelooking very weather beaten, bronzed, blackened or even completely withered. Do not despair about this too soon.

1t is astonishing how plants can recover even from damage which superficially seems extreme. Wait until spring and then, with a penknife, make small incisions in the bark starting towards the end of a stem. Lift a slip of bark and see if there is green tissue beneath. If not, repeat the process a little nearer the main branch or trunk and, if necessary, continue this under-bark examination: right down to soil level. If there is any sign of green tissue, indicating life, wait a little longer and see if does, cut right back to it ao-getting rid of what is probably can do most good.

and protecting the plants from freezing one day and pouring and summer.

to grow from the base even when all leaves and stems aboveground are dead. In some cases the snow may actually have helped by insulating the roots wind: Every alpine plant enthusiast knows that it is our customary on-and-off winters, ing and cossetting this spring

nine shillings and one responsibla for only one other winner under national bunt

rules. Uncle Bing has, like Aldanlti. bad his training problems, but he, too, is now considered to be over a nagging case of leg trouble. If this proves to be the case the ultra-game Lambourn stayer who put np an exhilarat-ing display of jumping in land-ing the Topham two seasons back could be the blot on a handicap, for which it will have been difficult to assess him. For John Francome, too, Uncle Bing's participation could prove something of a quandary.

It was in 1980 that Rough and

Tumble took second place behind Ben Nevis after chasing home Rubstic and Zongalero in the previous year. Francome, rider on both occasions. the has otherwise never won or been placed in the great race. Turning to this aftarnoon's sport Rough and Tumble's handler Fred Winter, should he

setting out for the first tee with Josh Gifford in Antigua at about the same time that Venture to Cognac returns to the fray under a very different

spaced all round. But if you do the next, that are most fatal winter comfortably dormant beneath a deep blanket of snow. There are, of course, those

awkward plants that are neither shrubby. The New Zealand flax or phormium is one of these snapped it off at this weak and at the moment plants of point. No doubt it will grow a the hronze leaved and cream new leader fairly quickly, for variegated varieties in my garden are looking decidedly sick. Snow has only protected the base of these plants and their long, sword shaped leaves bave caught the full blast of freezing winds. I think they will survive though it may be midsummer before they look themselves again, However I would not expect them to take much more of the kind of battering they have bad since carly December.

Cloches can save a good many small plants not because they make much difference to the temperature but because they keep off wind and rain, I have protected some agapanthus plants, abutilons and fuchsias in this way, and in an unheated greenhouse 1 have a number of rather tender plants which are on trial and also some spare plants for which there was no room in my heated house. have been pleasantly surprised how few succumbed even though the thermometer has any new growth appears. If it dropped to 24 degrees F. on several occasions and bas been hovering around freezing point dead beyond hope and concen- for weeks. Even common trating the rising sap where it geraniums are not yet wholly dead and echeverias look quite Herbaceous plants are a happy. Nerines are actually totally different matter. Most of growing, though very slowly, them die down natuwrally each and verbenas are still hanging winter and grow again from on. Some double flowered crown or roots in the spring. lobelias that 1 had overlooked Even those that remain ever-green usually have this ability they have been moved to the beated house they appear to be recovering. One of the fascinais always something new to:be

One thing is certain. Those plants that do pull through will bave earned a little extra feed-

Venture to Cognac has already proved his liking for Kempton, but it is hard to see him returning after an absence of 13 months brought about through a back problem to upturn the Gold Cnp winner, Little Owl in the Fulwell Incidentally, there is good news of another outstanding Winter chaser. Midnight Court. The 1978 Cheltenham winner, rated on his day a better chaser than either Venture to Cognac of Little Owl by the Uplands trainer, is back in fine spirit in hie preparation for another Cheltenham sortie after a lengthy spell in the hunting field. The Winters seem to hope that the gelding's lengthy stay in Leicestershire has revived bis enthusiasm for steeplechas-

> KEMPTON 2.00-Little Owl 2.30—Lady Martha *** 3.30—Rathconrath 4.00—Cheka **

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Kaiser's Mum

BY GEORGE MALCOLM THOMSON

The Other Victoria: The Princess Royal and the Great Game of Europe by Andrew Sinclair. Weidenfeld and Nicolsoo. £10.00. 282 pages

I have never thought the same way about Queen Victoria since I learnt that she used to pour whisky into her glass of claret. Was this due to the malign influence of John Brown? Or was it an example of the general Scotophilia which led to the building of Balmoral Castle and, among unfortunate COIIsequences, to the partiality for Highland costume among distinguished guests at the Castle? (There is a sad example of this among the illustrations to Mr Sinclair's hook—Crown Prince Frederick of Prussia and the Kaiser, as a child, both wearing the kilt.)

Whatever the explanation, the naoit was undoubtedly a defect in a remarkable person. a nioneer of Womens' Lib who not only did a man's job but had nine children as well.
"What a woman," exclaimed
Bismarck. "One could do business with her."

This was very likely true, for the Queen, wilful and strong-minded as she was, had over the years, developed a vein of realism. She knew that sometimes she would have to give way, infuriating as it might he. The trouble was that her beloved daughter, the other Victoria, obstinate and opiniooated as she, did not have the same ability to trim her sails to the wind.

Vicky, it may be agreed, had the harder task of the two, as wife of the heir to the Prus-sian throne, transplanted to Berlin, to the heart of the military caste-spiked helmets. jackboots and a Palace without a hathroom. Naturally, she thought that the Prussians would be hetter off with a British system of government, with a liberal constitution. 2 Parliament and so forth. The pity was that she made her German. This, to say the least, was tactless.

It was not a time to risk giving offence to German amour-propre. The nation was in a surge of confidence, disposing of Denmark and Austria, and very soon to smash France in a lightning war. The German Empire was about to be born which made the situation still more sensitive. For the Crown Princess and her husband openly espoused the "Cohurg plan" for a united liberal Germany, and Bismarck, the junkers, and the officers, wanted a German Empire in which Prussia would be dominant. So that the Princess was caught up in a bitter political struggle in which her main antagonist was the most brilliant statesman in Europe.

Queen Victoria might have done more to restrain her daughter. But the Queen—to the alarm of successive Foreign Secretaries— was conducting a foreign policy of her own. She was in correspondence with members of her far-flung family all over Europe, exchanging confidential information with them and giving them advice.
For her "the Great Game of
Europe" was very much a
family game—Unhappy Families. Her daughter, the Prussian Crown Princess, was one of the most enthusiastic players of the

game. It was no wonder that German officials looked with intense suspicion on this web of parallel diplomacy.

Andrew Sinclair describes clearly and graphically the complex problems which the young English Princess encountered when she first went to Berlin— how she found it hard to understand that her husband was torn between desire to see
Prussia great and dislike of
Bismarck's suppression of liberties. She tried to make allowance for him: "He is not horn
a true Englishman and all
Descriptions have not the love of Wellbelm (later the Waiser) was a true Englishman and all Meanwhile, little Prince Prussians have not the love of Wilhelm (later the Kaiser) was

believed to despise everything more complex than ever, for the contrary.



Queen Victoria's daughter: a new life of her is reviewed today

Both Victorias were in Wilhelm, after his father's trouble. The Queen was tragic early death, would surattacked in the House of Lords round the Palace with hussars attacked in the House of Lords round the Palace with hussars for her German sympathies; in and ransack her dead husband's for her German sympathies, in Berlin, her daughter was be-lieved to pass state secrets hand, it was Wilhelm who dishieved to pass state secrets to Lord Palmerston. But the Queen's opinions were changing. "Odious people the Prussians are, that I must say," she wrote. It was hard work being head of an international family in an age of mounting nationalism.

Scandal about the Crown Princess's favourite hrother-

Constitutional liherty they not growing up as his mother ought to have."

they not growing up as his mother would have wished—"like pity was that she made her views apparent and that "the Englished to derive was credibly believed to derive wished.— When the Prussians seized Fritz, like Papa and as unlike Englished to derive wished.— like would nave wished.— like would nave wished.— like the rest of the Prussian royal ballowed to derive wished.— When the Prussians seized Fritz, like Papa and as unlike Englished to derive wished.— like would nave wished.— like the rest of the Prussian royal ballowed to derive wished.

Prince of Wales was married to Not surprisingly. Wilhelm a Danish Princess. "Oh, if came to dislike his mother and Bertie's wife were only a good her foreign ways. Queen Vic-German and not a Dane," wailed toria did what she could with the Queen, who took the German and not a Dane," walled for a did what she could with the Queen, who took the German side in the dispute. It was the Garter; soon the hoy was had enough that the peace of saying he would like to live Europe was being disturbed. To have the harmony of the England." His mother was not family broken as well was too so sure of that, although she are the could not forward that one day could not foresee that one day

> life. It is possible, as a reader of Mr Sinclair's admirably balanced and lively hook may feel, that with a little more patience and a lot more tact, Queen Victoria's eldest daughter might have had a career as successful as her mother's. But who can tell? The climate in Berlin was not favourable to masterful ladies, especially those tainted with

In one respect, she was probably unique. She was the only royal personage who read
Marx's Das Kopitol from beginning to end. The book comforted her. The Socialists might not be so dangerous after all.

The Association of Inter-

national Bond Dealers

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On the rails

BY PHILIP BASSETT

The Railwaymen: The History of the National Union of Railwaymen, Volume 2: The Beeching Era and After by Philip S. Bagwell. Allen and Unwin, £15.00. 459 pages

Trade unions' official histories tend to be by nature off-putting: the mixture of a partisan perspective and grindingly specific details about long-since forgotten negotiations deters all but the most dedicated.

Yet union histories are key source-books about important institutions which are often widely ill-reported. Unions tend to be written about either sycophantically—left-wing polemics which paint the unions as consistently virtuous—or over-critically—right-wing attacks on unions alleged misuse of their power.

It is extraordinary, for instance, that for an organisation with the power, influence and diversity of the Transport and General Workers' Union, the only generally recommended work is more than 25 years old. An official history of the union has never been produced.
Similarly, the only history of
Britain's second-largest naion.
the Amalgamated Union of Engineering Workers, was pub-lished in 1945 — though the union is working on a new volume. Only the miners, with a history running to seven volumes so far, and a sizeable number of other accounts of their activities, can claim to be

properly documented.

That unions are wary of being studied is clear. In the foreword to a 1952 book on This then is the story of a the TGWU, the union's then-

profound disagreement and he has. I feel, misunder-stood what he has seen, or, at any rate, failed to assess its significance." For a union to leave such

permanent records of its own affairs entirely to an author's judgement is too chancy; for a trade union historian, the prospect of one's work being examined, step-by-step, by a meticulously pondering execu-tive committee must be appall-

Dr Bagwell, in this second part of his history of British Rail's largest union, manages to avoid many of the pitfalls which plague union histories in a volume which, given BR'a current crippling dispute, could hardly be more timely.

The union must have had to swallow hard to accept his judgement that the NUR's response to the Beeching cuts in the railway network in 1963 was only "to seek an alleviation of its effects" rather than to see the plan changed or rejected. The campaign was "ineffective and lacking in strong, central direction." and perhaps most critically of all. Dr Bagwell says that "the absence of a decisive laadership sprang, at least in part, from the character of the General Secretary."

That the NUR can accept such judgements at all is both a mark in its favour and an indi-cation of how much it has changed. Unlike the situation in the days of Beeching, when even a strike failed to change BR's course, the NUR "undoubtedly influenced" the Government's decision in 1979 to reject new BR proposals to close another 700 miles of railway. Some think have probably

general secretary, Arthur changed more than the union Deakin, clearly gritting his would wish. Facing the severe teeth, explained that the disruption of the current strikes teeth, explained that the disruption of the current strikes TGWU had given the author by the train drivers' union unrestricted access to its Aslef, the NUR will probably records and to its officials, hut ruefully note Dr Bagwell's rethat the result was not quite cording of the fact that within what it expected:

48 hours of the NUR calling a "With many of the conclu- national strike in 1955, the Govsions he has drawn I am in erament set up a court of case.



inquiry into the dispute. Dr Bagwell is less than frank about the extremely poor mutual relations between the NUR and Aslef, though his account does not fall prey to the fallures of Aslef's own long-outdated official history, which outdated official history, which intellectual elegance which even supporters of the union make it both compelling and acknowledged is extremely enjoyable to read. acknowledged is extremely hiased in its reporting of inter-union difficulties. His detailing of the union's

structure is extremely thorough, however, as is his examination

strikes over pay and jobs might well reflect that, as Dr. Bagwell records, the railways workforce of 605,455 in 1950 plummented to 182,031 30 years later—and look again at the rail unions'

are about, and they emerge

of a world where poetry is all

the more important because you

can die as well as live for it. Mr

Hingley speaks aptly of the

Soviet practice of "honouring

its bards by exterminating

them." In England, where there

is less likely to be noticed, and

his highest honour may prove

to he neglect. That is not

seriously a matter for protest-

merely for complaint. A Ken-

sington flat is better than a cell

in the Lubyanka and death hy

Time stop

BY IAN DAVIDSON

Nuclear Illusion and Reality by Solly Zuckerman. Collins, 27.50 (£4.95 paperback), 154

Beyond the Cold War by E. P. Thompson. Merlin Press, 60p 36 pages

One of the weaknesses of the recently revived campaign is that too many of the cam paigners tend to be hysterical or incoherent, the other is that too many of them tend to be utopian unilateralists. Lord Zuckerman suffers from neither of these defects. Not only is he not a unilateral disarmer, but his Nuclear Illusion and Reality is written with a lucidity and an

His central thesis is simple. The two superpowers have far more nuclear warheads than is necessary for deterrence— roughly equivalent in desirabstructure is enteremely motorigh, however, as is his examination of the key pey and efficiency discussions of the late 1960s. His account of the NUR's involvement with the Conservatives' 1971 Industrial Relations Act, when the Government forced on the railway unions a hallot on strike action, and to its shock got a massive vote in favour, could probably not be bettered.

For the railway unions, as Sid Weighell, NUR general secretary, states in his foreword, the recent years have been "the story of a struggle."

Commuters cursing the present strikes over pay and jobs might likely to lead to an all-out nuclear exchange and the destruction of civilisation.

Nuclear weapons cannot be used in a battlefield context, he argues, because their desirar tive power renders them incom patable with any conceivable military strategy just as illusory is the belief that strategic missiles could be pinpointed on purely military targets without causing hun-dreds of thousands or even millions of civilian deaths.

Why then do the superpowers

go on adding to their arsenals? into four hiographies, though dictator. "Life and death," the defence scientists, labora-their relations were never close replied Pasternak, and heard tory engineers and intelligence Nicolson, £12.95, 269 pages

enough to encourage anyone to the phone at the other end interest in subsucing their own interest in subsucing their own ase of poets; it means an a carefree childhood and youth switchboard declined to put interest in subsucing their own interest in subsucing their own. demands, but once they are turned out, they have to be assigned targets. It is time for the statesmen to assert their authority over the technicians.

One example of this technician-led development is the Chevaline project for modernising the front end of Britain's Polaris missiles. This project was designed to counter the Soviet Anti-Ballistic Missile defence system, but it went on long after the ABM treaty had denuded it of any purpose, at a cost of some £1bn.

Zuckerman's prescriptions are unsensational -- an end to all research and development of new nuclear weapons, a comprehensive test-ban treaty, and negotiations to reduce very substantially the nuclear arsenals of both the super-powers. The other side of the coin is that Nato should substantially strengthen its conventional forces in Europe, so as to be in a position to renounce its current doctrine that it would be prepared to initiate the use of tactical nuclear

One inference which seems to be embedded in his exposition of the doctrine of minimal not fully explicate, is that weapons have deterrent value for protecting the homeland of the country which possesses cannot be used to protect other countries. In other words, the Germany are both pointless and dangerous. Yet Lord Zuckerman persists in propagating the Builsh myth that our independent deterrent is assigned to Nato; whereas the logic of his argument is that the only func-tion of the Polaris submarines is to protect Britain.

Yet despite this one genufied tion to bypocrisy. Znekerman has written a powerful and important book which makes a valuable contribution the salient debates of the times Mr E. P. Thompson agrees with Lord Zuckerman about the dangers of the present situation; with nuances of difference. They both believe that the East-West confronta-tion is perpetuated by sectional rested interests in both camps; but Mr Thompson's prescrip-tions, as expounded in Begond The Cold War, are predictably very different from those of Zuckerman. Not merely does he advocate limited muclearfree zones in Europe, he also calls for the removal of the hegemony of the two superpowers by means of peaceful destablification from below. ashanedly Utopian, this pampiries will interest all those who want to know what he would have said on BBC tele-vision last year if he had been permitted to give the Dimbleb

Out of the red

BY GEORGE WATSON

Nightingale Fever

hy Ronald Hingley. Weidenfeld and Nicolson. £12.95. 269 pages Nightingale fever is the inability to stop singing, how under the Tsars, when they him through. Stalin was too Adviser to the Defence Ministry ever dangerous the consequences. The phrase was German governesses, then visits these poems, beyond any doubt, heads are not turned that in previous the Mandelstan a few to Meeters France (though the consethe phrase was German governesses, then visits these poems, beyond any doubt, heads are not turned that in previous the conseto Stalin was too Adviser to the Defence Ministry.

months after the Russian Revointion of 1917, and Ronald Hingley tracks the heaven-born infection through four Russian poets of our century, all of them born around 1890: Osip Mandelstam, Marina Tsveta-yeva, Anna Akhmatova and Boris Pasternak, whom most English readers still know only as a novelist. The first two of them died violently in Stalin's terror, the last two, a little surprisingly, of natural causes as recently as the 1960s. The ingenuity of the book, which is hy an experienced analyst of Russian history, lies in seeing how it all hangs together: "a study of poets against a back-ground of revolution, not a study of revolution against a background of poets

They were not Soviet poets, except against their will. All four nightingales were singing by the start of the First World War in 1914. They did not seek Bolshevism, it engulfed them. "A-Soviet," rather than anti-Soviet, as Mr Hingley puts it, at least to start with; they belonged poetically to a European avant-garde like such lnckier contemporaries in the West as Pound, Valéry and Eliot. But violent history chosa to happen all around them: they did not choose it, as Pound did Mussolini. From tha 1920s, as literary radicals, they found themselves tha victims of the most conservative of all totalitarian

In his study of this entrapped quartet, Mr Hingley traces a descent into hell along roughly parallel lines; and he obdur-

ately declines to turn his book chat. "What about?" asked the to Western Euro (though never to England), followed by swaggeringly, ill-advisedly, out world war, two revolutions in a year, and the near-suffocation of the world's first socialise the world's first socialist state. It was a tragedy that was national, even multinational, as much as personal. The two men were Jewish, them." In England, where there though only in terms of are no prizes for poetry, a poet descent the two women werewell, women. It was unhelpful to be either, but they would have been crushed in any case. Nightingales are for open woods and summer forests, not for barracks under snow and barbed wire. It must be confessed that

Mr Hingley's largely line-by-line versions of some of their poems, rendered as they are in a mainly literal fashion that ha attempts to justify in an appendix on "Translation Policy," are little more than signposts down the way, and leave a Russianless reader like myself puzzled and unsatisfied about the literary standing of all four of events rather than at poems. There is a telling incident, for example, where Mandelstam, deprived of sleep by his OGPU gaolers in Luhyanka prison, secretes a razor-blade in the sole of his shoe; another whare Stalin phones Pasternak to ask if Mandelstam was indeed a nius—a question parried by Pasternak, who had the presence of mind to realise that the ruler of the Soviet Union believed socialism to require only one genius at a time.

The books excels at In that famous Moscow telephone-call, Pasternak told Stalin that he would like to drop into the Kremlin for a Soviat state can be made to

disease and starvation in a cold and distant camp. Nightingale Fever is a revealing study of what, by new, looks like the most successful and enduring imperial power in modern times. It is also a study in petty nastiness. When you look at them as close as this, big powers look very small. Mandelstam dared to call Lenin October's Upstart shortly after he had seized power in October-November 1917, declining to be impressed at an armed pursch by a handful of activists deluded by the turgid preachings of an early 19th-century German. But it was just the ideas of Lenin and Stalin that were mean. It was their looks, their dress, their conversation. They imposed by terror their secondhand ideas on the literary life of Moscow and Petrograd, and on much besides. It is only at great distance, and viewed through a utopian haze of wish ful idealism, that the little men who created and preserved the

Controversy surrounded the introduction of the 18th century "new" technology. It was seen as a threat to joba and to health. But, as is usually the case, the evangelists of change won through. The aga of steam had arrived. Society— which for centuries had depended on muscle, wind and water for energy—was trans-f. med.

Lord Briggs examines the changes brought about by steam, describing its impact on Britain and the rest of the world. As one would expect from this eminent historian the book delves into the full impact on thought, politics, society and culture. Many songs and poems too were inspired by the power and the possibilities of

discoveries it was not the work of one person or of one time. Many people in many ages mada discoveries which were finally adapted to practical use when they were needed.

Lord Briggs agrees with Karl Marx that steam did not bring about the industrial revolution. The starting-point of industrialisatim was the machine. Their invention made it necessary to develop steam power to driva

The book ranges over the many uses of steam. First there were simple pumps for preventing flooding in mines and finally complex turbines to drive ocean liners and generate electricity. Life was transformed throughout the world by the way steam

Two hundred illustrations,

The Power of Steam by Asa Briggs. Michael Joseph, £10.50, 206 pages

with the help of the new tech-

Experiments with steam gadinclinding many historic photogets had been carried out in graphs never published before, found. We shall never see an the ancient world. Like so many are included in this book. Some end of finding them.

was adapted to a variety of uses. Industry, agriculture and transport were all revolutionised.

chapters consist of just pictures and captions. There are some things that pictures can show

better than words—such as a complex steam-saw for cutting blocks of ice from the Hudson river or a proposed engine for American street railways with horse's head to avoid frightening horses. Now steam is a subject for ostalgia and Lord Briggs has

nostaigle and Lord Briggs has recognised this with a gazetteer highlighting the places in Britain, the U.S. and other countries where working steam engines may be seen.

This is probably the fate of all "new" technology. Opposition, prompted by fear of the unknown; then entimelastic acceptance; finally obsolescence and nostalgia.

One day someone may write book in similar terms about nuclear power and computers For as a Dominican friar pointed out in Pisa in 1206:



Lloyds Bank Limited has reduced its Base Rate from 14.5% to 14% p.a. with effect from Monday, 25th January 1982. Other rates of interest are reduced as follows: 7-day-notice Deposit Accounts and Savings Bank Accounts—from 12.5% to 11.5% p.a. Special Savings Plan—from 14.5% to 13.5% p.a.

The change in Base Rate and Deposit Account interest will also be applied from the same date by the United Kingdom branches of

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All your own work

JANUARY siways seems to me a dark kind of month, the month when the indoor pleasures of log fires, good books and music seem infialitely more alloring than bracing battles with snow and slush. Jammy is also a good kind of month for embaciling on something constructive, for lingering patiently over please of patenting for the sammer about by dressmaking or knitting or withstever other creative activity you enless the think that these activities are only for the very practised, for those whose mothers have patiently passed on ancient skills let me assure figure that newadays manufacturers have bent their efforts increasingly lowards making any kind of creative endeavour as easy as the practitioners would like. That is to say, for those who like to do everything the hard way—planning patterns and fesigns freemotives, tracking down fabries, your and so on as well, there is nothing and nebody to stop you.

Hany of us however would like a

Manda San Carlotte Sell Contraction of the Contract

- <u>i</u>

little help along the way—we like the idea of making something ourselves, of achieving a little milestone along the greating and house leads the beaution. achieving a little milestone along the creative path, but we lack the know-how to do it all ourselves. For those who think this way the rest of the pago has plenty of suggestions to offer.

If you'd like to try your hand at making your own toys (possibly for next Christmas?) Louise Elliott specialises in providing hits that are exceed-

next Christmas?) Louise Elliott specialises in providing kits that are exceedingly easy to follow and to make up. She has a marvellous colour sense—I particularly like her flowery pastel-coloured cats (Thomas and Tabitha) and her Nandl elephant from India, 142.85 inclusive new kit? Mast of them (£2.85 inclusive per kit). Most of them started life as special offers commissloned by magazines and newspapers, all are based on hrightly patterned cotton which is ready-printed, ready-tocut out and sew and stuff. For a full list of all her kits write to Louise Elliott, Bridgers Farmhouse, Hurstplerpoint, Sussex enclosing a stamped addressed envelope. Louise Elliott will also dispatch kits.

The Danish House, 16 Sloane Street, London SWI is currently selling the loosely twisted, soft Permin Zephyr wool (16p per skein) in 320 colours and a budget range of its own tapestry wool in 120 colours at 20p per skein. To make room for these the shop has had to give up stocking the universally available ranges of Coats Anchor tapisserio wool and stranded cotton. All

threads can be bought by mail order.
Those who practise a particular craft often have immense difficulty in finding a supplier for the materials they need. Knowing just were to find fine white china for china painting, materials for stained glass lampshades, cais' noses and whiskers and other esoteric items is a specialised business. Now there is a guide to belp. Com-piled by Evelyn Barrett and Lynnette Fogden, Popular Crafts Guide to Good Craft Suppliers can be bought from many booksellers for £1 hnt if in difficulty send £1.25 to Popular Crafts, 13/35 Bridge Street, Hemel Hempstead,

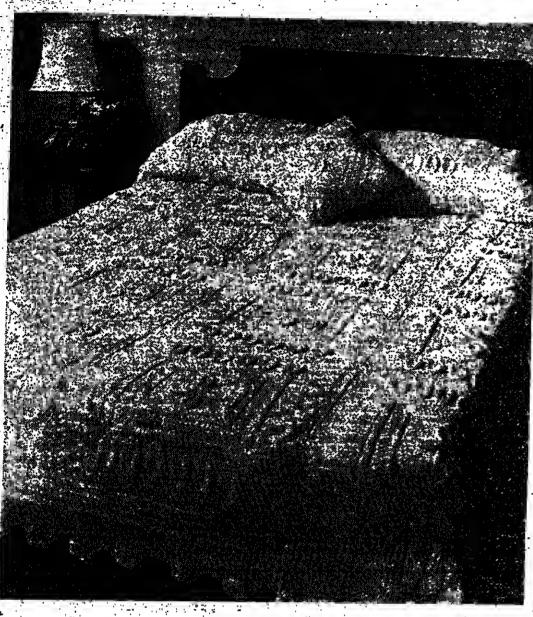
For home dressmakers Butterfly Silks of Union Mills, Skipton, North Yorkshire sells the most heautiful silks by mail order. Among its samples are stlks that I haven't seen anywhere else. ranging from finely patterned printed crepe (£12 per metre) through to natural noti (often called raw slik it is £4.a metre). There are plain crepe do chines at £9 a metre, shanting at £12 a metre and satin silk at £10 a metre.

Write to Butterfly Silks for samples. Fine Dress Fahries of 87 Baker Street, London Wi has a sale for the of January so if you're quick you'll still catch some amazingly good prices. There are stocks of lovely Swiss cottons besides printed Swiss wool challis and very fine Swiss woel Jersey. All stocks will be reduced but in addition there will be a lot of odd lengths at bargain prices. Swiss cotton voiles (54 ins wide) are £7.50 a yard, printed dress wools, (54 ins wide) are £8.95



For those who don't want to embark on anything too ambitious or are perhaps beginners in the field of needlework and sewing, the kits sold by The Quiltery ore n good introduc-

There is a series of patch-work cushion kits which will teach any beginner the essen-tiols of potchwork in n way that isn't too daunting—the end of a patchwork bedspread seems stretch limitlessly into the future while a cushion seems a much more manageable item. Prices are good-£4.40 for a clanishell patchwork, £4.95 for the cathedral window and £4.40 for Seminole. The Quiltery also sells fishblock, bear's paw, log cabin, grandmother's fon carpenter's wheels and all the other classic designs. For the nursery there are alphabet patterns for applique work and these two charming cot covers (£6.80) and cushions (£3.90) photographed lest. For the complete list of kits send on sae to the Quiltery, Freepost, Tangleston, November 1921. Tacolneston, Norwich NR16



I have featured Annie Cole's wonderful handknitted bedspreads before all are made in line white or ecru cotton, all are based on traditional bedspread designs. Anybody who bought these bedspreads ready-made will know that they are not, and cannot be, cheap-prices for the 5-ft 6 ins by 8 ft size start at £150, while the 8 ft 6 ins by 8 ft size start at about

Keen knittors can new make their own bedspreads for a fraction of the price. Annie Cole has decided to offer kits containing all instructions and the necessary knitting cotton and needles at £44.80 for the smaller size and £58.50 for the larger one. For the moment she is offering these kits only in the traditional raised leaf pattern but as you can see from the photograph above it is exceptionally beantiful.

The prices of these kits do represent a considerable saving oot only on the ready-made versions but also on the cost of the cotton alone. Aunic Cole found that the cost of the cotton for a single bedspread if bought in a shop would be somewhere between £60 and £70.

The kits are available direct from Annie Cole at 4 St Simon's Avenue, Putney,



ing. The Jacoh Sheep Society now protects them, and they've

more readlly available. The Holywell Textile Mills at

A designer whose clothes

The London shop, simply called Anna Roose, is at 57 Pimlico Road, SW1 (tel. 01-730 2867), and in Oxted, Surrey (tel. Oxted 7788). If neither of



Jacob sheep growl rather than hleat, and are of uncertain temper, writes JUDY WHALE. But they have distinctively marked black, hrown and white fleeces which need no dyeing to produce wool in delicate colours shading from cream through misty grey to hrown. They're ao ancient breed, but were recently in danger of disappearhecome more popular with hreeders all over Britain, with the result that a range of woolleos from furnishings and clothes to dolls is becoming

Holywell, North Wales (tel. Holywell 712022), which spin Jacob wool, have a showroom oext to the mills where you can huy items from bedspreads (£48) and travel rugs (£25), to handbags (from £8.50) and spectacle cases (£1.60). They also self tweed (from £13.75 a metre, depending on the weight) in imaginative weaves and patterns that can be put to a oumber of uses, from curtains to evening skirts.

arouse instant covetousness is Anna Roose. She will kit you out io Jacob tweed for the most demanding day, from an early morning on the moors to the most elegant late evening occasion. There are sturdy hacking jackets (£106) and classic skirts (£53.50), brald-trimmed suits with a slightly Tyrolean look (£136), fine lacy dresses with swirling skirts (£127) and a cloak to flow over them (£175), lace knicker-bockers and striped trousers (both £62.50). You can sprawl on a shoepskin rug (£30), or sleep under a herring-bone weavo bedspread (£70 single, £90 donble). Miss Roose will also sell you knits; chunky jerseys and jackets (£49), airy evening sweaters (£46 npwards). If you're a needle. woman, you can huy fabrie by the metre (from £11) and knit-ting wool (90p a 50 gram hall).

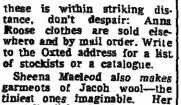


NOSTALGIA, as most of you will already have noticed, is big business these days. Latterday Sehastian Flytes are to be seen everywhere in their bow-ties, Fair Isle pullovers, cream cableknit cricket sweaters and plus fours. For those who want this sort of knitwear, that is designs more anthentically of the 1930s than those that are readily available in the shops, there is now n book of genuine 1930s knitting patterns.

All are culled from the women's magazines of the era This was the time when the magazines began to burgeon and to compete for readership by offering ever more inviting special "makes" and knitting patterns. Jane Waller has collected some of the best of them and though personally I find some of them too dated to contemplate, others have a genuine

period charm.

Photographed above is n man's pullover, captioned "Any outdoor man would appreciate a jumper of, this style" from Woman's Magazine of July 1936. There are, of course, plenty of designs for women and children are well-some 50 in all Pub. as well-some 50 in all. Pub lished by Duckworth, it is £5.95.



speciality is handmade Highland dolls, just 8 inches high: crofters and fisherpeople, dressed as they would have been two genera-tions ago. There's a West Highland woman at her spinning wheel, a Shetland woman knitting and a crofter making his creel, as well as a Skye woman and an Island woman, Mrs Macleod sculpts the figures herself and bases fabrics for the clothes on samples from a Perth draper's costing book dated

Find them lo Harrods gift department in Londoo, and the Scottish Shop In the Lawnmarket and the toy department of Jenners in Princes Street io Edinburgh. But you can also get them direct from Sheena Macleod at 50 Castlelaw Crescent, Ahernethy, Perthshire, Tel.: Ahernethy (073 885) 573, and Perth (0738) 34956. The crofter costs £17.90, the spinning and knitting women £18.90 and the Skye and Island woolen £16.90 inclusive of postage and packing in the UK.

For geoeral information about Jacob sheep and the Jacob Society contact the secretary Mrs J. Earll, The Pines, 242 Ringwood Road, St Leonards, Ringwood, Hants.

IT SEEMS to me that you need a great deal of optimism to embark on making your own rug-that or else unimaginable amounts of leisure. If you have plenty of either, then Grethe Sorensen bas produced just the hook for you. She has had the bright idea of taking the traditional patterns of Persian, Anatolian and Caucasian rugs and rendering them into

needlepoint designs. Although the book is called "Needlepoint Designs. From Oriental Rugs" the actual designs vary a hit in size, from small projects that are really more like wall hangings or pillows np to small floor rugs. The largest size in the book though is only 32 ins hy 427 ins and most are about 25 ins square.

Though the patterns have all the richness and the intricacy that one associates with the rugs from those regions Grethe Sorenseo has devised the needlepoint designs so that only one hasic stitch is used. The book itself gives all the necessary instructions from the precise way the hasic stiteb is formed to the full colour details.

However, for those who buy the book and then wish to make up one of the patterns, Needle Art House has been exceedingly enterprising and saved the potential rug-maker endless hours of tracking down wools and canvas by putting together kits for making each and every rug. Each



kit will contain all the neces sary yarns (plus 5 per cent contingencies), Zweigart canvas of the appropriate size and type (with bound edges), the appropriate needle and Nepo marker to mark the canvas. Prices for the complete kits range from £8.75 for the Gandje 11 designs photographed bere (it is 22; ius sq) to £22.75 for Heriz (31) ins sq).

The book itself is £8.95 and it can be hought direct from Needle Art House, MP Stonehouse, Albion Mills, Wake-field, West Yorkshire WF2 98G (Tel. 0924 373456 for credit card sales), Postage and packing is 90p extra.

With the book will come list giving details of the price of every kit required to make any or all of the designs in the book Good sewing!



Coutts & Co. announce. that their Base Rate is reduced from 14½% to 14% per annum with effect from the 25th January 1982 until further notice.

The Deposit Rate on monies subject to seven days' notice of withdrawal is reduced from 121/2% to 111/2% per annum.

The Royal Bank of Scotland **BaseRate**

The Royal Bank of Scotland Limited announces that with effect from 25 January 1982 its Base Rate for lending is being decreased from 14½ per cent per annum to 14 per cent per annum.

Full of beans

BY JULIE HAMILTON

UNTIL a few years ago most of us associated beans and other pulses with stodgy, uninterest-ing vegetarian food. Nowadays, however, we have got used to the idea that a diet that is too reliant on large portions of meat is not only very expensive but ecologically and nutrition-ally unsound as well. Though I love meat I have learned that there are so many ways of using pulses and muts which, if you are prepared to go to the trouble involved, will provide meals that are well-balanced and delicions. Though there are no doubt many delectable vege-tarian recipes with pulses, most of my bean dishes are dopendent on a proportion of meat to be

First, a word about dried beans. Providing you can be sure they are this years crop there is no need to soak them. Simmer them very slowly for about two and a half hours and add salt only in the last 10 minutes. You will then have beautifully softened beans, but remember, no salt until the end, that is the secret.

Almost all of the dried pulses are quite delicious when simply boiled, drained and, while still warm, mixed with finely chopped raw onion, olive oil and vinegar to taste.

Black-eyed beans are especially good this way. You could also add anything you had to hand—such as cooked ham chopped, chicken, fried and chopped kidneys, chicken livers lightly sauted in butter and brandy and so on; the possibilities are endless.

Solet

There is a wonderful Hungarian dish made with borlotti beans (dried speckled beans). The dish is called solet (pronounced sholette) and is often served with goose or pork, and to my mind is quite delicious on its own. It is very easy to prepare but takes a long timo

I heriotti beans; 6 oz peari barley; I lb piece of smoked streaky bacon; 1 a small onion chopped; 2 cloves garlic chopped; 1 oz lard; 1 table spoon tomato purée; 1 teaspoon tomato puree; 1 tea-spoon brown sugar; 1 tablespoon sweet paprika; 1 teaspoon ground black pepper; 1 teaspoon ground white pepper; 1 heaped tea-spoon salt; 2 bot green chilles; 2 pints clear broth of strong stock; a good pinch of ground coriander, nutmeg and ginger; I teaspoon savory. Wash the beans Place all the

ingredients except the salt in a harge heavy saucepan, bring to the boil, let it boil for 20 minutes, then cover with a tight fitting lid and put in a slow oven for four to six hours. Add the saft 10 minutes hefore aerving. What could be easier?

Cassoulet Serves & to 8

Cassoulet, now bere is a disb that really commands time and trouble, hat what a reward in the eod. It is ideal for a large family or even better for a party. It is not very easy or practical to make in small quantities. Recipes for it vary so much that it is a matter of taste which one you choose, and

how much trouble you want to go to. Preserved goose is a must in some recipes, leg of lamb in others. I like to salt a duck and use that, but again you could use chicken fresh or smoked, or even rabbit. There

really are no fixed rules.

1 large duck salted; † lb streaky bacon in one piece; In bound shoulder of pork; 12 oz haricot beans; } Ib coarse continental pork sausages; 1 onion chopped; 4 cloves garlic chopped; 4 tomatoes skinned and chopped; 2 bouquets garni; 1 teaspoon hrown sugar; 12 black peppercorns; salt to taste Three days before you intend

to make the cassoulet, salt the dock as follows. Ruh generous amounts of sea sait all over the bird inside and out. Place it in a deep dish and lightly cover it Keep it in a cold larder or 'fridge and turn the duck every morning and night for

every morning and night for three days.

Wash the beans, put them in a large earthenware casserole with the onions, garlic, bouquets garni, sugar, peppercorns, the piece of streaky bacon placed on the top and cover with cold water. Put the lid on. Place in a pre-heated oven at gas mark 6 (400F) for about 20 minutes, then reduce about 20 minutes, then reduce the heat to gas mark 3 (325F). Cook thus for at least two hours, checking from time to time that the water just covers the bacon.

Rinse the duck in cold water and joint it into six or eight pieces. Cut the pork into cubes. Place hoth meats in another casserole, add the tomatoes and a small amount of water. Cook on the top of the stove gently for about three-quarters of an

Now add to the beans the sausages and the lightly cooked meats and the juices they have made. It is best if you can do this in layers, meat, beans, meat and so on ending with the streaky bacon on the top again. Cook for a further two hours at a slightly reduced temperature, gas mark 2 (300F). Remove the lid after one hour. Adjust the seasoning and serve with hot

French bread. The exact length of cooking time will depend on several things; how fresh the dried beans are, the size of the duck joints, and your casserole-so be sure to taste and test as you

National Westminster **Bank Limited**

NatWest announces that with effect from Monday, 25th January, 1982, its Base Rate is reduced from 141/2% to 14% per annum.

The basic Deposit and Savings Account rates are reduced from 121/2% to 111/2% per annum.

BASE LENDING RATES

A.B.N. Bank	. 14
Allied Irish Bank	14
American Express Bi-	14
Amro Bank Henry Ansbacher	14
Henry Anchacher	14
Arbuthnot, Latham	14
Associates Cap. Corp.	15
Banco de Bilbao	10
BCCI	14
BCCI Bank Happalim BM Bank Leumi (UK) ple Bank of Cyprus Bank Street Sec. Ltd.	14
Dank napoaimi bM	14
Bank Leumi (UK) pic	14
Bank of Cyprus	14
Bank Street Sec. Ltd.	16
Dauk Of M.S.W	14
Banque Belge Lid.	14
Banque du Rhone et de	
la Tamise S.A.	15
Barclays Bank	143
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Bremar Holdings Ltd.	15
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Brown Shipley Canada Perm't Trust	15
Canada Perm't Trust	15
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Cayzer Ltd. Cedar Holdings	15
Cedar Holdings	15 ⁻ 15
Charterhouse Januar	15
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Charterhouse Japhet Choularions Citibank Savings	15
Clydesdale Bank	.T5
C T Caster	14
C. E. Coates.	15
Coosdidated Credits	14
Coosolidated Credits Co-operative Bank	141
Comulnian Secs	141
The Cyprus Popular Ry	141
Duncan Lawrie	141
Eagil Trust	14
RT Truet	
E.T. Trust	141

Robert Fraser 15 % Grindlays Bank 114 % Guinness Mahon 146 % Hamhros Bank 144 % Heritable & Gen. Trust 146 % Heritable & Gen. Trust 146 % Heritable & Gen. Trust 146 % Hongkong & Shanghai I46 % Hongkong & Shanghai I46 % Knowsley & Co. Lid 15 % Lloyds Baok 14 % Mallinhail Limited 140 % Edward Manson & Co. 154 % Mallinhail Limited 140 % Midland Bank 144 % Morgao Grenfell 144 % Morgao Grenfell 144 % Norwich General Trust 14 %

Moral dilemmas

Professor Karl Brunner the Fomilies of Britain on Sunday, police witness who co-ordinated the evidence against the producers of Reigen, alies La get suspected — fatally — of Ronde, in Berlin in 1922, complicity in the Rye House should have heco more careful Plot, we were not told of it in in his choice of helpers. As we Alison Pfowden's programme, heard in Frank Marcus's There would hardly have been ediled version of the trial, The Row over "La Ronde" on from 1394 to the present day Radio 3 on Tuesday, the Russells bave been Dukes of urgent smut-hounds who sup-Bedford since 1694 and Earls of ported him hadn't been well evidence, and their reports of courteously said Woe-burn some the straighlening of clothes hlasphemous oaths times) was born in the Ritz. turned out only to exist in their minds. Most curious of all was did was to choose the right the attitude to the ten sexual architects to build their houses. encounters, represented in The fifth Earl owned Covent encounters, represented in Schnitzler's script by lines of dashes, but represented at the of St. Pauf's was one of his Kleine Schauspiethaus by commissions. (Now I come to lowering the curtain and play-think of it, the fifth Earl had lowering the curtain and playing a tune. This was sexual music, one witness said. It had the "standard rhythm for copulation," said another. It turned out to be a waltz that the comnoser had written seven years

Not surprisingly, the prosecu-tion, oo charges not unlike that which Michael Bogdanov is to face later this year, lost their case. If we have anything to learn from this unsavoury episode, it is that John Barton of the RSC should have a new musical score prepared for his production at the Aldwych, for the rhythm of his theme tune is the same as that of Robert Forster - Larrinaga's sinister

music ln 1922. Professor Brunners' ambiguous attitude to right and wrong, whether, that is, you can justify telling lies in the witness box if it's going to convict the accused of immorality, was illustrated later in the week by Friday's Afternoon Theatre on Radio 4, Doddy Good by Allen Saddler. Without going deeply into the complexities of a rather complex script full of timeshifts, the story was this: Frank Goodman, nicknamed Daddy Good, ran a home for poor children which he financed by a little innocent swindling, Tom, an elderly man who had been happy at this home when he was a hoy, has been up to the same kind of thing himself, as we discover in the last moments of the play. Note Frank Goodman's name. Note that he wasn't arrested, hut taken to a home of a different sort. It sounded tn me as if we were to believe that good intentions justify bad hehaviour. Me, I'm not so sure.

time for it; it covered the family from 1394 to the present day Bedford since 1694 and Earls of him hadn't been well Bedford since 1550. The coached in their Marquis of Tavistock (who limes and Woo-burn at other

> One good thing the Russells Garden and Inigo Jones's church a bad patch. too — he changed sides twice during the Civil War. At least he ended on the right side and was made a duke.) But Bloomsbury is the real Russell country. All those fine Georgian squares were laid out hy them. They must writhe a little in their graves now and then " development " proceeds. I hoped 1 should enjoy

Sunday's programme on Lutyens more than I did. though ils title, Edwin Lutyens, Architect and Arch tease, suggested that it might not be altogether serious. "Arch-lesse" seems to me a slightly grand title for a chap whose jokes were of the order of "Butter late than never" when he was passed the butter, or "Topee or not topee" when he put his sun-helmet on in India. However, the pro-gramme was mainly about the architectural tricks that Lutyens would play in his designs, and one longed to see the houses whose names cropped up. (And of course now I can, at the Hayward Gaflery until the end of the month.) One leasing remark that I rather liked was hls answer to his daughter when she tried to break their habitual lack of communication by asking him to tell her about the principles of architecture. "All you have to remember is that water runs downhill," he said gnomically.

I stayed on frequency, through 50 splendid minutes of Bach's organ music. to hear Barry Collins's The Ice Chimney, a play for one voice.

think it really had enough resource or variety to occupy ehaviour. Me, I'm not so sure. an hour and 40 minutes' radio an invisible Banquo at the if the Russells, who opened time, but I must say it was ably banquet (which is attended adin 4's new series Greot done. Radin 4's new series Greot done.



Macbeth BY B. A. YOUNG

of Stephanie Howard's set, the hurly hurly is still not done when the witches appear in mid-air. Cultured witches they are, that made me think of a turn in one of the old Gate Revues, "Kensington Girls from Kensington Gore." One of those girls came from a titled family, and sure enough one of the witches reappears as Lady Macbeth. There is a possible point to be made here, but Gordon McDougall, the Director, refrains from making it, in this production at the Oxford Playhouse. His Lady Macheth. Ann Firhank, is Kensingtoman still under her fluffy wig, but by no means witch-like until she has persuaded us by the ability with which she speaks her lines.

It is characteristic of the production that our helief bas to depend on what we bear and not what we see. Unfortunately the words are not on the whole well spoken. I missed an awful lot of what Tim Hardy said as Macbeth, from gabhling, from voice-dropping and from some eccentric accentuations. He is hampered too, by lack of props; he has to conjure up for us

Within the steel scaffolding four other thanes) and there Mscduff glowed with fine intenis no cauldron for the cauldron scene. He must do what he can with dolls that are thrust into his hand from the dark while a witch says the fatal words. He speaks "Tomorrow and tomorrow and tomorrow" to his wife's wedding ring, brought to him by Seyton on her death.

Of the smaller parts, I liked Kenneth Gilbert's Duncan, still in the vigour of middle age. Malcolm is convincingly played hy Richard Cottan as a selfdoubting young man; it made a persuasive delivery of his selfaccusations rather inappropriate. Peter Baldwin ioexcusably begins a quite decent Porter performance by some low comedy with his trousers.

Deprived of his best scenes, Mark Perfold could do no more for Banquo than glow with in- detail is really necessary if it tegrity just as David Lyon's can't be suggested by the words.

tions. (It was brave of Macduff to go for the desperate Macbeth with a lance rather than a sword.) The most convincing moment of the evening for me came from Steven Benton as Seytnn, when he announced the King's arrival and was told "Thou art mad to say so." The truth with which his face dropped, like that of a rebuked schoolboy, was a genuine emo-

In the battle scenes of the last act the invading forces stand aloft on the balcony while Macboth paces the main acting area. David Colmer's lighting, with the aid of some dry-ice, is able to conceal scenes usefully when required, and yet there is no sign of a single branch from Birnam Wood. More incidental

Record for a spoon

estimate, and a Paul de Lamèrie for a silver spoon.

Phillips yesterday held a suc- tobacco box realised £23,000, on cessful sale of silver which target. A Richard II Syrian totalled £239,450. A pair of Leopards Head spoon of around Charles II candlesileks by Jacob Bodendick sold to How of Edinnf a medieval farmhouse in burgh for £48,000, double the Devon, sold for £13,000, a record

Making it in Manhattan

There is an instant irony for the visitor to New York in the way in which Manhattan Island endlessly seeks to overcome its physical limitations as an island. Landfill and the attempt to in the past couple of years, Manbuild on anything in sight have allowed for the planning and building of two "new towns": first Rooseveft Island attached by a rather erratic umbilical cable car to Manhattan and now, long planned but only finally under way, Battery Park City on the western the of the island
— nut far from the World Trade
Centre. The irony is, of course,
that a sizeable proportion of this
same island is half derelict—

The sizeable proportion of this claustrophobia and the wretchedinfrastructure is pushed nearer often ntterly derelict, block still to disintegration, upon block - but that is

'As well as residential development at Battery Park and an overall landscape scheme which aims to make much of the

compromise their unbroken vertical forms.

Since then, and particularly hattan has seen a boom in office building, mostly speculative, but there is architecturally. remarkably little to boast about. The views, not to mention the light and air, which had always fought past the skyscraper land-

Small wonder then that the rest side of the Island offers a contrast. It has the Hudson and the New Jersey shore as a view: It has the promise of a brand-new roadway (the West-

giass and steel that spawned the bases of the buildings will plazas at their feet rather than be heavy granite (a greyish be heavy granite (a greyish pink); an allusion to classical rustication perhaps.

As the buildings rise, taking a step back at the third, ninth and 24th levels, the balance changes in favour of glass, so that the mullions become finer and finally the capped tops are set nff by sheer reflective glass. This gradual exchange of skins and by implication, nf weight emphasized also by the slim-ming of the tower forms, is a return to the premises of the earlier designers who often broke into exuberant ornament nf coloured terra-cotta nr gild ing, as the building soared

Pelli has reintroduced the decorative element in other buildings, in Houston on the MOMA tower and elsewhere, by opaque glass alternating with

Manhattan may be one of the most built on islands in the world but architects are still finding new ways of changing its skyline. GILLIAN DARLEY reports on Battery Park City.

waterside, there is to be a vast commercial complex developers Olympia and York and this, a prize-winning design by Cesar Pelli, the Argentinian born architect of the tower st present rising in the "air space" above the Museum of Modern Art, is already on site. The scheme, offering 6m so

ft of commercial space, is an interesting one for It proves that scale can work to the advantage of a design, providing aesthetic links and grouping unlike the individual sky-scrapers which must act alone.

Pelli bas taken a fresh look at the skyscraper, which bas been nn something of a downward path (over the last decade) in architectural terms if on an upward path in sheer magni-

The starting point of the design of the four office towers at Battery Park is the 1930s skyscraper, the Art Deco masterpiece which made a virtue of planning legislation, using its series of set-backs to tease craggy forms and soaring pinnacles out of small plots of ground. Even in the 1950s the quite mundane blocks along Park Avenue and elsewhere con-tinued to use stepped forms to good effect. With Mies van der Robe and Philip Johnson's Sea-

way) and it has become the planners' answer in the problems of mid-town Problems may lie ahead, but for the moment all is uptimism.

Pelli's scheme, responding to a brief provided by the Battery Park City Anthority, is to be the gateway to all this. Seen from the water, or the waterfront, the four towers take their location from the existing irregular road pattern of the financial district, and are then cranked onto the regular grid which begins to dominate from the northern edge of the site onwards.

Two nine-storey octagons are linked by a pedestrian bridge and form a gateway to Liberty Street and thus the World Trade Centre. Further north again, the space between two of the towers: will be glazed over to provide a vast Winter Garden, part of the very substantial public space pro-vided for within the commercial centre as a whole.

In the design of the office towers the objective has been for a limited season to give them a gradually ightening form, particularly on Lloyd Webber's best selling emphasized towards their tops albums Variations and Tell Me (they range from 33 to 50 On A Sunday (with lyrics by storeys in height). Internally, Don Black), will star Wayne the finishes will be as varied

window glass as a form of modular patterning. Much of the success of the Battery Park scheme, and its integration with western down town Manhattan depends on the transformation that sand scaping can bring about on the waterside and in the public square and terracing that will link the ground around the towers to the waterside Certainly in terms of sheer scale the scheme suggests a result the detail of the design delivers quite splendid may emerged at Battery Page

> Andrew Lloyd Webber returns

to the Palace: Andrew Lloyd Webber's Song and Dance, a Concert for the Theatre, will open at the Palate Theatre on Friday, March 26

· Sleep and Marti Webb, together as possible, one block to the with eight dancers. Additional gram Building (1958) another next—an attempt to escape material has been written by genre appeared in New York— from totalitarian aesthetic of both Andrew Hoyd Webber and the pure finger-like blocks of identical lobbles. Externally, Don Black for the show.

F.T. CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 4,779

A prize of £10 will be given to each of the senders of the first three correct solutions opened. Solutions must be received by next Thursday, marked Crossword in the top leit-hand corner of the envelope, and oddressed to the Finoncial Times, 10, Connon Street, London EC4P 4BY. Winners and solution will be given next Saturdoy.

6 Means to furnish cricket

statistics (8)

ing more (8)

stakes (8)

to settle (8)

7 "Creation" for example, or

8 Crazy inferno confining Hazel? (8)

13 Dark ghost can be deadly

15 Typewriter feature often

topped, of course (4-4)

16 Silver was beld back by such

17 Colonel, fifty short, is inside

19 Does a merrythought make ben do it? (6)

21 Counterfeit translation of U.S. term (6)

Solution to Puzzle No. 4,778

DECADAL GUBICLE O W O U A H X DENGE VIRESCENT

PENCE VIRESCENT
USLESIAE
TITILLATE LATER
ER PINN
DRAKE PERICYCLE
I C L U O I
HANDCREAM NITIO

the garden (3, 3)

a trio arrangement and noth-

ACROSS

- 1 Gets off lightly, using rough timber on hoard (\$) 5 Isolate colour (6)
- 9 Good place for William as things turned out (g) 10 Meal ended hy sappers . .
- 11 ... hams at the Savoy? (8) 12 Unusual footwear creates fluky goal-keep quiet! (6)
- 14 Call ber Friday at work (6-4) 1g The stoop as troublesome? These practitioners might help (10)
- 22 Ageot of loud player (6) 23 Lamb is one to try and sit 20 Don't participate—relax in awkwardly (8) 24 In such woody defence, what
- is best for Boycott? (6) 25 Development area? (4-4) 26 Chief, they say, of Schubert's songs (6)
- 27 Can this watch not be set at one? (8)

DOWN

- 1 Sheridan's scandalous institution (6) 2 Strange reault in Northern
- Ireland (6) 3 Old wedding feast Slim-
- hridge laid out (6) 4 Precedence for car hardly worth a fig by end of July

LV/Radio

BBC 1 † indicates programme in

hlack and white 9.05 am Swim. 9.30 Swap Shop. 12.12 pm Weather. 12.13 Graodstand, including 12.45 News Summary: Foothall Focus (12.20); Racing from

Haydock Park (12.50, 1.20. 1.50); World Cup Skiing (1.10); Motor Racing (1.40, 2.10) The South African Grand Prix; Baskethall (2.10) The Asda National Cup Final; Rugby League (3.55) The John Player Trophy Final — Hull v Hull Kingsion Rovers: 4.55
Final Score: Classified results and pools cbeck.
5.10 The All New Pink

Paother Show. 5.30 News, weather. 5.40 Sport/Regional News.

5.45 Kuog Fu. 6.35 Jim'il Fix It.

7.10 Naony, starring Wendy S.65 The Two Ronnies with guest Elaine Page.

9.45 News and Sport. Match of the Day. 11.10 Parkinson with his week-

end guests.

12.10 am Golden Soak by Hammond Innes. REGIONAL VARIATIONS: Cymru/Wates — 5.40-5.45 pm Sports News Wales.

Scotland — 5.40-5.45 pm Score-hoard. 10.00-11.10 Sportscene. 1.00 am News Headlines and Weather for Scotland.

Northern Ireland — 5.00-5.10 m Scoreboard. 5.40-5.45 Northern Ireland News. 1.00 am News Headlines and Weather for Northern Ireland.
England — 5.40-5.45 pm Saturday Spotlight (South-West

BBC 2

10.10-11.40 am Open University. †3.10 pm Saturday Cinema 1: "Top of the World," starring Dale Robertson.

4.40 Play Away.
5.05 Saturday Cinema 2: Puffin's Pla(I)cs. 7.45 The Fail Guy.
"Mara Maru," starring 11.50 Video Sounds.
Errol Flynn:
6.40 From Hull, Hell and GRAMPIAN Halifax.
7.10 News and Sport.

7.25 Did you See . .?
8.06 James Galway — the man with the Golden Fluie.
9.05 Film International:
"Salto nel Vuoto," starring Anouk Aimee

SOLUTION AND WINNERS OF PUZZLE NO. 4,773

Mrs J. Dart, 8 Farm Row.

Mr J. R. Laine. 46 Kimberley

Wheathampstead, Herts.

Road. Leicester LE2 1LF.

month Park Road,

Mr Timothy S. Moore.

(Italian film with English

"A Man in Half Moon

LONDON 8.35 am Sesame Street. 9.35

Thuoderbirds. 10.30 pm Tiswas. 12.15 pmWorld of Sport: 12.20 On the Ball: 12.45 World Cup Skilog: 1.00 The Monte Carlo Rally: 1.15 News; 1.20 The ITV Seven from Kampton ;and Warwick 3.10 Athletics from California and New Jersey: 3.45 pm Half-time Soccer and Reports: 4.00 Wrestling;

4.50 Results. 5.15 Happy Days. 5.45 David Frost presents the Guinoess Book

Records. The Goodies. 7.15 Family Fortunes pre-sented by Bob Monkhouse.

7.45 Harl to Hart. 8.45 News. 9.00 "The Big Sleep," star-ring Robert Milchum.

10.50 OTT.

11.50 London News Headlines, followed hy Johony Carson's Tonight Show. 12.30 am Close: Personal Choice

Alf IBA Regions as London except at the following times: **ANGLIA**

a.00 am Searma Street. 10 00 Scort Billy, S.15 pm Mr Medin, 7.45 Mes-num. 11.50 The Amazing Years the Cinoma. 12.20 am At the End of BORDER

9.35 em Thundarbirds. 5.15 pm Mr Merkn. 7.45 Magnum. 1050 For Club and Country (documentary on the his-tory of Queen's Park Football Club and of its ground. Hempden Park). CENTRAL

3.05 em Peint Along with Nenry. 3.30 Sesame Street. 5.15 pm Mr Mer-lin. 7.45 Megnum. 11.50 Srien Moors Meets Miki Laude. CHANNEL

5.00 am Sesama Street. 10.00 Jos 60. 5.15 pm Mr Marlin. 7.45 Magnum. 11.50 Reflections... 11.55 Colly. GRANADA 9.20 am Spidorman, 9.40 Thunder-birde, 5.15 pm Abba's Winds and Music, 7.45 Magnum 11.50 Lou Grant, 12.45 am The Pelace Presente.

TOMATO EPUGRAMS
O E O F A R T A
WATERLILY OVO D
N R T A L U N T

U S G

معكرا فرالتهمل

HTV

11.00 The Light of Experience.
11.15 News on 2.
11.20 Grand Prix from South Africa.

11.55-1.30 am Midnight Movie:
"A Man in Half Moon

Substitute 1.

9.10 am The Adventures of Black Seauly.
8.30 Thunderbirds.
12.13 pm HTV News.
5.14 HTV News.
5.15 Mr Melin.
7.45 Megnum.
HTV Cymru/Wales-As HTV West seault.
5.18-5.45 Rao Sgwar.

SCOTTISH

9.15 em Vicky the Viking, 8.40 Thundelbirds, 5.15 pm Mi Merlin, 11.50 Leie Call, 11.55 Thai's Holly-

a.25 am The Seturday Show. 10.25 Survivel. 10.50 Gus Honeybun's Magic Sirthdeyo. 10.55 The Incredible Hull. 11.45 University Challenge. 12.12 pm TSW Regional News. 5.15 Mork and Mindy. S.40 Newsport. 7.45 The Fall Guy. 11.50 Video Sounds. 12.20 am Postscript. 12.25 South Wost Weather and Shipping Forecast.

TVS

5.00 em Salurday Srial. 9.05 Hera's Soomer. 5.35 Thunderbirds. 10.30 No. 73. 11.45 Benson. S.15 pm TVS News. 5.20 Mr Marlin. 7.45 Magnum. 11.50 Of Sarney Millar.

TYNE TEES

8.00 am Cartoon Time, 9.10 Whocke and the Chopper Bunch, 2.40 Thunderbirds, 12.13 pm North East News, S.15 North East News, 5.17 Mi Merlin, 7.45 Magnum, 11.50 House Cells, 12.20 em Thiso's Company,

ULSTER

10.00 em Stinstey. 1.18 pm Lunch-nme News. 5.00 Scorte Resulte. S.13 Ulator Nowe. 5.15 Mr Medin. 7.45 Magnum. 8.59 Ulster Waather. 10.50 The Monte Carlo Show: Patrick Wayne's guest to New Sedake. 11.40 Sedtime. YORKSHIRE

9.00 am The Seturday Morning Pic-ture Show: "Geordie." starring Sill Travara and Alestar Sim. 7.45 pm Magnum. 11.50 That's Hollywood. (5) Stepreophonic broadcast ‡ Medium Wave

RADIO 1 5.00 em As Radio 2. 7.00 Playground.
8.00 Tony Sisckburn with Junior Choice. 10.00 Pater Powell. 12.00 My Top 12. 1.00 pm Adnen Juste (S).
2.00 A King in New York (S). 2.05 Paul Gambaccim (S). 4.00 Weiters Weekly (S). S.00 Rock On (S). 5.30-7.30 in Concert (S).

RADIO 2

FADIO 2

5.00 am Peter Mershall with the Saturday Early Show (S). 8.04 flavid Jacobe with Sier Sounde (S). 10.00 Star Choice (S). 11.02 Soorts Oesk. 11.03 Naxt Week's Kenny Everett Show (S). 1.00 pm Getting the most out of your body. 1.30 Soort on 2: Footbell: Cricket: Rugby League: John Pleyer Troohy Finel—Hull v Kmgalion: Rugby Unnon: John Pleyer Cup—third round. London Irish v Coventry: Recing from Haydock Perk at 1.30 and 2.00; 5.00, 5.45 News. reports. classified results. 5.00 Country Greets in Concert. 7.00 Beal the Record. 7.30 Sig Bend Special (S). 8.00 Seturday Night is Galle Night (S): interval Talk. 10.00 Nordining 8.50-9.05 interval Talk. 10.00 Nordining 8.50-9.05 interval Talk. 10.00 Nordining 8.50-9.06 interval Talk. 10.00 Nordining 8.50-9.06 was visually should be hight and the Music (S).

RADIO 3

RADIO 3
7.55 am Weathor. 8.00 News. 8.05
Aubade (5), 9.00 News. 9.05 Record Review (5), 10.15 Stereo Release (5), 11.15 Sendetend (5), 11.45 i Know What I Like (S), 1.00 pm News. 1.05 Songs and Dialogues (5), 2.00 Play is Assin (5), 8.00 Jazz Record Requeote with Peter Cleyton (5), 8.45 Critic's Forum. 5.35 Flute and Pieno recital (5), 7.10 Short Story by Heinrich Soli 7.30 Royel-Livarpool Pritharmonic Orchestra Concert Irom the Philharmonic Hell, Liverpool. Pert 1: Veughan Wilherms. Overak (5), 8.25 Geoths of the Poots, 8.45 Concert, part 2: Sibelius (5), 8.25 Mendelesoth alting quartet recital [5), 10.00 Semuel Barbar (S), 11.00 News. 11.05-11.15 Homase to Calaionia: John Quarte on record (5).

RADIO 4

RADIO 4

S.25 am Shipping Forecast. 6.30 flews. 6.32 Ferming Todey. 6.50 Yours Fattafully. 5.55 Weather, programme news. 7.00 News. 7.10 Today's Papers. 7.15 On Your Farm. 7.46 Yours Fathfully. 7.50 It's a Bergan. 7.45 Yours Fathfully. 7.50 It's a Bergan. 7.55 Weather, programme news. 3.00 News. 8.10 Scort on 4. 8.50 Yesterday in Parhament. 9.00 News. 8.05 Stocksway. 9 50 News Stand. 10.05 The Week in Westminster. 10.30 Gaily Service (S). 10.45 Pick of the Wook (S). 11.36 From Our Own Correspondent. 12.00 News. 12.02 pm Money Sex. 12.27 Just a Minute (S). 12.56 Weather, programme news. 1.00 News. 1.10 Any Questione? 1.55 Shipping Forecast. 2.00 News. 2.05 Thirty Minute Theatra (S). 2.36 Medicine New. 3.05 Widdlife. 3.30 The British Scaferer (S]. 4.15 A Pession for Vesetables. 4.30 Ooes He Toke Sugar? 5.00 News. 1.50 Shipping Forecast. S.55 Weather, programma news. 6.00 News. 8.15 Ocsort Islend Discs (S). 5.55 Stop the Week with Robert Robinson. 7.25 Soker's Dozen (S). 8.30 Seturday Night Theatre. 3.58 Weather, 10.00 News. 10.15 In the Path of Balloc. 11.00 Lighten Our Oarkness. 11.15 A Word in Edgeways. 11.45 On the Train to New Zealond. 12.00 News.

BBC RADIO LONDON

5.00 am As Radio 2. 7.32 Good Fishing. 8.00 Nows, weather, traffic. 5.05 Weekend What's On. 8.30 West-mineter of Work. 8.02 On the Rates. 8.30 Openings. 10.02 Art That Jezz. 11.30 The Robbis Vincent Show. 2.02 pm Breakthrough. 3.30 The Orsat Composers. S.00 Guidgline. 5.30 Quest. 5.00-5.00 am Join Radio 2.

LONDON **BROADCASTING**

7.00 am AM with Jenny Lacey and Megnus Carter. 10.00 Jellybone with Roare Kempeton. 12.00 LBC Reports with Des Fahy. 1.00 pm Sportswatch Hominic ARan. 5.00 LBC Reports with Oes Fehy 7.00 Gest Mals. 3.00 Network: 'Sebles Oon't Die for no Reazon." 9.00 LBC Special: (Travel St.). 10.00 Nighthne with Therese Birch. 1.00 em Night Extra with Steve Allen. 4.00 Hayes on Sunday. 4.30 Decision Makars. 5.00 Morning Music.

CAPITAL RADIO

7.00 am Graham Oone's Sreakfast Show. 9.00 Countdown with Pafer Young. 12.00 Oave Cash's Cash Country. 2.00 pm John Sach's Afternoon Oshight. 5.00 Greg Edwards. 8.00 Juke Bos Saturday Night. 9.00 Capital Re-Cap with Oavid Castall. 10:60 Roots Rockers with Oavid Rodigsh. 12.00 Midnight Social.

TV Ratings w/e Jan. 17

CHESS SOLUTIONS

Solution to Position No. 407 1 R-KBL, Q-Q3 (if K-K2; 2 R-B7 ch, KxP; 3 RxB); 2 Q-R5 ch, K-Q1; 3 R-Q1, and Black resigned.

Solution to Problem No. 407 I NO2, B-B5 ch; 2-OxB, or if R-N6 ch; 2 PxR, or if RxR; 2 P-B4, or if R-B5; 2 P-B3, or if B-Q6; 2 Q-N2, or if B-N4; 2 NxR, or if N moves: 2 R-Q5, or if RxB; 2 NxR, or if R-QB6; 3

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Reading the glint in the auctioneer's eve

BY JUNE FIELD

I HAVE GOT three is these in the sale this week, observed the auctioneer pering at what the trade, while some will only appeared to be a trained to scent goods from private stupped pine mentals to decent goods from private sellers). A rate of 15 per cent a hodge podge of the minimum commission was agreed on the commission was agr I HAVE GOT three of these armly to a fixed rate, others, upholstered box-ottoman with

a flicker of interest was discernible at the sight of a rather ungainly but sturdy gate-leg sight whose bullburg and the removal ungainly but sturdy gate-leg dining table whose bulbous and turned legs he felt before terming it saleable even though it was not very old. The glint in his eye brightened over a motley group of half-a-dozen Victorian balloon-back fining chairs which would make an appealing harf-appealing the correct barries by the correct barries of though the carved bar-back of one was missing. (Now that actual matching sets are getting scarce and expensive people are making up their own "look-alikes." A set of six in superb condition made £1,450 in a sale.

that the bad and indifferent would be gathered up with the gate-leg table fetched £42, one good and acceptable. With the of, the balloon-backs in rose-promise that two handsome wood £46, with the damaged Victorian button-back easy chairs on cabriole legs with hoof feet should go in, instead of being sent to a London saleroom, it was agreed that all

cottage items, to include insurance and catalogueing, with a charge of £20 quoted for removing the whole lot to the sale room and disposing of any trubbish. "Should only take about an hour or so," was the over-optimistic estimate.

In the event the lob took the

Married pieces was the laconic comment on a chest on a stand "wrong legs" the verdict on a horeau and adamantly no cell for those and pieces discovered lurking in capboards, up in the loft, and in a shed at the bottom of the garden. The final account was a compromise, with a expenses which were considerably more than the original figure, and included "local corporation refuse destructor" fees of £36. (If you take the stuff up yourself in a private car, there is no charge, but a trade van or lorry, has to pay £18 a time.) And VAT at 15 per cent—on the commission per cent-on the commission takes a good slice off the proceeds too.

The sale results made a fas-was not nearly so graceful; the gate-leg table fetched £42, one of, the balloon-backs in rosewalnut pair £56 the two, and another pair catalogued "both with some worm and repaired,"

Extraordinarily, an Edwardian should be cleared including the junk and domestic trivia stand and a stained beech that inevitably, accumulates over the years.

As this particular saleroom

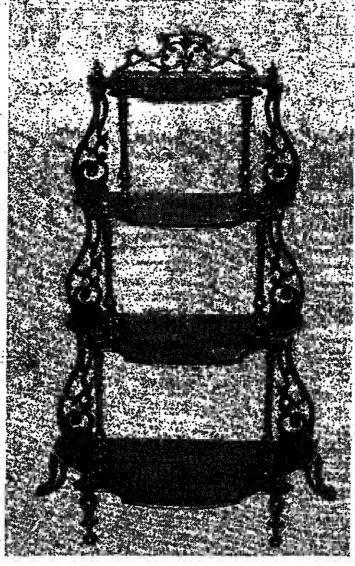
As this particular saleroom As this particular saleroom did, not operate a buyer's octagonal mahogany table, box-premium, the standard con-wood strung satinwood banded signor's commission was 20 per and batswing anilaid, only ing and sale days. (Enquiries Gillian Vincent, Publicity Manattracted a bid of fife presum attracted a bid of fife presum or "according to client." (Some undermeath. And certainly a cannot find it in the hook-paration of the situation of the structure of the bargain was a function freshly shows.) provincial auctioneers stick bargain was a four-foot freshly shops.)

in out-of-town general sales is enormous. In this one you could take your pick from smoker'a cabinets, turn-of-century bamboo tables, an oil painting of a woodland scene with a waterfall signed JR 1889, an off deco blos tinted class an art deco bloe tinted glass vase tucked in with an assortment of glassware, and a picnic hamper listed as "wicked" instead of wicker lumped io with two coal helmets and fireside companion set.

Selling furniture of any description can be a traumatic experience, particularly if the pieces have some sentimental attachment; it applies whether you sell by anction, where expenses have to be deducted, and settlement inevitably takes longer, but where it is almost the only way of clearing mixed pieces, or by selling to dealers where transport is probably on tap, and there is immediate payment, but where profit and overheads obviously have to he allowed for in the amount you

An indispensable aid to find-

ing an appropriate saleroom for selling or buying is the new guide The Auction Companion by Daniel and Katharine Leah (Macmillan £9.95), which lists some 600 auction houses, mainly in Europe, Australia, the Far East and the Americas. gives salient facts such as what they specialise in, commission terms, whether there is a mini-



Mid-19th century walnut whatnot has an estimate of £250/£400 plus 10 per cent buyer's premium on it in Sotheby's Chester sale on Thursday at Booth Mansion, Watergate Street, Chester. Catalogue £4 from Tim Wonnacott, Sotheby's, Chester

You can also watch out for Leatham, Sidney House, Sussex the various "appraisal days" Street, Cambridge, who will usually free, organised by the major London auction bouses. For instance, the next Sotheby'a "Discovery Event" is 10.00 am-4.30 pm on Wednesday, February 24, at the Welwyn Clvic Centre. .Prospect Place, Welwyn, Herts. Because it is to aid of the NSPCC, there is an admissioo charge of £1 per If something is too large to carry either bring along a photograph noting measurements and any marks, or contact Sotheby's local repre-

Lady

Victoria

sentative,

arrange transport.

For those who want to see a fine display of craftsman-made furniture from the early 1920s to the present day, 40 works by distinguished veteran designer Edward Barnsley will be on show at The Fine Art Society, 148, New Bond Street, Londoo W1, on Monday until February 19. For information about the Edward Barnsley Educational Trust and the catalogue, stamped addressed envelope to Karin Antonini, Secretary, The Bee House, Froxfield, Peters-

Germany's vintage port

WHICH IS THE historical up-river, wine-importing city, with 1878, and a page of fortified be the largest in Germany, and a famous sea-going traditioo, wines notable for "Sherry Vicwhose name begins with B, and has the eldest cask wine on tap? The answer is not Bristol but Bremen, where I recently spent some days more given over to drinking French than German wines. The occasion was the establishment in that traditional North German wine city of an affiliate of the Commanderie de Bordaaux, an amateur dining club and promotional body rather like the Chevaliers de Tastevin of Burgundy. Bristol bas ooa too, and another is to be inaugurated in London shortly.

in Londoo shortly.

Although we may be vaguely aware of the Hanseatic cities' great wine importing tradition, one has to go there to realise its antiquity, depth and con-tinuance today. Moreover, with one notable exception, it is not German wines that are generally sold and drunk there, but the wines and spirits of the world, especially Bordeaux.

The leading retail merchant, Hermann Segnitz said modestly. but oot without a basis of truth, "I know nothing about German wines." He knows a great deal about hordeaux and burgundy, champagne and cognac. His 1981/82 catalogue, eotitled Homage au Vin, has just reached me, and of its 270 pages, over 100 are given to French wices and spirits. He is the German agent for Krug champagne and Louis Latour burgundies. He also lists wines from almost every main producing country, not forgetting Hambledon from Englaod; hut none from Germany. The lead-ing importer and wholesaler, Reidermeister & Ulrichs, gave up selling German wines 10 years ago.

For this is basically red-wine-

drinking country, that at one time stretched beyond East Prussia into pre-Revolutionary Russia. In the long, dark winters the Prussian barons and their ilk had nothing to do but hunt and notable private cellars. drink; and it was red wine, mostly from Bordeaux, that they downed in enormous quantitles: perbaps a thousand. bottles each a year. Before 1914, in Bremen there were a huodred wine merchants, many of them direct importers. It was a bigger wine port than the larger Hamburg. The big Bordeaux houses, such as Calvet. Cruse and Eschenauer, bad their agents in the Hanseatic ports and sold to the local trade, which also bought wines and spirits from all over the world.

Bremen was and still is a major

rum importing centre. The 1913

list of Reidermeister contained

150 clarets, ending with the

chatean-bottled secood wine of

Ch. Margaux 1825, a short red

burgundy list concluded hy

Regina, Buckingham toria

Palace." Bordeaux led the market for much the same reason as it did in England: ease of access hy sea. The Dutch and then the Germans took over the North European wine commerce when the English were expelled from Gascony in 1453. Between them they ensured the con-tinuance of the Bordeaux trade, which included large exports from the hinterland of Cahor, Gaillac, etc. The Bremen wine merchants were no friends of Napoleon and his Continental

WINE EDMUND PENNING-ROWSELL

killed the business with Bor-

For Germany was the great market for the crus bourgeois. Before 1944 It imported aconally 200,000 hl. of red bordeaux, principally the reliable, inexpensive bourgeois wines which refied on this dwindled until their recovery only very recently. Before World War I the house of Seguitz owned the classed-growth Malescot-St-Exupery and the superior bourgeois Chasse-Spleen. After the war Bremen lost it vital trade with the big wine-drinking cities of Dresden and Leipzig, for until then little imported wine was drunk further south. German demand for red hordeaux only revived in the mid-1960s, and even now the annual imports only total 60,000 hl. Munich is the chief foreign - wine - consuming now, but Bremen has some

Today there are only six wine merchants of importance in the city, but they carry on a striking inheritance. Eggers and Franke were founded in 1804 Reidermeister and Ulrichs in 1831 (and on their 150th anniversary last May Christie's conducted an auction of their wines in Bremen), and Segnitz io 1859. Reldermeister also has an association with Ludwig von Kapff, a retail merchant who last November bought cuvees of Pommard and Meursault at the Hospices de Beaune auction.

The one place in Bremen where one cao be assured of a good glass of German wine is the famous medieval Rathas, miraculously spared in the RAF-ravaged city. With a highly decorated, early 17th-century "call-sign" - "E facade, the great first-floor hall, jours Bordeoux!"

annual feast to which the local sea captains are invited—once only in their lifetime. Down below are the wine cellars and the Ratskeller restaurant, where from a stock of 750,000 bottles 300,000 are served each year—

of German wine only.

For since the Middle Ages the city state has had a monopoly of importing and selling Rhenish, which is taken to include Mosel. The insistence on German wines was reinforced when Napoleoo, after incorporating Bremen into his empire, tried to introduce French wines. Once the city was liberated by the Russians, the city council vowed oever to have other than German wines.

The Ratskeller is particularly famous for its Rose and Apostle Cellars, filled with casks of ancieot wine, datiog back to 1653. That, I was told, is now too acid to drink, and so are several early 18th century wines, but in the Apostle Cellar. with its 12 large black oak casks, the 1727 Rudesheimer Apostelwein-from the Judas Apostelwein—from the Judas cask—is drinkable; and I sampled it. A deep gold in colour, it had a strong aroma of madeira, and was very dry indeed. Though somewhat oxidised, there was no sign of decree and it was mits strong decay, and it was quite strong. The casks are, of course, regularly refreshed and topped up, hut, as with sherry soleras, if not too much is drawn off at a time the wine maintains its character. A balf-bottle of this wine was sold at Christie's io 1975 for £250; and in 1978 a bottle of the Rildesheimer Rosewein 1848 went for £260.

For less privileged guests the

Ratskeller has a large-format, 70-page wine list, including everything from open wines sold by the glass to literally priceless, or at least uppriced, rarities in the schatzhammer (treasury). Nevertheless it is possible to buy 1937 and 1953 trocken beerenauslesen for DM 1,000 a bottle, and exceptional wices from DM 100 to DM 800. The list itself can be acquired for the equivalent of about £5. The recent delegation from Bordeaux was entertained to lunch in a private room in the Ratskeller, and was duly served with excellent German wines, to which few of the distinguished château owners present can have often been exposed in their oative Giroode. However, after the meal and the farewell speeches, the visiting party rose to its feet, and somewhat ironically and even seemdefiantly in these surroundings, as one man they shouted out the Commanderie's

The lesson of two deals

THE DIFFERENCE between With East-West vulnerable, poor dummy play and technical South dealt and opened the excellence is clearly illustrated bidding with one club—his

bridge. We start with No Ø 10 4. OA 10 9 7 5 2

4 K 8 4 7 9 8 7 2 **◆ 10.9 6.2** + Q 10 5 4 3 A K 7 2

namer is too strong for one no trump, and his choice of one elnh rather than one beart has much to recommend it. North replied with one diamood, and

equence.
West led the two of spades, and the declarer lost no time in wrecking the contract. Pleased at the prospect of a free finesse he played dummy's Knave and East was shrewd enough not to cover—he did not wish to set up an entry to the

BRIDGE

E. P. C. COTTER

South jumped to three no makeable, unless one defender trumps, which is a reasonable held the Queen. Knave of dia-sequence. monds unguarded. This did not happen, and the declarer ended up two tricks short of his con-

Let us replay the hand together. When the spade is led, we see the vital importance of preserving an entry to the table tricks, three more than the in order to enjoy the diamond original declarer, to make the table, The contract was now up- suit if it breaks reasonably, so score Game All.

we play the five from dummy, Now let us consider Never So and take 'with our Ace, no Humble: matter what card East produces. We cash the diamond King, and when West follows to the second diamond, we can ensure the cootract with a safety play. We finesse dummy's nine. Wheo this bolds, we cash the Ace, and surrender a trick to the Queeo.

West switches to the King of Q 10 9 West switches to the King of hearts, we win io hand, and lead a spade to the Knave oo the table. East wins and returns a heart to his partner's Queeo. That is the last trick for the defence, and we collect ten

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4 Q 9 8 9 A 7 4 0 8 5 3 4 J 10 9 8 0 6 5 8 2 0 K J 7 2 + A Q 6 5 4 AKJ 10 6 4 2 OKQ9 ◇ A 6 4

South was the dealer at game to. East-West, and bid two spades, which is forcing for one round North replied with three spades, a positive response which promises trump support and an Ace. South rebid four diamoods, and North said four bearts. Cheered by the fact that his partner bad the right Ace the cluh Ace would not have interested him-South hld six spades, and this concluded the

The difference between poor dummy play and technical excellence is shown here in two deals . from rubber bridge

West led the Knave of hearts, and the declarer took stock. He had eleven top tricks, and two seemingly inescapable diamond losers. Then he considered the lowly club suit on the table. If he could find East with at least two of the missing hooours, he could set up one club trick for diamood discard.

Winning the heart with the King, South crossed to the eight of spades, and returned the club Knave. East played his Ace, and South ruffed bigh, He returned to the spade nine, led the rlub ten, and when East played low, discarded e losing diamond. West won and led back the heart ten, which was won with the Queen, and the declarer led another trump to dummy's Queen to return the nine of clubs. East played low. and South threw his other diamond loser, and the slam was

WINE

EDMUND PENNING ROW-SELL'S next wine column — his second on cognac - will appear on Saturday, Fehruary 13. Thereafter his column will revert to its usual publication date: once a formight.

Taking on the top men

THE ANNUAL Grand Prix, now in its ninth year and sponsored hy Leigh Interests, decided the player with the best overall results in British congresses. Major tournaments carry extra weighting or bonna points, so that the professional grandmaster who plays mainly in internationals has an equal chance to the amateur competing on the weekend circuit.

The Grand Prix bridges the gap between local events and world competition, and gives rising talents the chance to measure their ability against national players. Its stimulus to achievement was well demonstrated in 1981 when five of the top 15 finishers qualified during the year for FIDE (World Chess Federation) titles.

Mark Rebdeo, a young Leicester expert who won the Grand Prix with a record 192.6 out of 200, improved suddenly from a run-of-the-mill British championship player to a strong international master, while Daniel King, of Bromley, arhieved the IM qualification at the age of only 18.

Tony Miles and John Nunn, our two leading GMs, are both previous Grand Prix winners but finished respectively second and sixth this time. One important though respectively second and sixth the same properties of the same properti though rarely articulated, strength of curreot British chess is that these two outstanding players combine a baavy overseas programme with frequent appearances in English weekend tournaments and longer events.

There is no real parallel io any other country. Ambitious Russians have no chance to take on Karpov, Kasparov or Spassky in anything less than a highly rated all-play-all GM tournament or an occasional team match; while leading GMs in other Western nations also compete in a more rarified atmosphere from potential young challengers.

The obvious success Britain's Grand Prix bas eocouraged imitation, but its U.S. counterpart operates purely on the basis of prize money and thus favours well-endowed weekend congresses at the expense of longer major nationals. Although the event is strongly contested, it involves few top American GMs.

Tony Miles's ability to com-

CHESS

LEONARD BARDEN

bine domestic and international play has been demonstrated in past few weeks when he was joint winner in the final Grand Prix event at Islington and narrowly failed to overhaul Hebden for the major Leigh award. A few days later Miles flew to Porz, West Ger-many, for a grandmaster tour-nament and a battle with the Russians. He disputed the lead throughout with ex-world champion Tal and was finally a close second to the Soviet player: Tal 9 out of 11, Miles 84, Hort 8, Georgadze 7. He lost his individual encounter to Tal but in compensation won this complex tactical battle with the USSR second string.

White: A. J. Miles (England). Black: T. Georgadze (USSR). Queen's Gambit Declined (Porz 1982).

1 P-QB4, P-K3; 2 N-QB3, P-Q4; 3 P-Q4, B-K2; 4 PxP, PxP; 5 B-B4, P-QB3; 6 P-K3, B-KB4; 7 P-KN4, B-K3; 8 B-Q3. A more direct approach than 8 P-KR3 which Korchnoi preferred in game 13 of the world title match at Merano.

S...N-Q2; 9 Q-B3, P-KR4; 10 P-KR3, Q-N3; 11 0-0-0, PxP; 12 PxP, RxR; 13 QxR, P-KN4; 14 B-N3, BxP; 15 R-Q2, B-K3; 16 Q-R2, 0-0-0; 17 N-N5!

White oow has dangerous attacking chances to compensate for his sacrificed pawn.

17...PxN; 18 R-B2 ch, N-B4; 19 PxN, Q-R4; 20 N-B3, P-KN5; 21 N-Q2, K-Q2; 22 P-B4, P-Q5; 23 P-B5, BxRP; 24 PxP,

Allowing White to cut off the bishop; hetter B-Q4 25 P.N3, Q-R6 ch; 26 R-N2, N-Q4; 27 BxP ch, K-B1; 28

Opening up the game for a decisive diagnosi queeo check; Black counters ingeniously, but too late.

P-KB6!

28...BxQBP; 29 Q-R5, B-Q3; 30 N-B4, Q-N5; 31 NxB ch, RxN; 32 R-B2 ch, Resigns. For if 32...

R-Q1: 33 Q-R3 mate. A complex

and obscure game on which Miles's own verdict was: "I wouldn't like to annotate it."

"call-sign" - "Bordeaux, tou-

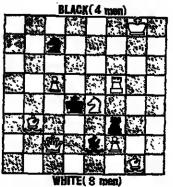
John Nuno, our other leading GM, defeated Tal Wijk, Holland, early this week. Murray Chandler of New Zealand also heat the Soviet ex-world cham-

POSITION No. 407



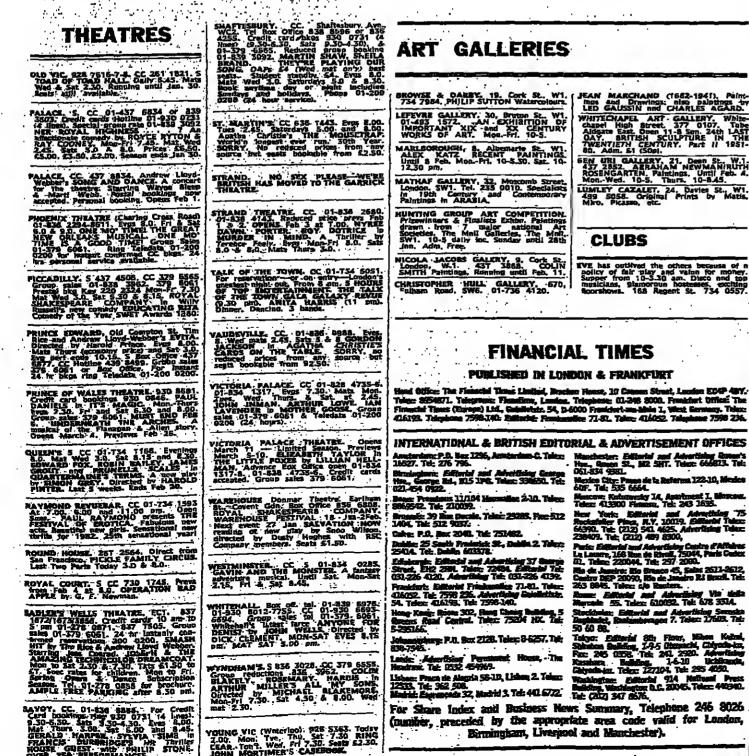
White mates in two moves. against any defence (by G. F. Rose). A simple position—but the well coocealed solotion won the composer a first prize.

PROBLEM No. 407



Psachis v. Kupreychik, USSR championship 1981. This interesting diagram occurred between the tournament winner (White, to move) and the player who went on to win the ICL Premier at Hastings. White is a pawn up with strong pressure, but Black plans to escape by QxP (K3).

What should White play, and how should the game go? Solutions Page 18



The crazy battle at the pumps

By Martin Dickson, Energy Correspondent

FINANCIAL TIMES BRACKEN HOUSE, CANNON STREET, LONDON EC4P 4BY

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Saturday January 23 1982

Conspiracy theories

rates in Lundon. Frankfurt and Amsterdam has inspired every kind of speculation from the no-smoke-without-a-fire school of thought. There are two main theories in circulation.

The first is that the Europeans would never have made their move in a week which with crucial U.S. money supply figures, and is followed next weel by a major U.S. policy statement, unless they Knew Something. The second theory is that this is a purely European institutive: the alliance is drifting apart, in monetary as in other matters, and the Europeans have decided in effect to float the dollar.

We are not going to endorse either theory, though we would judge that the independent European initiative is the more plausible of the two on offer. U.S. policy has always been preoccupted with domestic considerations, and never more acthan in the past few days. The rival schools of thought are now arguing in the npen, and Rep. Jack Kemp, who leads the gunzsack Keing, with least the galla-ho wing of the supply side school, is attracting more than usual support with his attacks on the Federal Reserve.

Worries

Mr Paul Volcker of the Federal Reserve has plenty of wormes: his own tenure of office and indeed the independence of the Fed itself. are under attack in Congress. He can have little attention to spare for international interest rates disarmament - though European developments are probably as welcome in Washington as they are here.

The European theory may be note plausible, for lower interes) rates have become a priority Government target in Boun as much as they are in London. At the same time, the theory is largely unnecessary. Trends in the exchange markets all gncs well, this is a way to have created conditions in Set long rales down. which the monetary authorities in both countries can afford to make a trial of lower rates.

The Germans, unlike ourselves, can also argue that their domestic monetary growth is sosubdued that a city in rates 13 justified in any case. In Lonsay, policy is now more con-

securities by Briltah saviugs Given this balance of argu- regime.

cheerful week in many months.

The simultaneous cut in interest surprised when the Government decided to offer an indexed stock rather than a conventional one as its next step in

The markets seem to regard an offer nf indexed stock as a kind of storm cone—a desperate measure to be adopted when the market in conventional stocks is too weak to touch. It is true that any guarantee against inflation is especially appealing in hard times; but from the point of view of the Government rather than of the investor, this is by no means the most important argument.

First, the market seems to have overlooked the fact that even in real terms indexed stocks are at the moment a less expensivo obligation than conventional long-dated stocks. except on very gloomy assump-tions ahout future inflation rates. Until this week, loog-dated stocks have been yielding per cent above the current rate of inflation. 6 per cent above the forecast rates for the end of this year, and 8 per cen above the target rate for 1983. The new stock offers 21 per

Serondly, in cash terms debt nterest on indexed stock is not 1 or 2 per cent but about 13 per cent cheaper than conventional stock in the early years. It is thus an attractive way both to cut the borrowing requirement—by some £90m next year on vesterday's issue alone-and place a bet on success in the anti-inflation prngramme.

Finally, there is quite a strong argument to market lerms for letting the convengilts market have its when il is at length recovering. The absence of a new offer can only increase the attraction of existing stocks. If

Confidence

The new stack, then, like the cur in interest rates, ran he read as a sign of new priorities and reviving coondence in Whilehall. The money supply, as we pointed out last week, is don, the move can only confirm at present heling madaged by the City's strong impression means which do not involve that whatever Ministers may pushing up interest rates, and the priority on money targets cerned with exchange rates is clearly not as urgent as it

Il remains to be seen. The Government is concerned whether this cheerful state of to nurture the recovery in outaffairs can be sustained. The pul which has hesitantly begun. improved industrial scene, and without undermining like value the UK nil companies into a the reduced demand for foreign of sterling. Similar moves in securities by Briltish savings Germany are helpful, but refinery capacity, built up in institutions, argue in favour of Ministers hardly need a con- the 1960s and early 1970s when sterling. Fears of a new peak spitacy to persuade them to try the demand for oil products was in U.S. rates argue against such a relatively palatable expanding at a healthy 5 per

Vicious street fighting is not the sort of behaviour you expect to find in a nice place like Wilmslow. Ugly skirmishings

long way from the tree-lined avenues of this well-beeled commuter suburb south of Manchester. The Porsche showroom and the large detached houses, with their rustic leaded window panes and occasional touches of mock Tudor, proclaim the people of Wilmslow to be rich and sober citizens.

Yet hattle-and all over a penny or two-is what broke out in Wilmslow recently when the forecourts of the local the UK's petrol price war. It began when Tony Southworth, the big, tough-talking boss of Telegraph, Britain's second biggest chain of independent filling stations, picked up the phone in his Liverpool office and ordered his Wilmslow garage, close to the local railway station, to cut the price of a gallon of four-star from 153.8p

a gallon to 149.9p. Within hours frantic phnne calls went out from the other local garages to the regional offices of their supplying oil companies. Could they match Southworth? The following morning the lucky citizens of Wilmslow could fill their cars up for 150p a gallon or less at very hig filling station.

It was another downward twist in a petrol price war dustry professes to think quite rrazy hut which no-one-at least for the moment-seems able to

That is marvellous news for the motorist. Petrol prices rose by 40p hetween January last year and August, when they eached an average 169.5p for four-star. But in recent months the trend has been downwards. Urban prices nationally now 160p for a gailnn of four-star and in some of the cake which is likely to rise little, fiercest areas of competitionsuch as the North-West and

A 'warning shot' to the big companies

Brisiol-the motortst can fill up for 155p a callon or less.

But what is good for the motorist has been spelling hig losses for the oil companies producing the petrol and a on many of the independent garage owners who sell it.

The fall—which some com-

The fall—which some com-panies say may oow have the North-Wesl is Mr Southhottomed out-is due in part to the recent strengthening of the in 10 years has built up a chain pound against the dollar, in which crude oil is priced, and 50 by 1984. He sees himself The Government is concerned in a general softening of the as a Freddie Laker of the crude and oil products markets. But the key factor pushing cenl a year or more.

able price rises later, demand power game may be a factor in many products has slumped some of his pricing decisions. and even petrol-one of the most resilient of the lot-suf-"In this market all it needs fered a 1.5 per ceot_drop in

is one operator acting emotionally to set the downward spiral going," says one oil executive, citing the case of a garage operator who slashed his prices after a win on the premium bonds. So why did Mr Southworth take action in Wilmslow-more tantameunt to waving a red flag

complain that enjoyment of the

days this is coming true as prices drop along the A34, the main arterial road from Wilmslow to the city centre. Mr Snnthworth's philosophy is simple. He wants the big companies to concede him a 1p

"bring the whole of South

Manchester down" and within

price edge because his sites are limited in their facilities and do not take credit cards. But

In today's static market downward price spirals can be set in motion by one aggressive seller and once underway assume their own momentum

Mr Tony Southworth, of Telegraph Service Stations, sees bimself as a Freddie Laker of the petrol world

at Esso. Britain's joint market that 1p can make a big differeader, which has its regional headquarters there

He says it was a "warning shot" to the hig companies-a tit-for-tat ratd because two of lhem had undercut him in Winsford, a town 15 miles south-west panies why and they say they petrol world and has a similar had to do so-the operators of their sites were losing trade in Chester, where prices had tumbled in the wake of earlier cuts by Telegraph.

Mr Southworth gels obvious The ripple effect seems neverpleasure from sniping at the ending: Mr Southworth predicts major oil companies. Critics that his Wilmslow cut will

ence lo sales—even in affluent Wilmslow." Nobody likes in buy petrol." says Mr Robert Corstorphine, the licensee of the local BP site. "We get people in here arguing over half a

peoce who'll go out to the pub al night and spend loads more on a round of drinks."

what happens. Our volume goes oul lhe window and the licensees of our sites are in serious trouble. We can't allow that to happen."

He also gets a measure of "price support"—a system which is crucial to the present warfare. Price support is a form of temporary subsidy given by the wholesaling oil companies at their discretion to the garages selling their petrol. Broadly, the nll companies guarantee the retailer a certain

gross profit margin on his sales -currently around 6p a gallon. If rival sites cut their prices, the oil companies agreed to compensate their retailer to do the same and thus maintain volume.

and independents like him, go

on cutting prices? To some extent it is because of the way

he runs his sites-staff-costs are

kept right and amenities limited.

be gets from his supplier oil companies—so-called mini-

majors such as Conoco and Amoco which have UK refining

capacity but only a small share of petrol sales. They are, in Mr Southworth's phrase, "hungry

As a large independent, re-presenting a sizeable propor-tion of their sales, he can nego-

tiate good terms-credit of 30

days and substantial rehates off

scheduled wholesale prices.

for market share."

A crucial factor is the support

Such a system can acquire its own momentum: in some areas petrol which should be retailing for around 169p a gallon is re-According to one Manchester costing the industry a small for-oil man. "Southworth has had a tune—up to £3m a month in the competition among the refiners penny hefore now and we know care of the biggest companies. which determines the speed and But it is also a system which depth of the drop.

gives the oll companies immense power to control the the battle of Wilmslow, puts it; structure of the retail market "The oil industry will fight—and that is a major worry to among itself almost to the point But how can Mr Southworth, the Motor Agents Association, of self-destruction."

the garage operators' umbrella

The number of petrol stations in the UK bas sbrunk from 38,500 in 1964 to 25,000 as sales have been concentrated as sales have been concentrated at self-service sites with a high throughput. Along with this has gone a sharp rise in the number of stations owned by the wholesaling oil companies. In 1964 these "companyowned" sites accounted for soly 25 persons of the person only 25 per cent of the petrol sold in the UK and independent garage owners for 74 per cent. Last year the company sites accounted for about 54 per cent nationally—and well over 70 per cent in key urban centres.

Price support may accentuate this trend. The oil companies are not prepared to give it In many garages in rural areas or attended town stations which do not fit into their rationalisation plans. The MAA also suspects support is used to favour company-owned sites rather than independents in areas of bot competition—though the oil companies deny discriminating between their customers.

The net result says Mr Stan Fryer, the MAA's man in the North-west, is to "basten the decline of the attended petrol station in town and rapidly increase the decline of the filing station in rural areas. In a way, its the old story of the high street shop against the supermarket all over again.

Mr Mike Rose, who operales nine stations in the North-West. voices a common fear when he says: "Another few years of this and there will he just a big few sites left owned and operated by the petrol companies. That may or may not be an accident—but there's plenty in the trade who see it as no

But will that necessarily be bad for the motorist? After all, competition between the oil companies is proving pretty effective now. Ah yes, says the

High street shop and supermarket situation

MAA, but in the long run cartel

Rubbish, reply the oil com-panies, if the industry could operate as a cartel we would end the price war tomorrow. But it doesn't and we can't-despite three attempts by British Petroleum over the past year to lead the way out of price support.

Certainly, it is bard to see how the oil companies can blame anyone but themselves for the current battle. Tony ceiving price support of 15p Southworth and others may or more. "Price support" is exert a downward force on

As Mr Southworth, fresh from

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Letters to the Editor

Language problem

From Mr Martin Levin

sible for communicators resorting to clienes?
Simple words seem to have been so over-used and no attempt made to look for alternative words to convey the

Sir,-What factor is respon-

Among the previous words focused by the writer over the past few years, can be added: "clearly," and situation." Dur-ing 1950 and 1931 there appeared to be a competition to utilise either or both of these words as often as possible

To start a sentence with the word "clearly" is aggressive in itself. It defies the receiver to argue against the statement, implying that if a counter-challenge is considered, the re-

ceiver is stupid.

Many times the omission of this now offensive adverb, will still convey the point — pro-vided it has been specifically As for "situation," sectences

often reveal the lack of vocabulary of the user, especially when one considers the absurdity of the "situation" of "situation." Take to the thetaurus, and perhaps with a little more careful fore-thought, avoidance of genterces beginning with ' Aod.' as well as those containing a string of abbreviated initial letters, can be achieved. Martin Levin. 194 Scararderone Road. Changford, E4

Social science From Dr R. Hudson

Sir.-Samuel Brittan (January 181 15 correct to argue that there is a very strong case for the Social Science Research Council continuing to support work on macro - economic forecasting models of the UK economy. One might go further, however. It well known that the impacts of economic growth and decline decisions, long term delays and are not distributed evenly over been to generate a new set of in Atlantic City 1947.

spatial economic problems and intensify existing ones, at both urban and regional scales. These in lurn have had, or threaten to have, seriously destabilising political and social impacts. itmited to one or two variables. and large areas. Should not the Social Science Research Council also be encouraged to devote resources to developing a more sophisticated forecasting capability in this crucial area? Department of Geography.

University of Durham

Use of air waves From the Choirmon, Air Coll

Sir.—The radio frequency spectrum can be utilised to provide cost-effective communications services and encourage a large electronic manufacturing base in advanced technologies. The radio spectrum above 30Mhz is subunused to many frequency hands. Defence has de facto access in the entire spectrum in time of peace or war so there is little justifica-

Satellites and microwave radio link systems can provide a much needed boost to the new telecommunications services to commerce and employment in the manufacturing and service industries.

precious radio specirum.

The Home Office radio regulatory department and previous radio services department of the Post Office has a disastrous record of wronz errors in the administration of talk the radio spectrum, since line first post-war world administra-was

tions Act 1981, has actually strengtheoed the powers of British Telecom extending the monopoly into information and What does the future hold for following the same monopoly the UK's problem ioner city policies of the old Post Office. rate of inflation . . . areas and regions? What can in fact it is the same people enough in gross terms. In fact it is the same people conomic forecasting models tell administering the monopoly, us about these? While there They are now claiming rights disaggregate existing macroeconomic models ifor example,
by the Cambridge Economic
Policy Groupi these have
generally been rudimentary,
limited to one or the visibility. Our company has just been

sent a licence after two years from BT. agains: our expressed desire as we wished to be licensed by the Scoretary of State under Clause 15 of the British Telecommunications Act 1981. This licence contains a long list of prohibitions and restrictions which would prevent any possibility of utilizing satellite, microwave systems or Cable & Wireless's "Mercury" system.

We have consistently pointed out to the Minister that the Dol can and should grant an appro-priate licence. It is ridiculous to expect the old monopoly staff to suddenly issue linenees to their competitions. The combination of the ET monopoland the Home Office radio regulatory department is creating a total flasco.

This Government must act to issue a general waiver licence in permit real freedom of use of the BT network and get nonpovernment advice on handling the telecommunications monoand radio frequency spectrum.

176/184 Vauxhall Bridge Road.

Savers' loss

Sir.-To my certain know-

ledge the men on the factory floor 40 years ago knew that talk of a salary of £500 a year the national territory and one of the radio spectrum, since like was "swank", what mattered first posl-war world administrative radio conference (WARC) packet. Today, what matters in those who provide another among politicians for sonthing tional to first preferences.

The British Telecommunical agent of production — the words about improved producsavers—is that the rate of in-terest after tax continues below remain the rate of inflation.

Two oil crises and innumer-

UK sales last year. The total

UK market for oil products last

year was 65.5m tonnes. Total

lläm tonnes.

if at all, in 1982.

refining capacity was about

Against this background, the

oil companies are all scrabbling

"You've got hilge fixed cost capacity right through your syslem." says one senior executive. "Refineries, lerminals, tankers, filling stations. You've

201 to maintain volume to con-

tain unit costs."
In such an atmosphere down-

ward price spirals can be set in mution by one aggressive

seller-hypermarkets, for example are a major force in the

Brilish area-and once under-

rum. Wilmslow, and the wrier

struggle being waged in the North-West, Traditionally the

fiercest area of price competi-

worth, a clever maverick who

nf 31 stations and aims to reach

flair for publicity and showman-ship: "New Year Sale." said

the signs outside his stailons

two years ago, " all stocks must

tion. underlines the point.

to preserve—and in some cases expand—their share of a petrol

Your first leader of January enough in gross terms, but after tax the saver continues to lose in real terms. The saver is still have been attempts regionally to to control the "use that is made in the position of a worker who receives a wage that is actually less than his/her tax liability. so that even to pay his tax bill he needs to sell his TV set and live on air.

Geoffrey Price. Honorary Director. The Savers' Union. 4. Broad Street Place Blomfield Street, EC2.

Collaboration

From Mr D. Walters. Sir.-Mr Scargill accuses Mr Gormley of being a "collabora-tionist." It was my impression that the idea was for the unions

D. Walters. 44. Stratford Road. Watford, Herts.

Industrial training From Mr David Jenkins,

Sin.—Your correspondent's Landlord Road, SW15, informative article about industrial training (January 11) was marred by one elemish. But still life in the hoary old chestnut that when there is pienty work about Britain's economy is hamstrung by shortages of skill. In the past the MSC sponsored a number of studies into reported skill short-In each case the abortage proved to be illusory. Over five years are in its document "training for vital skills" it acknowledged the weight of industrial opinion that the apparent problem could be explained by factors other than manipulation of second, third, skill sportages; not least by the inefficient use of manpower.

tivity, the basic problems remain unresolved. Nothingor very little-has changed. The last available official other business areas. ET is 16 stated "market interest rates figures show that male manual now show a large premlum over workers put in more than six hours' overtime a week, and there are signs that high overtime has continued in many firms during the depths of the recession. It is, of course, a problem that has been with us for a very long time. It suggests that as soon as the economy picks up we shall hear again the familiar refrains about missed delivery dates.

production bottlenecks and . . .

shortages of skill, This conclusion should have implications for the industrial training hoards that remain. As they were originally set up to deal with a problem that wasn't there - skill shortages - it would make sense to direct them into tackling the problem that is. Surely the central task must be to help employers make the best use of the people they have, whether this be by training managers, introducing computer-based technology or by removing the barriers to productivity. Or should we conclude that common sense and industrial training, like oil and water, don't mix? David Jenkins,

Chantrey House

Transferable votes From Mr i. Cook

Sir. - Peter Riddell (January 141 does not bring out the fact that although the stogle transferable vote system (STV1 has many merits as a measure of electoral reform, it is not in fact a system of proportional representation.

Proportional representation means that seats are propor-uonal to votes. "Votes" means "first preferences." Yel STV is concerned only with the ctc. preferences. There is no practice in o reason why such manipulations John Hollis. Despite the current vocue should produce a result propor-

If we want proportionality, we should choose a method such as the additional member system, which is designed to achleve It.

Ian Cook. 16. Nunehom Squore. Abugdon, Oxon.

Brokers' dealing From Mr John Hollis

Sir,-In his letter (January

13) concerning "Maintaining the London Market," the chairman of the Stock Exchange states that in "the overwhelming majority of the world's stock exchanges brokers are not allowed to deal as principals at all." This is the most astonishing statement. Not the least astonished would be the American brokers who act as blocktraders or the Japanese houses, the largest of which is featured by you in the same issue. The German and Dutch banks who play the role of stockbroker under their systems might also be a little surprised. The only important exchanges where Sir Nicholas' statement is true are those of the Latin countries of Europe and South America and those of the Commonwealth countries, other than Canada.

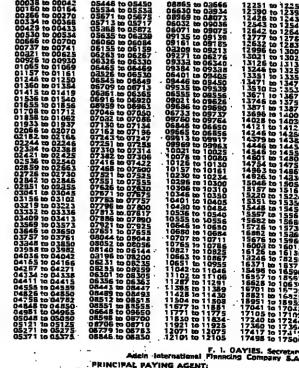
It is true that France. Spain and Italy have markets that are thin compared to the size of rheir domestic economies but the same could hardly be said of such countries as Hong Kong and Singapore. The problems of how to sustain a high level of dealing activity have much more to do with the methods of execution of orders in the market, for which some form of market-making machinery is essential, and very little to do with bow the orders actually reach the market-makers. There is a respectable case to be made for giving the market-making machinery (in the case of Londoo the jobbers) a privileged position in seeing all or the reater part of the business but this case is not advanced by spurious comparisons with the practice in other countries.

c/n Euro-Kuwoiti Securities PO Box 26702 Safot, Kuwait.

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But it is a first principle of life in Hollywood that for every box office bonanza there are ten

duds. The sceptics go on to argue that although Pay TV will

produce business for Hollywood, part of it will be at the expense of sales to the networks. It is hard, for example, to imagine any network in the 1980s doing what NBC did two years ago;

COLUMBIA

PICTURES

dollar. Coke has also had a

hard time sorting out its rela-

tions with its independent

U.S. bottlers, whose perform-

ance is crucial to Coke's

Some now argue that the

increasingly competitive U.S.

market for soft drinks is

saturated. So Coke has diver-

sified into food, wine and

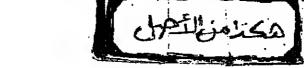
other related activities, which

now account for a quarter of

its sales and 15, per cent of

profits. The Columbia bid is

the first attempt to enter completely new territory.



Coke's \$750m movie gamble

Ian Hargreaves in New York reports on why Hollywood has proved an irresistible attraction

THIRTY-THREE years 250, a young Cuban, struggling to establish himself at the print. Cheshire Academy prep school in upmarket Connecticut found that the best way to master the problem of the property of the property of the problem. English language and American manners was to go to the

Perhaps it was then that Roberto Goizuetz, now chairman of Coca-Cola, acquired the taste for Hollywood which prompted him to make a friendly \$760m bid this week for Columbia Pictures: an offer which, it can be said without ration, stunned Wall

For institutional investors, have sold Coke stock heavily since the announcement and some of whom are murmuring about a shareholders' revolt to kill the deal, the shock is twofold: that Coke's venture stalwart stock at the low-risk, reliable growth end of most portfolios and that most of them feel Coke is paying far too

"The guy's gone Hollywood. paid 15 per cent more than it

Mr Goizueta's response so far has been to emphasise the attractions of Columbia "for the long pull," noting its strength not only as the number four Hollywood studio, but also its activaties in broadcasting and. even more important, in the promised land of cable televi-sion, Pay TV and what Variety HoHywood's newspaper, likes to call "that very expensive stuff called Columbian home video."

The closest Mr Goizueta has come in public to justifying the \$77 per share price (based on Columbia and Coke share prices before the amouncement, when Columbia was at \$42) was his characteristically flamboyant comment that: "an acquisition comment that: "an acquisition The argument of all these sion re-release and \$20m in fees is fike a marriage. You look at people who are "going Holly- from network, cable TV and

comes from a good family. You think you're going to be happy with her. So the last thing you talk about is the dowry."

That kind of talk is not exactly box-office in Wall Street. But Mr Goizueta is not the only businessman with money to spend whose eye has lately been caught by the Hollywood neon. Twentieth Century Fox, with a price tag of \$722m, last year joined the private flefdom of Mr Marvin Davis, the Denver oilman. And Mr Kirk Kerkorian, the Las Vegas financier who is chief atockholder and guiding spirit at MGM decided, having failed to take over Columbia, to snap up from Transamerica a United Artists weakened by its \$40m Heavens Gate fiasco. For the secretive Mr Kerkorian, that represented into tinsel town tarnishes a a complete change of tack from the early 1970s when he seemed to be doing everything in his power to drag the roaring lion

On a different scale, but also He's gotten the Hollywood intriguing is the current boom hustle," says one Wall Street in Wall Street — organised analyst, who thinks Coke has financing of pictures by private financing of pictures by private investors. There are now four public offerings on the go-they might be described as Hollywood unit trusts-designed to appeal to investors with enough iocome to profit from tax shelters if the films flop. One investment house, D. H. Blair has eyen hired a Hollywood man Mr Joel Hochdorf to head a new film finance unit.

of MGM away from films and into hotels and casinos.

With all this money sloshing. along Sunset Boulevard, there will eventually, without doubt, be more movies than the 100 turned out by the major studios in both 1981 and 1980. In Joel, Hochdorf's opinion, the more the better: "There just areo't enough films in the market place," he argues.

sion in the U.S. already 2 \$1.5bn a year market and growing at 30 per cent a year, the films which the " software needed by this new industry will be a commodity in increasing demand. Pay per view which allows cable companies with the most advanced technology to sell individual screenings like a cinema, will have a "dramatic impact in the near future" on the film industry, says Mr Frank Rosenfelt, chairman of MGM.

committing \$10m for the right to broadcast Annie, Golumbia's \$40m film of the Broadway A copoliary to this argument

is that the value of the film biraries which all the big this summer. The facts, according to Wall Street analysts, are that Pay TVstudios have in their vaults, will THE TWO COMPANIES COMPARED ::

(in Smi) COLUMBIA COCA-COLA

be greatly enhanced by these

have included Kramer Kramer, Stir Crazy and Stripes, is sisting on 1,800 films, among them the Marion Brando classic, On the Waterfront, Bridge on River Kwai, Dr Strangelove, Easy Rider and Funny Girl. The company has tentatively estimated the value of this collection at \$300m. Some put the figure at twice that and say that the larger, better quality MGM-United Artists library is worth three times Columbia's; but noone really knows.

As an example of the potential re-cyclability of a success. for the past, 20 years and the ful film, Columbia points to. Close Encounters of the Third Kind, the science fiction extravaganza which grossed \$77m in American theatres, \$50m overseas, \$11.1m in an extended ver-

will generate about 15 per cent of Hollywood's revenues this columbia, whose recent buts year and perhaps as much as are included Kramer vs one-third by the late 1980s. Given that the average Hollywood film today just about covers its production costs fromthe cinema box-office, this suggests the industry is going to-

> There is no doubt however that the ment and potatoes will continue to be the cinema boxoffice, which, heyond the tragic chorus of small-town cinema. managers, is a remarkably stable U.S. have come in at around 1bnnumber of screens, because of the trend towards multiscreen

get a bigger helping of gravy.

in the years shead.

Cola until recently a reliable 4-6 per cent a year volume growth in the U.S. and double that in foreign markets. Wine. Coke's newest drinks business, is growing at-10 per cent a year. Given that on top of its basic lack of growth, Hollywood offers all the thrills of losing up to \$40m at a throw if a major picture, such as Annie,

Columbia can be appreciated. This means that for all the attractions of the "leng pull." Coke's most important task in both the short and the long term will be to nurture the creative talent which provides Columbia's heartbeat rather than frampling upon it or - 687. letting it run riot which is what happened alternately at United Artists under Transamerica. Talent is and will always be the scarcest commodity in Hollywood and the biggest commercial talent of them all George Lucas (Star Wars and Raiders of the Lost Arc), has turned his back on Beverly Hills for ever to set up his own picture-making compound near

San Francisco as an indepen-Perhaps Coke, whose own main business is immensely sensitive to image, will understand this better than Transamerica, which is primarily an insurance and financial services company.

· If this first condition is met, Columbia should be able to build on the market share, which it increased from 10 to 14.5 per cent between 1977 and theatres, has actually increased 1981. Coke will then also be by about 1,000 to 17,600 since able to turn its mind to fund-1981. Coke will then also be 1978. Last year, the U.S. box ing expansion of the broadcast-office took \$3bn, up 8.3 per cent ing and cable businesses, as from 1980, according to Variety. well as to revitalising Colum-But stability is stagnation by bia's loss-making

another name and Hollywood's areade games subsidiary, which growth curve does indeed look is still hooked to earth in the like a strip of twisted celluloid pinball wizardry of the 1970s rather than soaring in the industry, which has given Cocaciola until recentive a reliable invaders.

Coke, however, showa every sign of understanding things. The company is obvi-ously attracted to Columbia in part because it is the least Hollywood of the major film companies. It boasts the most effective cost controls in a business noted for its profligacy, one illustration of which was flors the reservations of the to complete the successful portfolio managers about Coke romance Blue Lagoon for a pakry \$4.5m. Headquartered in New York, Columbia's presi-dent, Mr Francis Vincent, is a Commission lawver. Its eminence grise is Mr Herbert Allen, the latest patriarch from the old Wall Street family who now, as a member of the Coca-Cola board as well, will be able to atep up his Clash of the Titans with Rirk Kerkorian, if MGM will excuse the breach of eopy-

right. It would also be a mistake to think that Mr Goizueta has rushed, without reflection, into diversification for its own sake. Only in September, he gave a speech castigating the indulgent hyperactivity" of the merger wave.

In the same speech, wisecracking about the Coca-Cola legend, he commented: "I am all in favour of legends, however, what I am equally in favour of is the Coca-Cola ledger, which shows growing profits and an above average return to our shareholders.

Now Mr Goizueta has two legends. He has also, only 11 months after snatching the Coke chairmanship against considerable odds, walked on to the waterfront with a swagger which Marlon Brando would have been proud of. His reputation and his future depend upon what happens next.

trial disputes in December.

Quarterly estimates of em-ployees in employment during

the third quarter. House of

Commons debates Government's

Weekend Brief

COKE IS the world's largest

soft drinks company, claim-

ing 35 per cent of the world

market. Strong growth in

both U.S. and foreign mar-

kets enabled the company to

return an average of more

than 21 per cent on equity

in the 1970s. However, 1980

was weakened by bad weather

in Japan, a price war with

Pepsi in the U.S. and general

Growth resumed last year

although its impact on profits

was weakened by the strong

economie weakness.

A second model agency collapses

IT COULD be a long time before the dust settles in the weathe modelling world followthig the collapse of two leading London agencies.

within four weeks of each other Bobtons, one of the top three prestige fashion names. and Peter Benison and Donald Langdon Ltd, an actors' agent with models on the books, ceased trading with deficiences of some £90,000 and £70,000.

respectively.

More chillingly, numbered among the posse of creditors. are the very people the agencles claimed to represent — actors and models could lese thousands of pounds in the process. A spokesman for the Association of Model Agents which represents some 23 agen-cies commented: "Any agency can go into liquidation but models should not lose their

Jose Fonesca, co-owner of top agency Models I Elite for the past 13 years, said of Bobtons: It's incomprehensible. Some thing like this should never happen. It's terribly had for the

Coming-just-before Christmasat prime spending time and with tax returns pending the Bob-tons crash brought had tidings to top models like the McLean twins (recently seen advertising Wrangler jeans) who claim to be owed about £4,500. Jilly Johnson (the Vauxhall cars girl) who is owed about £3,500, Lucy Escalante (the Quant girl) about £2,000 and Jelly Herbert (the Discrete hers and Avon (the Playtex bras and Avon girl) more than £6,000. Some 30: girls are owed more than £500 and 12 men more than £400. according to an approximate owed to me for well over a statement of affairs at the time year," says 22-year-old Jenny of liquidation given to creditors McLean. "It's naughty. You're this week. In total the sum out- not supposed to hold models standing to models is about

Most of the income stems



Two of the creditors: models Jilly Johnson and Cela Wise

models have no way of monitoring. However, once the liquidation news was out they contacted the advertisers concerned and were assured that payment had been made to the agency. Many of the girls have pointed s solicitor to act for them, but chances of recovering all the money are very much in the balance.

Gillian Bobroff had circulated a letter denying rumouts of fin-ancial instability after some of the models had left the agency unhappy methods of payment.

"Some of my money was money for more than 10 days (required to clear cheques) after the client has paid the

from commercial repeats which agency. I'm just angry because we worked steadily for three years for them and had trust in them.

Financing an agency is no simple matter. It's well known that agencies often have to fight hard to extract payment from Advertising their clients. agencies and magazines are notoriously slow and it can be up to six months before a job is settled. Normal practice is to News of the Bobtons crash settled. Normal practice is to may not have come as a total run two accounts, as solicitors surprise to the models. Backy in mid-summer sole director holds her fees minua the holds her fees minua the agent's commission (20 per cent) which goes into the office

> Recent events have struck a the working life of a top model averaging some £400 to £500 a week can be a brief five years and where you can be past it at 28. "It's a myth that our husiness makes fortunes," says Laraine Ashton whose agency is backed by Mark McCormack, the American entrepreneur

"Many girls are unfairly taken on to books and told they can Government meets for the first

It's a widely held view that "overmodelled." make a go of it. Some girls. earn no more than £5,000 a Jose Fonseca adds: " Ош

and entertainment stars.

models are the lowest paid in Local Government Finance at the world. For instance, in New York a girl can earn between \$1,500 and \$2,000 a day. Here it's £100 for a full day's work for magazines and £250 for commercials.

The Peter Benison crash has affected about two dozen Equity members who are owed jointly some £43,000. These include Emma Jacobs (daughter of David Jacobs (who is owed about £1,400 and William £92, according to estimates, spokesman for which is represented oo the committee of inspection (whose tob is to check the progress of the liquidation) says: "It appears that the company was trading on the clients' (i.e., artists') money which under the Employment Agencies Act is not allowed. The money an agent holds for his artists should not be used to run the company."

Chances of recovery are pre-carious since the actors are not preferential creditors like the union is ready to fight. "We'll do our best to get the money back and are considering other legal gambits," said the spokes-

According to the liquidator appointed to handle the Benison case, Mr Brian Chandler of chartered accountants Bleasdale and Chandler, the company had six months earlier when Mr Benison left for Australia. It then transpired that no accounts had been kept for the previous two years and in an attempt to set the books straight a trust account for the artists was set up. But in the end the pool just wasn't sufficient.

Back on the circuit, however, agencies report that business is flourishing. Indeed the tears had scarcely had time to dry when most of the ex-Bobtons girls realigned under Carole White, a former "bookar" (the agency girl who arranges a model'a hookings) at Bobtons. She took the decision to start her own company on hearing of the liquidation and taking the top 40 girls with her formed

who manages a galaxy of sports | MONDAY: UK trade figures for December. Two-day EEC Foreign Ministers meeting in Brussels. New vehicle registrations for December. Polish time under martial law. Local authority manual workers dis-cuss pay offer. Institute of Fiscal Studies conference on Glaziers Hall London SE1. Yorkshire ... miners executive meeting.

of the EEC Economic and tee report on milk. dustries in November and of a two-week tour of the Far Social Committee in Brussels. WEDNESDAY: Two-day rail stoppages of work one to indus- East.

Economic Diary

Provisional unemployment and drivers' strike planned. House unfilled vacancies figures for of Commons debates employ-January. Bricks and cement ment and the House of Lords production figures for the discusses the European Monefourth quarter. Miners- pay tary System: TUC General talks. President Reagan gives Council meeting. Irish Budget. his State of the Union address. THURSDAY: Energy trends. Mr Alexander Haig, U.S. Secre. Final unemployment and untary of State, meets Mr Andrei filled vacancies figures for Gromyko, Soviet Foreign Minis: ter, in Geneva. Nurses submit duction industries in Novemmeeting.

pey claim. Ministry of Agriculber. Overtime and short-time TUESDAY: Three-day meeting ture issues consumer commit working in manufacturing in-

December. Employment in pro-

economic policy. Pay talks resume betwen British Gas and manual workers. U.S. trade FRIDAY: Sales and orders figures for the engineering industries in October and the final December car and commercial vehicle statistics. visits Indonesia at the start

FINANCIAL TIMES CONFERENCES

European Pulp & Paper in the 80's

Issues to be discussed:

- Developments in the European Pulp and Paper Industry as EEC countries prepare for tariff changes
- The integration of Scandinavian mills
- The role of North America as suppliers to Western Europe
- Profitability and competitiveness in Industry in North America and Western Europe

Some of the speakers taking part:

Mr Fernand Braun

Director General for Internal Relations, Commission of the European Communities

Mr Norbert Lehmann President

PWA Papierwerke Waldhof Aschaffenburg AG

Dr Lars Mikander D Tech H.C. Vice Chairman of the Board Ahlström Oy

Date and Venue:

17 & 18 March, 1982 Finlandia Hall, Helsinki

Mr John Worlidge

Executive Director, BAT Industries Deputy Chairman The Wiggins Teape Group PLC

Mr Guy Dufresne

Vice President, Marketing Pulp and Paper Group Consolidated-Bathurst Inc

Prof Dr Pentti J.K Kouri **New York University**

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European Pulp & Paper in the 80's



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Michelin's record two chefs

For some it is the money, for some the pride but, for the small group who are counted as the great chefs of this world success is a small flower—the Michelin rosette. The Roux brothers, French born hut now thoroughly Anglicised, have managed to acquire six of them this year, more than isin Britale and given the ultimate Michelin accolade, a third resette of its own. "For me it is an Olympic medal,"

of the Gavroche itself.

they take their places in their brother Michel, who is five own kitchens—Albert at the years younger, was in the kit-Gavroche and younger Michel chens of Mile Cecile de Roths-at the Waterside in the child. Friends on both sides, buccolic setting of broker-belt Bray. The Gayroche has 45 staff to cook for and serve the 80 people it can feed each even-ing (the staff-customer ratio at McDonalds must be a thousand times grester) and meeting Michelin's three rosette de-mand for "faultless service" as well as superb food means con-siderable management as well as culinary skills.

Albert, a stocky 46-year-old, Britain almost by came to accident. He had trained as a pastry cook and a friend who held by any other family in a pastry cook and a friend who Europe. Their gastronomic was catering for the Windsors flagship, the Gavroche in Paris pointed him in the London's glossy Mayfair, has way of a job cooking for Lady been named the best restaurant the comparison remained since connection remained since win that rosette this year. The those times in the early 1950s seed was planted when we first when Albert went on to the kitchens of the French, embassy in London and, after says Albert Roux, the brother embassy in London and, after who has the day-to-day running military service, to the British

embassy in Paris. The Roux brothers are no While Albert moved on to be Roux lorry makes a weekly trip

under the leadership of banker Michael von Clemm got to-gether in 1967 to back the brothers in their first London hotel venture, the Gavroche, then based in Chelsea. The kitchen at the lower Sloane Street location wasand still is tiny—but over the years the Roux lads attracted both clientele and

Michelin acclaim. The restaurant moved to its prevent spot only last year, when the former Gavroche became a histro, Gavvers, but still part of the Roux empire. "We slaved our guts out," says Albert, displaying his grasp of Anglo Saxon colloquialisms. "We did not win that rosette this year. The

The brothers are still choosy in what they regard as the basis of their success-ingredients. A 16-tonne refrigerated absentee cooks. Every night chef for Major Peter Cazelet, to France for such items as

cheese and fruit. "France has the ideal climate for commodiyears younger, was in the kit- the ideal climate for commodi-chens of Mile Cecile de Roths- ties. If the commodities are not right, the meal will not be right." In Britain they pay well over the odds" for the right quality of beef, lamb and grown the way I want

> offered freshly cangbt salmon. "Perhaps six people will have it, and maybe two of them will realise that they have had something special. For me that is enough." The only thing that can rivel a Michelin star, apparently is a pleased cus-

Albert reckons the additional rosette will not go to his head.
"We will just keep up our standards. We will not push up prices (bround £60 for two for dinner with wine) and not replace the knives and forks with

Contributors: Feona McEwan Arthur Sandles

67 Pricerite

Argyll Foods

Argyll Foods, which last year was unsuccessful in its bid for Linfood Holdings, is buying 67 Pricerite discount stores from

BAT Industries, the tobacco, retailing and paper group, for

The stores, which form part of

BAT's retailing subsidiary, are being equired by Lo-Cost Stores, an Argyk subsidiary, together with e distribution depot at Chester.

Lo-Cost will also acquire the

trading and depot stock of the Pricerite business at a price not exceeding £3.5m.

exceeding £3.5m.

The stores, which have an anmal hirmover of £34m, are based in the Midlands, the North, West and Wales. At the beginning of 1980 BAT sold its Pricerite outlets in Southern England and also disposed of Kearley and Tonge, the loss making food wholesaling side of International Stores, to Booker McConnell for £10m. The remaining 52 Pricerite stocks were sold

ing 52 Pricerite stocks were sold

in 1980 to Fine Fare.

Argyll'a Lo-Cost Stores operates 107 supermarkets, With the exception of seven in South-West, England, the stores are mainly located in the West Mid-lands, Wales and North-West

England.
Argyll says that the accountion of the Pricerite business complement Lo.Cost's

present activities both geo-

granhically and operationally, and will increase Lo Cost's

The company says foot a

may he converted to Cordon Blon freezer centres.

T.Infood announced yesteria

Tichors Stores cash and carry subsidiary. HRT Trademarkers for a cash consideration. The

conducted from cloud dente and the conducted from cloud dente and the conducted from these will be

Descible offer

for Leadenhall

Leadenhalt Sterling an indus-trial subsidiary of British and Commonwealth Shipping, has received an approach which may result in an offer being apide

result in an offer being apide for its shares.

Earlier yesterday the shares were suspended at the company's request. At the suspension price of 65p (flown 3p), the tompany is valued at some 13 the the main activities of the Leadenhall Sterling group are the manufacture of forklift trucks and paper converting machines, manufacture and distribution of medical optical and electronic equipment. In 1888, group pre-tax profits fell from 1985,000 to 127,000 and in the first half of 1981 there was a further reduction from 1490,000

to £107,000.

British and Commonwealth controls Leadenhall through its subsidiary Bricomin investments

which owns some 80 per cent of the shares. It became a sub-

PROVCL TRUST
London and Provincial Trust

and Investment Intelligence, which bought 13.75 per cent of

the investment trust last

Wednesday, has had "amicable".

talks on various methods for

reducing the discount which London's shares trade relative

to their net asset value.

Investment Intelligence, a privately beld investment management group, said that a

number of possibilities for narrowing the discount were discussed ranging from the

specialisation of London's port-

folio to a full scale take over and the unitisation of London's hold

A director of London which

is managed by Robert Fleming, said the proposals would be pre-

sidiary in 1975.

LONDON AND

hat it had egreed to po

passed to Linfrod.

Sterling

stores for

BOC to continue heavy spending

CONFIDENT THAT the group will meet the challenge of "a difficult year for most husinesses 1981, and commenced wo hroughout the industrialised world," Mr Richard V. Giordano, managing director and chief executive of BCC International review that carnings will again unprove in 1981-82.

Cash flow and balance sheet are stronger than they have been for a number of years, he states. and there are lines of credit at favourable terms that are more than adequate to meet all foreseeable needs for capital.

"Therefore, we will perseve in our programmies to huild for the future."

During the year ended September 30 1981 the group, which is joynfyed in industrial gases, welding products, health care. and carbon graphite products, spent £152.3m (£134.4m) for capital projects—59 per cent was spent for new plant and distribu-tion equipment for gas business worldwide, and 14 per cent for modernisation and expansion of the carbon graphile plants in the

A geographical split of the total expenditure shows: UK £26.5m (£36.7m); Rest of Europe £3.7m (£4.3m); Africa £25.1m (F12)(1) Americas E65m (654m)(1)
Asia E0.2m (E0.9ml); Pacific
E31 Sm (E16.5m).
Mr Giordano says he expects

arrup to spend some £250m in the current "car. About 45 per tinued expansion of the gases nusinesses in all the markets the group serves, "except the UK where we have ample capacity

promiums, from £55.2m to £66.7m, and a 47 per cent

from £72.4m to £106.4m is

reported for 1981 by Hambro Life Assurance. New initial com-

missions, which the company

regard as the hest overall index

of measuring new husiness, rose

by 25 per cent. New sums

assured were one-quarter higher

New annual premiums on self-

employed pension husiness rose by more than half to £15.8m.

while new annual premiums on

life assurance contracts were 17

per cent higher at £31.5m. How-

ever the increase in new annual

premiums on execulive pensions

husiness rose only 8 per cent to

reported by Haylers, grass-

1981. Turnover was also inwer

at £5.48m compared with £5.73m.

after an exceptional dehit of £96,000 which relates to

ahnormal losses realised during

the year on disposal of stocks-

a substantial part of which had

heen specifically designed for an

The directors say that orders

There was a tax charge for the

year of £183,000 1£49,000 credit),

and stated earnings per share sre

19.2p (32.9p). The final dividend

is 8.625p, making s net total of

16.125p (30p) on increased capital On a CCA hasis, pre-tax

market is prepared for another

decline in pre-tax earnings from

year on Monday. Analysts' pre-

the year ended October 31,

against £111m last year. The difference is not over Rank

Xerox, which is expected to con-

tribute between £75m and £77m for the year against £89m last

time due to a weakened under-

lying profit trend and adverse

currency movements. The dis-

agreement is over the Renk sub-

sidiaries which include some volatile businesses with a his-

tory of going wrong. Analysis

agree on a pick-up overall in the current year to perhaps £100m to £110m, and believe a

maintained final is a sure thing. Rumours of a possible bid or spin-off eppear to have sub-

It is John Brown's privilege

to go through the financial year

without issuing interim figures,

the reason heing that a long

gestation period for gas turbines

makes any six-months' profits sufficiently arbitrary to he mis-

leading. So all that is expected

FINAL DIVIDENDS

for grass-cutting equipment con-

tinue to he satisfactory.

profits were £345,000.

The pre-tax figure was struck

ections of single pre-

A 2t PER CENT rise in annual bonds showed a 30

increase in single premiums, from \$10.2m to £24.4m following

minms husiness were hunyant, growth rate has been slackening. The main stream investment over the year as measured by

£634,000 in pre-tax profits is the Unlisted Securities Market.

culting machinery manufacturer, • comment

Directors approved during 1981, and commenced work on. a major expansion and vertical integration of the carbon and graphite business. These are the largest capital projects that ilie group has ever undertaken." he puints out.

The group is buildin ga greenfield facility for the msnufacture of graphite electrodes to serve the domestic U.S. as well as export markets, and subject to final covironmental permits a site in Ridgeville. South Carolica, has been selected. The directors estimate that the firs phase of this new facility will cost about £70m.

Directors also plan to start work soon on a new needle coke plant, which will be heavily dependent on reliable sources for large volumes of feedstocks from oil refineries and petrochemical plants.

This plant, which in order in he near low cost sources of these feedstocks, will be located in Seadrift, Texas, U.S. It will cost some £65m, and be on-stream in 1983. Mr Giordano says. As reported on December 15

final quarter pre-tax profits of the group expanded from £13.Sm to £29.7m and bonsted the fullyear's figure to £92.7m, some 50 per cent higher than the previnus period's £61.5m. Sales grew from £1.19bn to £1.52bn and thedividend is stepped up to 5.11p 14.62pl net per share with a final of 2.Sp

In the UK, the chief executive says that physical volumes of most of the products and ser-vices, which bad already declined

bonds showed a 30 per cent growth to £72.6m and the home

income plan more than doubled

the Government's move to allow

the option mortgage scheme to apply to these plans. Sales of single premiums on executive

Total premium income last

year improved 31 per cent from

£241m to £316m and total assets

at the end of 1981 amounted in

£1.4bn against £1.12bn at the

Hambro Life's new business

figures for 1981 show good growth nvcr the year in both

main sectors of its business -

Hayters' profits lower at £0.6m

Hayler's shares are dealt on

In contrast to the alarums and

excursions in some other

sections of the Unlisted Securi-

ties Market, new entrant Hayters

has duly met its prospectus

forecast with a fraction to spare. The shares added 5p yesterday to 162p and now stand 12p above the placing price. The outlook is said to be satisfactory even if tha

group has yet to make the de-

cisive break in product or, per-haps, management to start pull-

ing up many trees. But so far so good. The point that the market may care to remember

is that, while Hayters was fore-casting later nn io its financial

fallers and its husiness is more

to do with marketing a proven

product than high risk technical

Innovation, the group was by

change of practice - is a fore-

cast for the year to March 31.

When John Brown raised £25m

ber's news that the machine tool

business hed been deteriorating

rapidly, the 'sensational" collapse

of demand for multi-spindle

machines was being compounded

addition, Craven Tasker — the

trailer subsidiary — began to miss its budgets. Altogether, analysts took one look and

decided to cut their forecasts

down to £12m or so, while hop-ing for better things — perhaps £20m — in £982-83. In the last

few days, American embargoes

on components for the turbines
John Brown is building for ex-

port to Russia have cast e

Unlike John Brown, Davy Corporation publishes an interim

profit and loss account. But it is at least as misleading as the statement which Brown avoids

making, Last yesr, Davy transformed a six month total of

a six month total of

shadnw on that too.

management shortcomings. to

Results due next week

Following Gestetner's dis on Friday — unless the group appninting figures last week, the should decide on a cosmetic

Rank Organisation which re- last autumn, the rights issue

ports preliminary results for the probably assumed pre-tax profits year on Monday. Analysts' pre- of around £16m against last

dictions cut a wide swathe, year's £13.4m, but nothing was ranging from £81m to £93m for turned out, in view of Decem-

cent up at £9,4m.

comment

life and pensinns.

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED Date Corre- Tota of sponding for payment payment . Nil -Camford Eng. ... DOM int. 1.48 Haynes Publishing int. 3 April 30 3 April t March t London & Montrose int. 1.25 Midland Trust inl. 2.45 Sterling inv. Tst. April 8 6.5 March 31 0.25* Stirling Group int. 0.4 U.S. & General 7.5 March 26 fi.5 11.5 10.5 Dividends shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated

* Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue. † On capital increased by rights and/or acquisition issues.

during 1980, continued to drop sector showed an increase during in 1981 by an average of about

6 per rent. Welding equipment and consumables were the hardest hit product lines. The group coninued to suffer losses in this dano states.

Because of this dramatic drop in demand, cost reduction pro-grammes were conceived and implemented which had the effect of reducing the UK employment hy 2,700 people during the year. We believe that after the completion of these programmes and the reorganisation of activities they imply, we will have suffered no decrease in our canacity to produce, distribute and sell our products in the UK," he

states. As a result of significant improvements in productivity and the simplification of the portfolio of businesses managed by BOS Limited, profils from this

the six manth stage, but slowed

to 21 per cent in the third quarter and 17 per cent in the

warned about the slow down and

the final results are in line with

industry average. Prospects still

appear good and the company is

expanding Its direct sales force,

which accounts for the majority of its business. The shares finished 14p lower yesterday at

321p. pulling down the price of Hambros 9p to 146p in the pro-

cent of the equity of Hambro Life. But this reflects profit taking following a strong rise in

the past few days rather than

disappointment in the results. A

20 per cent rise in dividend to

11.5p net is anticipated giving a yield of 5.1 per cent.

UNICHEM

pharmaceutical

exceed £2m.

Preliminary unaudited results

wholesaler.

of UniChem, the UK's largest

show turnover up by 38 per

cent from £167m to £214m in 1981. This is excluding travel.

share to UniChem members ex-ceeded £12.5m, a 25 per cent

increase on 1980, and the final

distribution is expected to

director, says 1982 promises to

independent pharmacies with the potential henefits for hotb

new and existing members with the impending action against the

feeling that the successful

defence against an unwelcome

bid from Enserch may have

caused Davy to pull some prifits

forward from the current year.

analysts are still projecting a

respectable edvance for the year

to March: £22m is about the

middle of the range. Orders

have built up well, heeded hy

the celebrated Indian contract,

and as a result there is a more satisfactory load for Davy's

extensive manufacturing base in

the UK. The most pressing worry is that Devy's operations

in the U.S. — where McKee has been performing well — mey turn sour along with the rest

of the American economy. Still enything above 199 next Tuesday will be taken as avidence that Davy is on course.

Buoyant profits in the 64 per cent owned Malaysian subsidiery

lifted Inchespe's pre-tax, but

depressed the group's profits at the attributable level last year. In the first half of the current

year, Malaysian profits bave failen substantially and so are now hurting the group results

above the line. Analysts expect

Inchcape, which reports interim

figures on Thursday, to show pre-tax profits down to about

£35m compared with £39.1m last

Department of Health

Mr Peter Dodd, the managing

exciting year

During 198t monthly profit

the September 198t year, Mr Giordano adds.

At the year end net borrow ings amounted to £515m (£473m) and represented 35.3 per cent of total capital employed. This husiness and the problems of is e reduction compared with a restoring profitability." is one of year previous and directors conour highest priorities." Mr Giorsider the level acceptable.

RTZ, which by yesterday morning had acquired 4t.34 per rent of Ward's shares in the Total expenditure on research and development was £19.2m for the year, a 22 per cent rise on 1979-80. Sir Lestie Smith, chairman.

says he has no fears for the future of the group and that its able in view of earlier financial amhltinn now is to achieve consistent growth in financial per-Ward shareholders that rejecformance, and to reflect this in tion of the 225p cash bid on the loan stock alternetive consistent dividend policy. Emoluments of Mr Giordana amounted to £477,100 (£271,400) for the year and those of the chairman were £121,000

(£88,400). Meeting, Lyric Theatre, Hammersmith, W. on February t7

Hambro Life premium expansion Dom Hlds jumps to This was 31 per cent higher at

£331,145 RATIONALISATION rarried out in all parts of the Dom Holdings croup resulted in increased first half profitability. In the six months to September 30 1981. this retailer and manufacturer of fixing prinducts, more than doubled taxable profits from £142,310 to £331,145 even though

sales fell by 8.5 per cent from £7.11m in £6.51m. The Interim dividend is being maiotained at 1.479p not per 10p share. Last year a Inial of 4.278p was paid from pre-lax profils of £1t0,823 (£1.43m).

Lonking to the current slx months Mr D. D. Melntyre, chalrman says sales have met his his expectations, but a prolonged spell of had weather could affect the final nutcome.

Despite optimistic reports on

the recession in the media, he feels there will be no early change in current trading, but he is confident that the group will return to sleady growth.

A major contribution to the dnwninrn in sales was overseas, he says, while the increased factory debut last year and in-stitutions are gradually joining its register. USM should, and profitability was helped by continuing improvements in the line outstanding ordinary capital, existing product range and the Tax for the stx months took £117,504 (£39,674), leaving oet profits of £213,641 [£102,936].

CHURCHBURY SCHEMES GET APPROVAL At meetines of the Churchhury

Estates' liniders of the 6 per cent

The chairman of Associated

Dairies said at the annual meet

ing in October that the Allied

Carpets subsidiary was having a most difficult time hur volume in

the Asda stores was ahead and

the group expected a profit

improvement in the 6rst half of

the current year. Probably the most significant factor in any

improvement will be the increase

in interest receivable following

the £5m rights issue a year agr

and the sale of mine provincial

Ukay stores to Harris Queensway

last May. Asda's interim figures

are due on Wednesday and pre-

tax profits are expected to he

about £26m compared with

Smith St Aubyn, which had to raise fresh capital after losing

all its shareholders' equity on the gill-edged market, there may

be some appreheosion as other discount houses come to report. This week, the market is look-

Alexanders (nn Monday) and the

market leader Union 100

Other companies to publish

their results next week include

Allied Textile (final, Monday),

Filch Lovell sod Mercantite

House tinterims on Thursday and Monday respectively t.

Last year

1. Fm al

25 1 1

5 - 5.25

35 3.49

15 11.0

ing for reassurance

After the recent fiasco at

£22.8m last time.

Wednesdayl.

Thursday Thursday Tuasday

Thursday Foday

Tuesday

Friday Monday

per cent.

1985 and 71 per rent 1987 convertible unsecured loan stocks of Law Land, the extra-G. M. CALLENDER ordloary resolutions approving the schemes were carried unanimously in each case on a Proxies received in favour of the 6 per cent scheme amounted to 98.5 per cent and in the case of the 74 per cent scheme, 95.1

> substantialty less than the previous year. The directors believe that, in the absence of an offer, a price of 85p per existing ordinary

SUN LIFE ASSCE. Liberty Life Association of

Africa, the largest proprietory life company in South Africa, has increased its holding in Sun Life Assurance to 12.t35,000 -21.07 per cent of the equity. These shares ere held by its subidiary Transattantic Iosurance

Beaumont Properties. existing workforce.

higher bid with RTZ' Thos. W. Ward made a surprise amounted to speculation on "the case," said the panel, "but this nove in its struggle against the remote possibility" of a meeting kind of exception to Rule 35 has the remote possibility of a meeting kind of exception to Rule 35 has always been a principle of the

BIDS AND DEALS

Ward 'willing to negotiate

some unspecified time in the code. Explaining his changa of atti-S. G. Warburg, adviser to Ward, said it had talked to the Takeover Panel and been reassured that a recommended tude, Mr Peter Frost said he wished to avoid 12 months of uncertainty for Ward and its employees if this was possible. "There was no point in taking up the chance of talks until the bid would represent one of the circumstances in which the panel present impasse was reached.
But RTZ already has negative
control of the company."
He said this was critical in
view of Ward's plans to but for would agree to waive Rule 35 of the Takeover Code. Under this rule. RTZ would have to wait 12 months before bidding again for Ward in the event of its bid

Tunnel Haldings. Any future talks should also be asmed at reaching an agreed paned at Morgan Grenfell, adviser to RTZ dismissed the idea of talks as "e clever device but a complete rad bearing." RTZ: lapsing.
Ward's advisers, stressing that
it was impossible to give any
idea of what might be acceptable
terms, said the companies would not so much be breaking new ground as uncovering some little seen ground." plete red berring." RTZ's brokers had succeeded by the end of yesterday's trading in picking up several thousand more Ward shares. The Takeover Panel confirmed last night that a new bid could proceed if recommended, though the present bid would have to lapse first. "We cannot think of a precise precedent for this

The offer closes on January 26 See Lex

Common Bros. sells two tankers

Some £3m of the sale price

Common Brothers, the quoted would be in the company's best shipping company hased in Newinterests. castle, has sold two petroleum products tankers for £16m in has been left outstanding as a loan to the purchaser, the name cash as oil freight rates continue of which has not been given. to he depressed. Common intends to give share-holders full details later on.

move in its struggle against the takenver bid from Rio Tinto-Zinc

by announcing that it is now pre-

pared to enter discussions with

the hidder in try in negotiate a

higher price which it could

Mr Peter Frost, Ward's chair-man, said he would sit down to

talks "any time, any place." This

now seemed to he Ward's most realistic course and it would be to the interests of both the

husinesses and employees of

Ward to settle RTZ's bid "on an

market, reacted coldly to the

suggestion. The company said agreement on the terms of a

higher bid appeared "inconceiv-

RTZ accordingly advised

claims made by Ward."

amicable hasis."

The two 32,000 deadweight ton ships, huill by Swan Hunter on the Tyne, have been chartered back by Common for eight

years. At current freight rates, the company said, these charters would tead to an initial trading loss. But the board fell that in

BERKELEY HAMBRO PROPERTY

the long term the decisinn

The offer by Town and City Properties for Berkeley Hambro Property has been accepted in respect of 15,483,721 ardinary sharrs tapproximalely 91.1 per ecat i.

This includes election for the cash alternatives in respect of 2075,515 ordinary shares and 3:5,672 convertible cumulative perference shares.

The offer for the preference stock has hern accepted in second of 681,385 units tapproxiinstaly \$2.6 per cent).

Having received acceptances ercess of 90 per cent in value of the ordinary shares of Barkeley Hambro. Town and City intends, should the offers become unconditional in all respects, in compulsorily acquire

NORTH KALGURLI ACCEPTANCES

Stetals Exploration reversed arrentances for 13.65m shares (25.27 per cent) in response to its partial AS\$,50 casb affer to raise its stake in North Kalgurli Mines from 20 to 35 per

In recommending the offer by Colas for George M. Callender, Mr Basil Engert, cheirman, says that although the audited accounts for 1981 will not be available for some time, he available for some time, he confirms that, as foresbedowed in the interim statement there has here a significant recovery in the second half of the year. However, taxable profits (before minority Interests) will still be

share would not be likely to be achieved in the foreseeable

for one of the vessels sold. The balance of some £7m will be used for working capital. Another quoted company,

Ropner Holdings of Darlington, yesterday said it was buying two 27,000 dwt general bulk carriers for \$1 tm (£5.8m) each. It has arranged an \$8m inau for each vessel.

The two carriers, built in 1974. are on time charters to a subsidiary of Broken Hill, the Australian steel and mining company, natil 1989. Ropner did

bolders full details later on.
Common said the sale proceeds would be used partly to
repay outstanding borrowings
on the two ships, the MV Strait
of Canso and the MV Simonbure, both built in the 1970s.
The funds would also go
towards providing security for
other business in substitution Croda launches attack

on Burmah Oil bid Crede yesterday Jaunched Its adjusted figure of £248m is cited

defence against Burmah Oil's 70p ash hid with a letter to sharebolders setting out the dangers says, would amount to £439m.
for Croda, as the board sees. Sir Fredy warns that Cro them, of the company being absorbed within the Burmah

Sir Freddy Wood, Croda's chairman, says he hopes that Croda's shareholders "will feel a long-term responsibility towards the business and that its board's deep concern will therefore be relevant.

ciel future, is promised for

UK-listed industrial companies able difficulty in rejecting the with net tangible assets over offer—which we faink fully £50m have as beevy borrowings as would Burmah, in the event of its bid succeeding. An

NCC/SIMPLICITY

NCC Energy plans to make a new merger offer to Simplicity Pattern Company, Mr Graham Ferguson Lacey, the NCC chairman, told the Simplicity annual

However, he did not specify. what contain.

NCC owns 20 per cent of Simplicity; their merger agreement was terminated last November because Cert Icehn and associated companies had acquired 13 per cent of Simplicity and indicated that they would vote against the deal.

ROSEHAUGH CO.

Mr Godfrey Bradman, chairman of Roschaugh Company, tells shareholders in a letter that the company's 21.4 per cent holding in London Shop Property Trust was acquired on advantageous terms and, for the present, continues to be held as a fixed investment. "No decision bas been made hy your board on the acquisition of further shares in London Shop or on the disposal of the existing invest-ment," be says.

Rosebaugb's hid for London Shop was frustrated when London Shop holders approved plans for a merger with

for Burmah's capital and reserves. Total borrowings, it

Sir Fredy warns that Croda could face at least partial dismemberment and draws unfavourable comparisons between the present bid and past acquisition strategies by Burmen. He concludes that there is "no

single commercial argument" for Burmah's offer.

Mr Campbell Anderson, Bur-A second letter, detailing man's managing director elect, Crode's own position and finantext of the letter. However, it Ionday. semed quite apparent that Sir The letter claims that no other Freddy is having understandvalued and contrary to Croda's assertion, well within Burmah's financial means."

REDLAND/ HAFOD GRITSTONE :-

Rediand subsidiary. Rediand Aggregates, has acquired Hafnd Gritstone, a private company producing high quality gritstone. Purchase price was £508,856, mainly satisfied by the issue of 269.058 ordinary shares of 25p each of Recland, ranking pari passu with existing issued shares. The gritstone produced by Hafod will complement the skidresistant gritstone produced at Rediand's Dry Rigg quarry in north Yorkshire.

MIDLAND MARTS Midland Marts Group has acquired the business and assets

of Oriel Computer Services from The assets acquired which folio to a full-scale take-over and the value of approximately the unitisation of London's holdings. In relation to these discusses employed in the husiness. In relation to these discussions, certain proposals were assets employed in the husiness.

consideration has been a director of investment intellisatisfied in cash. ORIEL COMPUTER .

Midlands Marts Group has bought Oriel Computer Services from Mr Alastsir Jones, the receiver and manager, who was

sented to Londan's board next week but a decision was not expected for some time. London's shares closed yester-day up up at 169p. Net asset valua of the shares is 200p. appointed on December 18 198t.
Midland Marts said yesterday
that it intends to continue to
expand the business, therefore Investment Intelligence picked engaging the majority of np its stake at an average price

● NEWS ANALYSIS: JOHN MOORE ON HERON'S BID FOR ACC

Mr. Ronson waits on a court trailer

MR GERALD RONSON, the chairman of Heron Corporation, has always maintained that his group was perfectly serious in its endeavours in wrest control of Associated Communications Corporation away from Robert Holmes a Court, the Australian entrepreneur.

Yesterday morning, he annotoced his formal offer worth 46.6m, more Iban £10m hetter than the Australian's.

The important caveat attached to the deal was that it would he made subject to the outcome of any legal action because any legal action brought by Court gaining control of the

Heron has been lnoking for a major acquisiting for some time and regards ACC as essentially a good husioess undone by its involvement in film production. In ils lesi financial yest ending March 1981, Heron reported pre-lax profits of £13,4m on turn-over of £302.7m. Record profits

look likely again this year on turnover in excess of £400m. Heron, largely the creation of Mr Ronson, has interests in commercial property investment and development, insurance, residentlal and commercial property finance, petrol retailing, motor vehicle distributino and retailIN ITS £46.6m takeover bid Heron through Heron International, the parent company of Heron Corporation, is offering ACC shareholders of the "A" ordinary non-voting equity 85p in each for each share of 25p. For each ordinary voting £1 share in ACC, sbareholders are being offered e price determined as laid down in the Articles of Accorption of ACC. in the Articles of Association of ACC.

Under these such price is related in the first instance to the quoted price of the "A" ordinary shares on the relevant date. The price is appropriately multiplied or divided if and whenever the nominal amount of an ordinary shara (current £1) differs from the nominal amount of an "A" ordinary share: On the assumption that the quoted price on the relevant

On the assumption that the quoted price on the relevant date of an "A" ordinary share is 85p and a multiplier of four is applicable, the price payable pursuant to the ordinary offer for an ordinary share on that date would be 340p per share. The offer will be made subject to the outcome of legal proceedings instituted by Heron against the Independent Broadcasting Authority, ACC and its directors and Central

residential bousing estate dedeal with the problems of ACC velopment and consumer products distribution. It is also engaged in the business of film production in conjunction with MGM in the Recently the group has carried out e restructuring and reorganisation of its property and trading interests.

Heron is not known to run a charm school and warns that "considerable management" will ba required to turn round the fortunes of ACC. So for Heron does not feel that the picture is as black as it has been painted at AGC. In spite of 18m worth of losses at the half-year stage at ACC, Heron-regards the information that it has been gainted from the Following the reorganisation, which group the property interests in the UK and Europe, Heron now feels that sufficient

management accounts at ACC as.

of the group is largely secured.

"On Golden Pond," the Heart
Fonds film made by the Grade
empire, Heron sugs it looks like
being a commercial success. althouse Heron does regard the as material in its considerations as material in its considerations.

Of more importance to Revon
are the assets at AGC. Estimates
suggest that AGC assets are
worth over 1000 per A ordinary
share. There are large property
assets within the group. An
Independent valuation of all
group properties in March 1981
shows that group properties are
worth 190m.

Then there is the interest in
Central Independent Television.
In which AGC owns 51 per cent.
The Independent Broadcasting
Authority has said that who wer
owns AGC first state will have
to be eventually reduced, and
are openly autoved that Bressh

to be eventually reduced, and are openly aunoved that British entrape secure think they dal buy a controlling interest in television contractors will all. For the moment Heron \$276 that there would be no need to sell of bits of ACC to pay for the bid, and there are no plans for disposals.

Types the underlying state of ACCs finances are may emerge in the Heron legal action. Further and better particulars could emerge in the pourts. The ing, motor cycle distribution, senior executives are free to not unsatisfactory. Debt of 550m adventure continues

Edinburgh American Assets Truel International Thursday Thursday 0.91 8.0 0.42 2.2 4.8 9.0 0.25 Meggitt Holdings
Prefi (F.) Engineering
Rank Organization
Union Discount Co. of London Warner Estate Holdings INTERIM DIVIDENOS 2.0 1.75 Friday Wednesday Tusaday

£6.1m before lax into a final of time. But the dividend is likely 'Nividend [p]* Last year This year t. Finel Int.

Gerford-Lillay Industrias
Heillis Holdings
Hambro Trust
Incheape Longton Industrial Holdings Neapsend
Palmeraton Invasiment Trust
Prisst | Banjamin) & Sons (Hidge.)
Pullman (R. and J.)
Scottish, English & European Textiles
Smith (David 6.) Holdings
Sommervilla (William & Bonj Vibrolleni
Wellman Engineering Corp.
Wholesele Fittings

Friday Monday Monday Wednesday 0.68027 1.2528 5.25 9 275 Feshion & General Investment Ferguson Industrial Holdings Dividends shown not cance per share and adjusted for any intervening serip.
 Third guarter figures.

___ المكنامن المتحمل

Star Computer moves up to £0.2m midway

TAXABLE PROFITS of the Star first half this put pressure on that have been floated on the Computer Group advanced from costs, which they felt it right to stock market in the past year on

and the client's staff trained—and a computer burean service, say that against the generally depressed economic background this performance is encouraging, and they say the results are in line with forecasts at the time of the group's placing on the Unlisted Securities Market in June 1981, that the greater part of the turnover and profits would come in the second half-also, as stated at that time, Also, as stated at that time the directors intend to declare the first dividend when the year end results are published, and will pay this distribution in September. Earnings per 10p thank are stated at 2.8p (2.3p).

The bulk of the group's components are purchased from U.S. suppliers, and with the dellar strengthening by some 15 per cent against sterling during the

to echieve this, together with development costs en new products, continue to depress mar-gins. Nevertheless, they are con-fident that the results for the full year will be setisfectory, and

Computer Grown advanced from costs, which they felt it right to first half ended October 31 1981, on the first half ended October 31 1981, on the first substantial investment in new product development has that substantial investment in new product development has continued. In particular word processing, solicitor and share puter systems inder which provides turnkey computer hardwear and softwear computer hardwear and softwear are installed and maintained and the client's staff trained—say, that against the generally depressed economic background this performance is encouraging. And they say the results are in line with forecasts at the time the aroun's placing on the first half this put pressure on tosts, which they felt it right to stock market in the past year on the basis of strong records. Nevertheless, the directors say that substantial investment in new product development has continued. In particular word processing, solicitor and share fields and maintained and maintained significant benefits during the significant benefits during the profits of Star Computer, for example, had imped from virtually nothing in the year to April 1979 to 2740,000 two years developments sheuld show significant benefits during the significant benefits during the installed and maintained significant benefits during the profits of strong records.

While the economic conditions remain generally difficult the integration packages are being developments sheuld show significant benefits during the profits with the prospect of 28 on the placing price gave some idea of what was expected. So the 12 per cent rise in interim profits with the prospect of a similar rate in the full year it disappointing, to say the least Star's strategy of making aftereasts but the full year it disappointing, to say the least Star's strategy of making aftereasts but the full year it disappointing, to say the least Star's strategy of making aftereasts but the full year it disappointing to say the least Star's strategy of making aftereasts but the full ye

similar rate in the full year is disappointing, to say the least. Star's strategy of making bespoke systems fer specific groups of users—accountants and building merchants—still looks promising and the 44 per cent increase in turnover provides some encouragement, although presumably sales would have been less buoyant if the group had been passing on its cost had been passing on its cost micreases to customers. At 190p unchanged, the shares have fal-len much less than some ohter fledgling computer shares from their 1981 peaks and with a prospective fully taxed p/e still over 20, they may be vulnerable in the near term.

increased by £31,000 rather than

First half fall for Haynes

STRUCK AFTER new title origination costs of £381,000, against £327,000, taxable profits of Haynes Publishing Group, car and bas written eff its own and motorcycle manual concern, origination costs—last year's finished the six months to total of £51,000 was charged to November 30 1981 behind from the UK.
£350,000 to £316,000.

The chairman adds that et the

that second last results will be well ahead of 1930-81.

Sales for the first balf went ahead from £2.56m to £2.82m, a 10.2 per cent rise, and with £311,000 (£326,000) trading profits, were splif, as to: UK £2.09m (£1.99m) and £236,000
(£330,000); and overseas £73,000 (£574,000) and £75,000 (£574,000).

The group has continued to grow strongly during the six quite negative, reverting to being months, for Haynes states, with pared with \$1 last time. Haynes account overseas profits have

title Publications Inc. the U.S. sub-81,000, sidiary, which published 12 new profits titles in the first half, cow meets

Atlantic Assets growth

IN HIS half year statement to prior charges at par, compared. the shareholders et. Attautic with 66.89p a year earlier.

Assets Trust, Mr J. V. Sheffield.

Adjustment has been made for the chairman, says the fundation that the three-for-one scrip issue of mental outlook for energy and last October. The company's mineral investments remains bolding in Independent is ingood, despite the current cluded at a net asset value of recession. Atlantic remains committed to those two sectors, which represent 27 per cent of sectors income for the half which represent 27 per cent of year ended December 31 to oper cent subsidiary.

Testructuring

Restructuring

As part of a further restructuring of solex, the business of the automotive fuel feeding division has been transferred to a new improved from £760,000 to

its total assets. He says that Atlantic's investments in technelogy both direct and through the 60 per cent owned subsidiary, Independent Investment, have performed

Technology represents 45 per cent of Atlantic's total assets, while Independent has 89 per cent invested in the same lector, having committed a considerable cent invested in the same set part of its cash resources in the assets. The search continues for appropriate investments, and he asset value was 78.53p after performance will be maintained.

the apparent 22 per cent set-back. But equally the seemingly flat performance from the home market is ectually a 16 per cent profits fall-not all the result of higher expenditure on new E350,000 to £316,000.

The interim dividend is maintained at 3p net per 20p share, however—last year's final distribution was 5p paid from a pre-tax surplus of £779,000 (£670,000). Earnings per share are given as 3.7p (3.82p).

Mr John Haynes, chairman, says the group anticipates a spring price increase in the UK, which will benefit revenue, and with sales continuing to advance in North America, he is hopeful that second-half results will be balance was £185,000 (£191,000). of which the dividend will titles. Workshop manuals, like so much else get bet we'n spending is under pressure. Also there hasn't been a price rise icu 18 month; though one is planned for the spring which should repair sagging margins. That will work through to next year's profits. Mountime Haynes is forecasting a rise in the second half helped by e good performance in the States. Assuming the year's outcome is similar to 1980-81 the share at 143p return an 8 per cent yield and sit on a hefty (but consistently hefty) fully taxed p/e of 194.

UTD. WIRE

The directors of United Wire Group remain confident that the results of the current year will be satisfactory, Mr A. A. R. Green, chairman, told share-holders at the annual meeting yesterday. He said they reached this conclusion after reviewing the prospects in light of the completed first quarter.

Further restructuring

100 per cent subsidiary.

year ended December 31 improved from £760,000 to 5849,000. After interest and expenses £611,000 (£525,000), tax £126,000 (£147,000) and preference dividend £35,000, the profit available comes to £77,000 (£53,000). Solex belds the investments in the subsidiary companies, the land and buildings of the group, the investment portfolio and any surplus cash not required for (£53,000). Earnings are shown at 0.07p (0.05p).

Mr Sheffield says Atlantic has kept a considerable level ef liquidity, and it is currently \$10.5m; or 11 per cent of total working capital of the subsidiaries, so separating these investments from the trading ectivities of the group.

To retain the trading name of the autometive fuel feeding division the new subsidiary is named

and

37,841 shares (37.84 per cent).

Alexander Howden Group -

Alexander and Alexander Services purchased 100,000 Howden ordinary shares at 1311p. Hold-

ing now 13.6m ordinary (14.91

per cent).

McLeod Russel — Broadland
Properties purchased a further
15,000 erdinary shares bringing
total holding to 348,700 shares

United States and General Trust Corporation—London and

Manchester Assurance bought 405,000 erdinary shares and now

belds 1,805,000 (22.27 per cent).

Urquijo

SHARE STAKES

Peter Black Holdings - H. of £10,500 of 61 per cent contothenberg and J. S. Heston, version unsecured loan stock, Rothenberg and J. S. Heaton, both directors, sold as trustees 240,000 ordinary shares and re-main interested in 2,923,000 and: 2,920,000 shares respectively. Thomas Black and Gorden Black.

Thomas Black and Gorden Black, both directors, by reason of a sale by trustees of a trust in which they are interested, being a sale of 240,000 ordinary, remain interested, in 3,335,000 and 3,385,000 respectively.

Hambros, investment Trust—
Hellenic and General Trust—
wholly-owned subsidiary of Hambros PLC—has acquired 100,000 ordinary shares, making a hold-

bros PLC — has acquired 100.000 ordinary shares; making a holding of 6.28m (11.62 per cent).

Louden Shop Preperty Trust—
Donmen has disposed of 2.427,962 ordinary shares and £351.925 of 6.5 per cent conversion unsecured loan stock, 1984, Broadland Properties disposed ef 286,492 ordinary, leaving its holding at nil but it retains a holding

beneficial interest of Mr T. F Jones in 10,000 ordinary shares, and the cessation of Mr B. K. Peppisit's beneficial interest in the capital.

Burco Dean—The Charente

1984.
Smith St. Aubyn (Heldings)—
J. F. E. Smith has sold 104,148
ordinary shares et 36p and
bought 104,148 ordinary et
36,09375p. Mrs J. M. R. Smith
has sold 55,336 ordinary at 36p
and purchased 55,336 ordinary et
36,09375p.
Black Edgington — Mr A. D.
Millett has disposed of 10,000 Steam-Ship Company now owns 2,371,000 nrdinary shares (28.03 per cent). London Securities Securities—Company ecquired en January 19 a further 700 shares in Manchester Stock Exchange Buildings at a price of 3750 per share. LMS now holds

Property and Reversionary
Investment Corporation—The
interest of Mr Charles Rubers
shares has now been reduced
from 1.537,599 (5.66 per cent of
the increased capital) to 1,074,303

(3.95 per cent).

Akroyd and Smithers The Merchant Navy Officers Pension Fund is now the beneficial owner of 1,075,000 ordinary shares (6.72 per cent). Company has received notification of the edditional

27/28 Lov	at Lane London EC3R	BEB ·		eleph	one 1	01-621	1212
1981-82 High Low 121 100 75 62	Company ABI Hidgs 10pc CULS Airsprung Armitage & Rhodas Berdon Hill Baborah Services Frank Horsell Fraderick Parker George Blair IPC Isis Conv. Pref. Jackson Group Jares Surrough Bobert Jenkins	Price 121 68 46 202 82 129 75 49 94 105 96 114 253	Change + 1	Grosa div.(p	Yield) % 8.3 6.8	11.0 3.2 8.8 4.1 11.6 32.6 8.8 3.0 8.3 3.5	Fully taxed 15.2 8.7 12.0 7.7 23.8 10.2 6.8 10.5 8.9
59 51	Scruttona 'A'	157	Ξ.	16.7	6.4	5.4	
80 66 44 29	Twinlock Ord. Terinlock 15pc ULS Uniteck Holdings Walter Alexander	75 25 75	Ξ	15.0 3.0 6.4	20.0 16.3 8.5	5:2 4.9 4.1	8.8 8.7 8.3
253 212	W. S. Yearss	216 on Pr	eatel par	13.1 90 481	6.1 46		

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Stirling Group advances

HIGHER PROFITS for the ball year ended September 30 1981 and an increase in the interim dividend are anneunced

dvidend are anneunced hy Stirling Group, garment maker, fermerly knewn as Stirling Knitting Group.

Sales for the period expanded by £1.5m to £6.91m, and the profit before tax showed a rise from £369,000 to £528,000.

In his statement last September the chairman said thet expansion and expanic developexpansion and erganic develop-ments were well advanced, and he weuld be disappointed if they did not prove mest beneficial. did not prove mest beneficial.

Also the group was well
positioned in its traditional markets to take full advantage of
eportunities that would arise.

After tax of £275,000
(£192,000) the net profit fer the
period came out at £253,000,
egainst £177,000, fer earnings ef

4.52p (3.16p) per share.
Adjusting for last year's enefor one scrip the interim dividend is effectively lifted frem 0.25p to 0.4p per share; the total for the year 1980-81 was equal to 0.6p from profits of £783,000.

W. Goodkind £60,528 profit

FOR THE six months ended October 31 1981 W. Goodkind and Sons turned in taxable profits of £80,528 on a turnover of £290,906. These are compared with losses of £26,483 for 10 menths, on throover of £224,454 which included £95,860 from discontinued operations.

Mr F. J. C. Lilley, chairman, seys the process of reorganisation has been completed, the company baving consolidated its activities into property investment and the provision of financial services.

The directors expand the property pertfelio, principally en investments in major regional centres and expect te pay an increased dividend et the year end. Fer the previous 16 months a 0.3p net distribution was paid

The company propeses to change its name to Parkdale Holdings.

THE WEEK'S COMPANY NEWS

Bids and deals

The battle fer control of Lord Grade's former empire Associated Communications Corporation intensified yesterday as Heren Corporation came out with a rival offer as detailed elsowhere in the paper.
On Wednesday, Investment Intelligence, a privately.

owned investment management company, launched a dawn raid on London and Provincial Trust and paid around 180p per share for 13.75 per cent of the equity. The move comes amidst plans by Robert Fleming to merge London and Provincial and London and Montrose, two of the investment trusts which it manages. Investment Intelligence manages assets of about £50m of which £15m are in four unit trusts. The group is more than 50 per cent-owned by Aitken English, an invest-ment holding company. Coca-Cola, the U.S. company which dominates the world

oft drinks business, made an agreed bid worth about \$765m (£403.7m) for Columbia Pictures, one of the largest Hollywood film companies. The move represents a major diversification for Coca-Cola.

	Value of		Price		
Company		Market			-
bid for	share**		hid	£m's*	Bidder
		ence unless			
Assoc. Comms. 'A		78	52††	35.8	Bell Group
Assoc Comms. 'A		78	73	46.13	Heron Corp.
Bazaloni Hldgs.	700*	190	245	1.75	Cleserale ·
Beaument Props.	133	129	112	20.99	
Callender (G. ML)	85*	82	56	5.78	Colas Prods.
City Offices ·	126	123	110	33.78	
Colonial Sees.	77	69	5411	9.65	Utd. Newspapers
crode Int.	70°§	7-1	434	62.6	Burmah Oil
roda Dfd.	37*4	50	21	3.90	Burmah Oil
Elliett Phroff	40	39	42	5.27	Jenks & Cattell
Frant Bros.	190*	184	179	2.28	Jadepoint
Ieron Metor Grp.	34*5	32	23	4.33	Heron Corp.
lewden (Alex.)	157	143	142		Alexander and Alexander Srys.
aganvale Ests.	35	304	29	5.11	Sinrla Hldgs.
lew Sythet	200*	220	225	0.38	
idham Brew	. 160	153	91	23.0	Boddingtons
yramid (Phshs.)		574	60††	1.20	Starwest Inv.
Ward (T. W.)	225†	230	· 144	131.31	
Maru (1. W.)	25*1	23		0.85	Price (C.)
Villiams (W.)			11††		
					bid. § For capital
ot already held			muary :	7 1887.	it At suspension.
Estimated S	5 2 Destes	and cas	ո. ՄՈՐ	Incondit	10Da1.

INTERIM STATEMENTS

Company	Half-year to	Pre-tax profit (£000)		Interim d	lividends* pare (p)
AGB Research	Oct	2,040	(1,460)	2.3	(2.0)
Alld. Residential	Sept	150	()1	1.0	()
Allen (W. G.)	Sept	31 <i>L</i> L	(40)	_	(8.0)
Aerospace Engn.	Oct	525	(375)	2.75	(-)
Astra Industrial	Oct	108	(555)	0.13	(0.25)
Austin (J.) Steel	Sept	107	(432)	1.67	(1.67)
BET	Sept	27,680	(28,490)	1.86	(1.86)
Br. Cinematgrpb.		59L	(13)		(-)
British Land	Sept	2,400	(1,660)	_	(-)
Cawdaw Ied.	Sept	415L	. (549)L		·(—)
Cernell Dresses	June	201	(53)L	_	(-)
Country Nw. Two	. July	514	(964)	0.25	(0.25)
Diamond Stylus	Sept -	119L	(60)L	_	()

Company	Balf-year to	(£(x profit 100)		ividends [*] are (p)
Doreen Holdings		1,240‡L		·	(1.25)
Estates Property	Oct	1,250	(1,220)[2.75	(2.75)
Gelfer (A. & J.)	Sept	362	(380)	1.7	(1.6)
Hales Properties	Sept	275	(235)	1.5	(1.0)
Heron Motor	Sept	110	(247)L	_	(0.4)
Inter-City Inv.	June	250L	(116)L	_	()
MFI Furniture	Nov	7,120	(4,970)	1.1	(1.1)
Midland Trust	Dec	173	(216)	2.45	(2.45)
Newmark (Louis) Sept	625	(1,170)	4.0	(4.0)
Owen & Robinson	n Nov	49L	(1)	_	(6.0)
Peerless	Sept	1,070	(901)	2.1	(2.1)
Prop. Security	Sept	528	(176)	0.5	(0.4)
Raybeck	Nov	256	(1,010)	1.13	(1.13)
Bestmer Group	Oct	589	(605)	0.5	(0.5)
Saville Gordon	Oct ·	523	(316)	1.0	(0.53)
Shaw & Marvin	Sept	30X	(76)L	_	()
6toddard Hldgs.	Sept	782L	(1.870)L†	_	()
Stroud Riley	Sept	528	(237)	0.75	(0.5)
Turnbull Scott	Sept	587L	(360)	3.0	(3.0)
Wst. Board Mills	Sept	864	(758)	2.0	(1.7)
Wigfall (Henry)	Oct	1,810L	(63)		()
	Town these	T'OTOT	the correst	onding D	riod.)
(Dividends in	parenthese	s are for	the correst	wise state	ariuu.) d + Fer

Dividends shown net except where otherwise stated. † Fer the previous 10 months. ‡ In If. ¶ No comparable figure. || Pre-tax

PRELIMINARY RESULTS

Company	Year		x profit	Еат	nings* per sb		dends*
Albion	Sept	787L	(161)	L	(11.9)		(0.6)
Angila Television	Oct	4.710	(4.660)	20.5	(28.0)	6.0	(5.0)
Assoc. Paper	Oct	985	(352)	4.6	(2.0)	2.4	(2.0)
Bootham Engns.	Oct	54L	(415)	23.7	(26.7)	6.0	(11.5)
Cntryside. Props.	Sept	1,320	(903)	20.3	(13.6)	3.85	(3.5)
Dawson (Wm.)	Sept	1,590	(684)	26.6	(3.0)	3.5	(0.75)
Dwhrst. & Prinr.	Sept	377L			(0.1)	0.15	(0.15)
Espley-Tyas	Sept	2,280		10.6	(-)1	2.31	()
Everards Brwy.	Sept	1,600	(1.390)	47.0	(38.3)	6.8	(6.4)
Gesteiner Hidgs.	Oct		(10.010)	1.5	(17.2)	2.63	(5.25)
Glass Glover	Sept	869	(659)	7.1	(5.3)	2.5	(2.1)
Lookers	Sept	1.050	(937)	12.5	(1.7)	3.85	(3.85)
Lovell (Y. J.)	Sept	3,190	(2,880)	42.6	(38.7)	6.0	(7.0)
. McMullen & Sons	Oct	2.800	(2,080)	34.9	(31.2)	3.63	(3.63)
Smallshaw (R.)	Sept	153	(172)	5.4	(6.2)	1.75	(1.75)
Tate and Lyle	Sept		(30,700)	37.2	(31.3)	11.5	(10.5)
Trusthouse Forte	Oct		(66,000)	16.1	(15.5)	6.0	(6.0)
Whatlings	Sept	417	(152)	10.0	(3.4)	1.0	(0.9)

Rights Issues

Glass Glover—Is raising £590,000 by way of a one for five rights issue at 55p per sbare. MEPC—Is raising £62.3m by way of a rights issue en the basis of one fer five at 188p per share and one for every £16.50 of 61 per cent stock.

Offers for sale, placings and introductions American Telephone and Telegraph Company-Londoe listing.

Greenfriar Investment Company-Propese to issue warrants te shareholders on a one for five basis. The Mid Kent Water Company—Offer for sale by tender of £6m of 9½ per cent redeemable preference stock 1987, at a minimum price of £97.50 per cent.

Investin waysatenthe tems. Short-term **Long-term** investment investment

Any investment has an element of risk. That is why brokers recommend you keep a balanced portfolio. For example, you may well aim for a long-term, low-risk investment. But you should counterbalance this with something that's short-term and therefore probably high-risk. What makes gold such a good proposition is that it's neither one nor the other It's both

Gold for long-term gain

In the long-term gold has always offered security. Look at the last ten years quoted in our table and you'll notice the average trend is in your favour. Moreover, this upward trend has so far lasted thousands of years. History has repeatedly shown that in times of economic uncertainty, people turn to gold because it provides ideal security against any downward turn in your stocks and shares. This is why gold is such a telling addition to any investment portfolia.

Gold for short-term gain

In recent times the price of gold has been volatile in the short-term. This is a factor you can use to your advantage. Look at the table and you'll see the highest lowest and average prices of gold between 1970 and 1980. Notice that the peaks are high, the troughs are low So much so, that there were times when you could have made considerable gains within a year.

Krugerrands-

gold for the private investor

Krugerands are bullion coins which contain exactly one troy ounce of fine gold. You can also purchase smaller coins containing exactly 1/10z, 1/40z or Viooz of fine gold. So far more than 30 million have been sold throughout the world. This makes

		LC Highest	NDON GO Lowest	Average	Average Index	Inflation Index	FT- All-share index		
	1971 1972 1973 1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980	18.16 28.58 49.32 84.19 79.13 84.55 92.37 116.78 235.19 371.06 256.04	15.59 17.12 27.16 49.60 62.52 58.41 75.13 86.60 108.62 215.58 206.20	16.67 23.39 39.58 67.83 72.34 69.34 84.56 100.65 143.54 263.74 227.29	100 140 237 407 434 416 507 604 861 1,582 1,363	100 107 117 136 170 196 227 246 279 330 369	164.49 212.66 184.61 106.75 133.11 153.04 191.91 216.68 245.52 271.30 307.98		
*Note: Equities yield income, whereas Gold does not.									

Sources Samuel Montagu & Co. Limited Financial Times.

them the most internationally accepted way for privately holding gold.

Buying and selling Krugerrands

You can buy Krugerrands through an estimated 11,000 and sell through an estimated 8,000 outlets in the U.K.Because they are legal tender in South Africa, they carry no VAT (Whereas all other forms of bullion do.) They do not have to be assayed. You can buy them through most banks, stockbrokers and bullion coin dealers. Similarly, they are easily sold through the same outlets. And there need not be any complicated paperwork.

The value of Knugerrands is directly linked to the price of gold-around 3% above the gold price. on the loz coin. When buying or selling, there is normally an additional handling commission of between 1% and 3%-depending on the quantity of 1oz coins bought or sold. Once bought, the value of your investment is easily monitored. You simply look up the gold price in a newspaper You'll see it quoted per troy ounce, which is exactly the weight contained in one Knigerrand.

index	Index	
100	164.49	DS
107	212.66	<u>D6</u>
117	184.61	
136	106.75	re
170	133.11	PI
196	153.04	Щ
227	19191	
246	216.68	_
279	245.52	C
330 369	271.30 307.98	ca
207	307.70	w

What to do now.

Ring Teledata 01-200 0200 for the mes and dealing procedures of your earest Krugerrand distributors. Teledata can also tell you the cur-

nt gold price and approximate retail rices of all four sizes of Krugerrands pdated during the day.

In addition, the International Gold corporation have prepared a 64-page publiation entitled The Krugerrand Directory 1981 which contains information on gold and the Krugerrand as well as details of the official

procedures of over 6,500 Knugerrand distributors in the United Kingdom. To order your free copy, fill in the coupon below.

To The Krugerrand Directory 1981, PO Box 4ZP, London WIA 4ZP. I am very interested in buying Krugerrands. Please send me a free copy of the 64 page publication The Krugerrand Directory 1981.

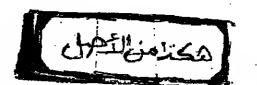
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The Ultimate Asset.

Companies and Markets

NEW YORK	6tock 21 20 Getumbie Gas 513 31	Stock Jan. Jar 21 20 Ct. Atl. PSc. Tea. 578 37	- Gis 7	Stock 91 20 20hiltz 9rew J 1112 1178 Schlumberger 4814 4633	Early	slight	fall o	n Wa	ll St
6tock 21 20 AGF Industries 353 353 AMF 2213 25 AM Intl 31 32 354 ARA 253 65	Compared Int 2112 2112 Compared Int 2112 2112 Compared Int 3212 3613	GL Bazins Pet 658 35, GLNthn.Nekoosa 842 841; Gt. West Financi 1158 113; Creyhound 1451 145; Grumman 2473 25; GuH & Western 16 161;	Milton Bradley 193; 193; Minnesota MM 543; 5478 Missouri Pac 745; 7658 Mebil 221; 223 Mebern Merchg. 814 8	SCM	SLIGHTLY LOWER level veloped on Wail Street	els de- declined 20.2 to 159 yester- to 2406.7. Oil an	3.8. Golds 9.2 January : dGas 32.5 to will reco	27 while other markets I	night have been bottoming out nd also to dectining margin mying positions in Blue Chips
ASA 5619 3853 AVX Corp 1259 1259 1259 Abbotit Labs 6659 6619 Aeme Gleve 0314 655 Adebe 011 & Ges 6119 2253 Advanced Migro, 17 1673	Comp Science 15 147s Cone Mills 281s 281s Gang Gen. Inn 49 485s	Guff Oil	Mergan IJPI 5212 5212	Scaled Power 3014 3012 28arie 1gm 2914 2852 286	of the Bond Market, which also weaker. By 1 pm the Dow Jon dustrial Average was of		and Utilities Paris Share Share first day	prices were firm on the	Steels, Heavy Electric fachines and Shipbuilders losed sharply higher
Astna Lifo & Gas 423: 423: Ahmansen (H.F.) 10: 12:a Air Pred & Cham 53:a 52:: Akzona 10 3:a Albany Int. 65: 25:a Albanto-Guiv 10:a	Cons Edison 317a 317a Cons Feods 503a 30 Cons Fraight 35 351a Cons Nat Gas 465a 465a Cons Sat Gas 465a 163a 163a 163a 163a	Handleman	Munphy(GC) 135: 1378 Murphy(GC) 261: 263: Murphy fii 261: 263: Nabisco Grands. 303: 51 Halco Chem 4778	2ignal 6573 25 Sienode 37 39	at 844.46, for 8 net loss on the week, while the All Common Index, 6t shed 25 cents on the da	of 3,14 NYSE Germany 866.75. ay and Most shares i	the Call cent from In hig mproved in FFr 3.5	her Stores, Scor rose to 45.5 despite report-	Switzerland Mostly higher in moderately ctive trading. News of declining Swiss
Albertson's 65 241; Alcan Aluminium 1912 20 Alco Standard 18 1714 Alexandsr & Al 665; 2515; Alegheny Intl 281s 2776 Allied Corp 603; 4073	Cont Air Lines 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Harsco	Nat. Can	Eimplicity Patt. 9 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	66 cents on the week. Do led advances by shout 2 to-two majority, while volume decreased 2.07m to 32.68m compared with	three-encouraged by Ti the in the Bundesba shares Lombard rate.	tursday's cut the year nk's Special Metals	and Electricals were with Aisthem Atlan-	nterest rates and a stabler ranc failed to provide signif- ant support for Equities, which argely seemed to profit from
Allied Storos. 26 2516 Alfis-Chalmers 141: 14 Alpha Portd 114 1114 Alcoa 2413 2412	Coors Adelph 10's 10's Copperweld 341, 341,	Hershey	Nat. Cervice Ind. 24 1 24 1 1558 1558 1558 Nat. Steel 2314 22 8	Sony	Thursday. Both the Stock and Markets reflected unce about the Federal Re	Bond while VW were up rtainty 136.70. serve's In Electricals, Si	DM 2.50 at gues put a two-for emens gained Banks,	on FFr 16 to 1,150 on the free share issue. Chemicals, Engineer	rmer Bond prices. Foreign Bonds ware sought nactive trading after the enting Germany's Special Lumbard ate, and Domestic Ronds
Amal. Sugar	Corroon Black 1934 60% Cox Brandeast 6. 5573 3433 Crane	Holiday Inns 2412 : 2434 Holly Sugar 55 : 5514 Hamestake 2613 : 2613 Honsywell 6833 : 673	NCR	Sthn. Pacific	monetary policy and the dis of interest rates. Analysts stocks to continue to dr investors wait for the V Money Supply figures,	expect Profit-taking ar rift as squaring ahead of Weekly halted a sure on to be Bond Market profit	the weekend while Mo the Domestic In the	od Oils were mixed, do	dvanced due to Wednesday's re- nction in Swiss rates for sustomer time deposits and fedium-term notes.
Am. Broadcast's 51 3 5111 Am. Car 32 5141	Crown Zeli 2513 251: Cummins Eng 3314 341: Gurtiss Wright 5813 375: Damen 712 613 Oana 2613 2614 Oana 4613 4814	Hoover Univ	Nies. Mehawk 12 12 ls NICOR Inc 33 l4 5359 Nielsen (AC) A 45 l2 45 lg NL Industries 30 l4 60 l3 HLT 94 lg 23 lg	2pring Wills	anounced after the close. The Consumer Price Ind. np 0.4 per cent in Decileaving the inflation rate	Special Lombard (ex was the market retained the market retained the market retained the market retained to the market retained the market retained to the market	cut, although Oils and ned a firm while Co	Gold Mines berdened, ppers were mixed.	Johannesburg Gold shares firmed as the ullion price steadied, and Angle
Am. Heist & Ok. 15-5 15-15-14-15-14-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-	Oata Gen	Heustan Nt Gas 3773 3859 Hudaon Bay Mng 1973 1974 Hughes Tool 03 3214 Humana 3213 3234	Herialk & Wastn 4943 : 4958	Std Oil Clifornie. 3579 3534 Std Oil Indiana 4534 4614 Std Iil Ohje 55 3536 Stanley Wka 1618 16 Staulfor Chern 2014 20	of 1981 at 8.9 per cent, its level since 1977. Several Blue Chip issue; lower, including General 3 off \$1 to \$371, IBM Si to	and losses up to D s were Bundeshank sold stock. Mark Eur	N 0.30. The Share DM 14m of increased ohonds were investors Funds.	prices rose sharply on A buying by Foreign a and Domestic Trust a	American Producers led the dvance after quarterly results and dividend declarations. Tongagt featured with a 65
Am. Pettina 59 L 571: Am. Quasar Pct. 95: 10 Am. Slanderd 251: 6554 Am. Stores 275: 2754 Am Tel. & Tel 593: 58:1	Oetroit Edison 111: 11:3	Husky Oil	Nwest Arrines 231g : 231g Nwest Bancorp. 231g : 993g Nwest Inds 735; 735g Nwesto Mutual 101g : 101g Nwesto Mutual 101g : 101g	Sterline Brug 91 te 91 te 81 t	U.S. Steel \$2 to \$262, E2 Kodak \$2 to \$692 and G Electric \$2 to \$583. There was scattered we	astman Hong Kong Stocks closed up akness ing in anticipation	S5.85 to 7 on late bny- of 520m Sentim	823.36 in active trading . b	ents rise to R\$.50 on the pessi- dity of a merger with mists, enchanged at R\$.58.
Amatek Inc. 22:3 29:6 26:4 Amiac 26:3 26:4 47:2 Amster 24:3 25:4 Amster 24:3 25:4 Amster 10:4 25:4 American Hocke 16 16	Diamond Shank 241; 241; 0:Goorgie 85; 85; 85; 0:irizi Equip 85 83; 0:irizi Equip 111; 111; 111; 0:irizi 221; 221; 221; 221; 221; 221; 221; 221	Idea 8asic Ind 205; 205; 205; 205; 205; 10cal Tay	Nerton 5imen	Sundarrand 58 3714 Superier Oil 3258 3258 Super Val Strs. 19 1754 Synlex 60 6912 TRW 4912 4912 Taft 9912 29	among Energy stocks, inc Texas International off \$ \$26\frac{1}{2}\$. Texas Oil and Gas \$28\frac{1}{2}\$. Gulf \$\tilde{8}\$ to \$30\frac{1}{2}\$. Sont \$1\frac{1}{2}\$ to \$32 and Amax \$1\frac{1}{2}\$ to	\$1; to the market reopens \$1; to day. thdown However, tradin	s next Thurs- monetary purchase yen Cor Sony. Co	a total new issue of any and Honda Motor.	Buying support returned as il major indices firmed in esponse to healthler perform
Anheuser-8h 40:3 40:3 Arcata	Oame Mines 13 1273 Ocnnelly RR 361c 361c Cover Gorp 273c 271c Dow Chemical 232 2321	Ingersel Rand	Olin 8178 29 Omerk 1718 1714 Oneck 285, 283,	Tandy	THE AMERICAN SE I Value Index was down 1 285.83, makine a fall of 10 the week. Volume dec	Market holiday. The Hang 1.72 to rose 24.77 to 1,405. 0.78 on Leaders finishe reased nificant gains.	Seng Index the repo 23. d with sig- 3.920 and Same's	rt. Sony rose Y310 to t d Honda Y24 to 829.	nce by Australian shares on he London Market overnight. The main market indicator, he Ali-Ordinaries Index, added
Atlantic Rich 405: 411a	Ouka Power 601; 214; Cun & 8rad 601; 355; Ou Pont 354; 354; 551;	Intl. Fravours 1273 1214 Intl. Harvestar 918 814	Owens-Illinois 68 28	Tektronix	272,000 shares to 3.41m con with 1 pm on Thursday. Canada	Singapore	as its fi Stock Ma ag support in been buy	rst step to enter the rket although Sama has ying Japanese National a	CUB further improved 7 cents o A\$2.52 on a one-for-five-bonns nd an 82 per cent profit lift
Auto Data Prg 24 2513 Avec 1712 1713 Avery Inil 2514 2412 Avne1 4414 44 Avon Proces 2515 2513	Easce	Int. Income Prop. 934 834	Pac. Gas & Elect. 201 ₂ 203 ₆ Pac. Lighting 24 245 ₈ Pac. Lighter 241 ₄ 255 ₄ Pac. Tel & Tal 12 197 ₈ Paim Beach 251 ₈ 227 ₈	Texas Gas Trn 501a 505a Texas Instrm'ts 761a 755 Texas Ili & Gas 291; 261a Texas Utilities 197a 125a Taxtron 2414 2444 Theyme Electro 2014 2014	Markets continued to lower, with the Toronto C cite Index down another 1,750.1.	move improved Hong l compo advices aiding sent 9.6 to Hotels, Properti ties and the Sec	Kong market Light iment. Motors es Commodi were am ond Trading The	Second Section also I	Most prices closed marginally ower in slow trading. Cement and Chemical issues
Baker Intl	Echlin Mig	Jaffn-Pilot 24 24 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36	Pan Am Air	Thamas Betts	Closing prices for America were not sva	All markets here January 25 and 3 North New Year holidays ilable The Stock Ea	will close on trading. 6 for Luuar The in lng was- change will among l	crease in Foreign buy- i attributed to a belief ' Foreign and Domestic T	lso were among the losers fail- ng to respond to the Covern- nent authorisation to increase prices of cement products and
Bankers Tot, N.Y. 301s 501s Earry Wright 16 15 to Bausch & Lomb 49 48 Cast Tray Lab 351s 35 to Beatrice Peod 173 17 to Beekman Instr 431s 421s	21 Paso	Jay Mnf	Pennagai Series	Timken	for this edition.		Wednesday Fund M	AUSTRALIA	JAPAN (continue)
Boker Inds	Enserch	Kando Gervices 1956 1658 Kaufman 9rd	Perkin Elmer 2513 2414 Petrie 6tores 2012 2058 Petralane 1513 1578 Pfizer 5559 3259 Phelps Oadge 5218 3918 Philo, Elect 1553 1358	Trans — 645 2475 Transamerica 195 60 Transway 214 214 Trans Werld 1475 1456 Travelers 4415 4415 Tricantrol 618 818	Stock 21 20 AMGA Int I 21 2 21 2 Abitibi 21 21 2 Aprico Eagle 8 6	Jan, 22 Price + os Fra	Jan. 22 Price + Fis ACF Holding 51 + Ahold 60.8 + AKZO 25,1	ANZ Croup 4.15 1.7 Acrow Aust 1.3 0.6 Ampol Pet 1.65	Kubota 340 Kumgaar 366 - 6. Kyoto Ceramic 3,380 + 20 Lion 389
Beth Steel	Ex Cell 0 2512 2512 Exxon 2213 2934 FMC 2514 2319 Faberga 1214 1253 Fadders 334 334	Kidde	Phillips Pet	Tri Continental 2019 2019 Triton Energy 121 131 Tyler	Alcan Alumin 2314 2334 Algama Steel 4212 4213 Asbestee	Soc. Gen. Beigs	ABN	1	Maeda Cons
50rden	Fed. Nat. Mort 914 8 Fed. Paper Erd 2512 2614 Fed. Resources 134 148 Fed. Dep. Stores 3418 3378	Rrogar	Pittston	UMC India	8ali Canada 1914 1858 Bow Valley 1612 1858 8P Canada 2514 2312	Union Miniere	Caland Hidgs 34.3 Elsevier NnU 136.1 + Ennte	0.5 Bond Hidgs 2.3 2.85 - Bl'villa Copper 1.13	0.02 M tz Elec Works 580 +5 m bish Bank 433 1 m bish Corp 527 + ±2 M bish Corp 537 + ±2 M bish Elect 341 +10 1 m bish Bank 443 1 m bish Elect 443 1 m bish Bank 443
Bristol-Myers	1258 1253 1254 1254 1255	Lenox	Procter Comble., 83 8359 Pub. Serv. E & C. 1918 1918 Pub. S. Indiana 21 2518 Purex 2528 Purolator 6534 3414	Untd Brahds 105g 105g Utd. Energy Res. 3612 355g	8rinco 5,32 8,62 B. C. Farest 12 1214 GIL Inc 3214 5154 CadillacFairview 12 13 Camflo Mines 1334 1658 Can Cement 1118 115	Jah. 22 Price + or %	Heineken	2.5 gridga Oil. 9.04 0.5 BHP 9.04 0.6 Srunswick Oil 0.16 0.6 CRA 2.65	0.95 MH1
9rowne Ferris 6814 2834 6runswick	1st Gity Senk ex. 53 % 52 % 1st interstate 53 % 52 % 15 Micsissippi 12 1 16 4 15 Nat. Boston 46 % 49	Lity (Eij	Quaker Oats 32 3 32 5 Quanex 17 175 Questor 6 934 RCA 1656 1676 Raison Purinz 1154 1134 Ramada inns 576 5	US Gypsum 2912 2914 UE Home. 1058 1012 US Inds 878 878 105 5hoe 2712 2738 US Steel 2654 2658	Can N W Lands 311 ₂ 321 ₂	0, Sukkerfab 368 + 10. 0anske Bank 137.4 + 0.40 East Aslatica 553 + 0.40 Farende Beryge, 645 + B Farende Damp. 422 + 1	Nat Ned Cert	0.9 Castlemaine Tys. 3.50 Cluff Oil (Aust)	Nippon Gakkd 738 410 Nippon Meat 952 400 55 45 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
9urndy	Fisherm 3 278 278 278 278 278 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	Longs Orug Strs. 654 257 Louisiaha Land 295 Louisiana Pac 1776 1776 Lowenstein 24 247 Lubrizol 21 9134	Rank firg. ADR 314 614 Raytheon	U2 Surgical	Can P. Ent	275 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Pakhoed	Container 9.40 0.4 Costain 2.85 0.7 Crusader Oil 5.6 1.6 Dunkop 0.99	Nipport Steet 268 26 27 27 288 27 288 28 28
CSX	Feramost Mck 361g 3558 Foster Wheeler 131g 13 Freeport MoM 2052 201g Fruchauf 1934 124g GAF	MIA Com. Inc	Republic Steel 2212 2212 Rep of Texas 3414 3412 Reach Cottrell 1236 1256	VF	Cont. 8k. Canad2 7 714 Costain 9 9 9 Daon Devoj 4.46 4.60 Denison Mines 1514 52 Dome Mines 1518 1314	Provinsbanken 130	Rolineo	1.9 Endeavour Res. 0.38 0.6 Gen Pro Trust. 1.74 - 1.0 Hartogen Energy 5.9 0.8 Hooker 1.60	O.I. Olympus 1,200 +20 O.I. Olimpus 1,200 +70 Pionebs 1,200 +70 Pionebs 1,200 +70 Renows 1,200 +40
Carnatian	Gannet	Macy	Resort Intl A	Virginia EP	Dome Petroleum: 115e 12 Dom Faundries A 58 6734 Dom Gieres 1314 1314 Domtar 9114 21 FalconNickel 66 661g Genetar 215e 9114	FRANCE Jan. 29 Price + or	Vmf 6tork 41.8	0.5 Jimblana(SOcFP 0.40 Jones (B) 1.65 0.8 Kia Ora Cold 0.12 0.59 0.5 Leonard Oil 0.39 0.59 Mill 2.84	Sanyo Elect
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Cessna Aircraft 201g 21; Ghamp Herna 8ld 2 21; Ghamp Int 171g 171g Ghamp Ep Plug 8 778 Charter Co 8lg 914 Ghasse Manhatt'n 56 Ghemical NY 4854 49	Gen Motors 5814 5888 Gen Portland 4712 4718	Massey-Fergn 2 9 1942 Mass Multi-Corp. 184s 1942 Mattel	Rohm & Hass	Westn. Nth. Amr. 1914 1224 Westingheuse 2419 9414 Westvace 9112 22 Weyerhaeuser 96 2334	Hudson's Bay		Assicur Gen 145,909 — Bance Com'lo 36,330 — Bastogi Fin 145 +6	Ork Hisholss Int. L38 Horth Bkn Hill 2.5. L67 - Otter Expel 1.00	G.B. TDK 4,040 A110 : C.B. Tellis 242 +5 Tellis 726 -21 Tolkoku Oil 726 -21 Tolko Martne 488 -2
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Cora x 111g 111 Gluett Peaby 1554 151g CoosiCola 5114 305g Colgate Paim 167g 165s Collina Aikmen 11 11 Colt Inda 945g 245g	Goadrich 18Fi 2034 2018 19 19 2014 91 Graca 49bg 415g.	Mallon Nati 3978 3414 Melvilla 678 3778 Marauntile Bts 668 6612 Marck 8214 828 Marcdth 573 Merrill Lynch 39 5134	St. Regis Paper 9812 2855 Sante Pa Inda 714 7 Saul Invest 714 7 Saxon Inda 459 459 Schering Plaugh 9812 2815	Wrigley 351g 355g Wyly 81g 91g Xerox 5e 881g Yallow Frt \$ys 147g 147g Zepata 247g 943g Zanith Radia 11 111g	Nat. 2aa Proda Al 7 7 Narande Mines 1972 1912 Nthn. Telecom 5312 54 Oakwood Pet 1178 19 Paerie Copper 1,96 1,93	Tumez	do. Pref14,1004	Woodside Petrol 1.06 + Woodswarths 1.65	0.06 Yesuda Fire 245 0.12 Yokogawa Bdge 556 45
	Indices	1			Pan can Petrol 671, 67 Patina	Machines 9uil 22.4 + 0.9 Metra 1216s - 703 - 1 Michelin 8 - 703 - 1 Moat-Hannesay 615 + 6 Moutinex 58.6 + 1	Jan. 22 Price + Kroner - Bargens Boks 116 +1		Jan. 82 Price of Boustead Shid 2.65 0.01
14711	OOW JINES Jen. Jan. Jan. 1981-89 18 15 14 High Low	Since Gmpli't'n	Jen. Jan. Jan. Jen. 92 21 20 19	1291-89 High Low	Ranger Oli	Paribas	Borregaard 133.6 + 2 Creditbank 142 + 4 Elikam 50 Kosmos 400 Narsk Hydro 403 + 6 Storebrand 248 - 5	Cheung Kong \$1 + Cosma Prop. 8 Gross Harbour. 11.8 + Hane Seng Bank 130 +	185
eindustr' is 848,27 845,85 847,41 8 H'me 8nds. ju) 55,35 56,29 Transport 544,79 347,12 351,05 3	56.40; 58.39; 58.41; 65.78; 64.99; (151.151) 11.10; 65.52; 352.65; 348.64; 447.58; 553.48;	1051.70 41.22 (11/1/75) (21/182) AUSTRALIA All Ord. 11/18 Metal & Mini 447.50 18.25 AUSTRIA	0) 545,8 541,5 544,4 547,1		Seagram	RadioLech 259 +11 Redaute 983 +15 Rhone-Poulane 113.6¢	SWEDEN	HK Kowloon Wh. 5.3 HK Laad 9.25 HK Shanghi Bk 14.9 HK Telephone 30.25 Hutchison Wps. 17.6	Sime Darby 2.87 -0.0 2.2 UBO 10.10 0.6 0.5 UBO 4.50
TradingVal 000 † 48,810 48,886 46,870 4	L04.58 104.18 105.81 117.01 101.28 (5)1.81) (29/8)	(19/4/91) 18/7/82) Credit Aktiar 195.52 10.5 (20/4/83) (28/4/42) BELGIUM Belgien 6E (6		05 68.45 (5/1/61) 05.54 (18/10) 72 69.46 (5/1/82) 89.55 (10/8)	Tarento Qam 8K. 2912 3014 TransCan Pipa 24 24 Trans Mntn. 011 A 67g 914 Utd. 21soo Mines 63g 85g	Suez	Jen. 22 Price Krener	or New Warld Dev. 4.85 +1 O'seas Trust Bk. 5.85 +1 SHK Propa. 8.45 +1 Swire Pac A. 11.3 +0 Wheel'k Mard A. 6.65 +1	0.85 0.16 Jan. 89 Price 3-97 0.18 Risund 0.5 Abercom 4.77 U.05 AF CI 9.78
Ind. div. vield %		ar ago (approx FRANCE CAC General		7 110,5 (17,5) 77,5 (16,6)	Walker IH) Res 1955 204 Westooat Trans 1812 1256 Weston IGoo) 56 63	Jan. 22 Prica + or Om AEG-Talar	Astra 368 + 1 Atlas Copco 154 + 1 Boliden 251 - 1 Collulosa 978 - 5 Electrolux B 94.9 + 0 Ericason 228 + 2	World Int. Hidge 2.55	0.66 Anglo Am 56.45 -0.8 — Anglo Am Gold 57.28 +1.7 Anglo Am Prop 56.5 -0.8 Barlow Band 10.4 +0.3 Buffels 58.25 +0.2 COM Invest 7.05 0.5 0.4
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NY. 8.E. ALL COMMON Jan. Jan. Jan. 1381 91 20 19 19 High	1 -82 fssues Traded 1,849 Rises	Jan. 80 Jan. 19 Oslo SE (1/1/7 1,879 1,861 SINGAPORE 558 SE8 934 909 Straits Times	11886) 777.82 770.02 755.85 755.4			Hoeseh 118.5xr + 0.2 Holeseh 23.7 + 0.8 Halzmann P) 400 + 5 Harton 110 + 0.9 Kall und Sabz 179.5 + 6.5	Jan. 82 Price + o	Fujitsu Fanuc 7,500 Green Cross 2,100 Hasegawa 688 Heiwa Ri East 346 Hitzohl 717 4	Financial Eand CS\$0.76} (Discount of 26%)
67,00 86,80 67,19 87.84 79,14 6/1)	Naw Lows	103 64 Industrial (18	58) — lu1 614,5 521,0 - . lu1 794,2 794,2	757.8 (7/1/81) 470.5 15/7) 711.7 (0/1/82) 557.2 (6/2)	BELGIUM/LUXEMBOURG	Karstadt 182 -1.6	Clbs-Gelgy	Honda 829 +1 Housefood 999 +1 Hoys 808 +1 Itch (0) 835 +4 Ito Ham 430	Jan. 28 Pr. of + of
Industrials 500.52 Combined 287.46	Jan. Jan. 18 High 309.29 511.89 515.58! 408.65 (97.6) 281.87 296.18 297.22 578.22 (15.6) 1777.6 1797.8 1815.1	Low SWEDEN Jacobson & F SWITZERLAN	e. (1/1/68) 658,52 656,52 650,74 948,9	57 680.31 (10/8) .404.17 (29/1/81)	ARSED 1,090 +10 Bang Int A Lux 5,950 Bokeert B 1,500	MAN	Interfood	JACOS 572 - 1 JACOS 572 - 1 JOSEO 709 - 5 Kalima 550 - 560 -	Accita
	CORK ACTIVE STOCKS Change an Stocks day traded	Change Closing on Change o	1/1/70) — 140,9 148,0 140,7	152.8 (6/1/81) 133.9 (28/9)	Cockerili	Rosenthal 273 —1 Schering 280.2 +1.7 Semen 911.6 +1.7	Oer-9uhrile	Kirkoman 415 458 46 Kirko 990 458 46 Kokuyo 990 491	Vale Ric Doce 7.25 -0.8 Turnever: Cc2.373.5m Valume: 308.2m Source: Ric ds Janeto SE
Exxon 1,188,000 297, 9M 979,900 627,	+ ½ Fat. Chrtr. Fin. 658,800 + ½ Am. Tel. & Tel. 654,300 + ½ 3 ony 586,000 	9 94 - 4 500; NY3E A 164 + 4 Isst named 584 + 17 industrials	use of all indices are 100 axcept Avs Ill Common—50; Standard and Poa besed on 1975. † Excluded bons blue 40 Utilitias, 40 Financials a	tralls All Ordinary and Metals— 19—10; and Toronto—1,000; the ds. \$400 industrials. \$400 and 20 Transports. c Closed.	Covered 1.510 _10	Varta	SWISS BENK 511 +8	NOTES Prices on the	page are as quoted on the co-lest fracted prices, or the rights.

| System | S



Currency losses depress net earnings at Honda

HONDA, the Japanese motion gain of 11 per cent to Y1.401hn. group, reports a near satisfies Honda attributed the earnof net profits for the fiscal year end.

Against Y74.9hn a year ago, cies, which they said "cut deep into profits could galar only Y38.6bn (\$172m) as weak trading in ears and precise at the European subsidiaries."

Net earnings in the third in the company relies heavily on ovarseas markets. In the latest quarter, 30 per cent of the fiscal year end of the fiscal year end of the gainst Y74.9hn a year ago, cies, which they said "cut deep into profit margins of sales hy business fell hy 8.8 per cent to 156,000 units, while domestic sales climbed hy 13.8 per cent to 74,000 units.

Net earnings in the correst profits for the correst populing 1980 period. Sales for Unit salas of cars declined the quarter force in the domestic sales in creased 9.5 per cent.

Yamaichi Securities shows gain

YAMAICHE SECURITIES, one from the large number of con- creased its parent company net of Japan's big four securities vertible bonds issued by firms, hat had a good yeer. Consolidated net income rose 36.6 At the same time, the rise in per cent to Y16.24bn (\$72.2m) and the year ended September with a somewhat weak previous with a somewhat weak previous war in which consolidated

Revenues rose 21.6 per cent 5.9 per cent rise in revenues. to: Y140bn from .Y115.09bn in

30, from Y11.69bn in the pre- year in which consolidated net profits fell 21 per cent on a

As previously reported, active 1979-80. Earnings per share rose trading on Japsn's stock ex-to Y20.90 from Y17.16, changes helped Yamaichi's un-Yamaichi attributed the im-consolidated net rise 30.1 per proved margins to a curtailed cent to 15.08hn on a 20.8 per increase in costs. In addition, cent rise in revenues to 132.8hn.
the company's overseas units'

Isetan Company, the Japanese underwriting revenues benefited department store concern, in- forecast.

income for the year ended November 30 by 14.4 per cent to Y4.12bn (\$18.3m), Y3.6bn a yesr earlier, reports AP-DJ from Tokyo. Sales roae 13.9 per cent to Y241.87bn (\$1.1bn), from Y212.4bn.

The balf-year dividend was raised to Y4.5, from Y4 s year earlier, in recognition of the spproach of its centenary. Net profits for the current year will rise 11.7 per cent to Y4.6bn, on a 9.6 per cent incresse in sales, to Y265bo, it is

SAMA, Japanese bond talks confirmed

BY RICHARD C. HANSON IN TOKYO

SECURITIES industry sources privately placing two Japanese co-managing the Honda issue. convertible bond issues, by Sony. The 10-year bonds, convertible and Honde Motor, have been into common shares, are underway since last year.

This will be the first time 5.6 per cent and be priced at SAMA has invested in what 98 per cent. Agreements are amounts to Japanese equities, expected to be signed shortly. having so far preferred government and straight corporate stories of SAMA's intention to bonds. Other companies are also expand its investment in Japan lining up to propose private into the area of equities, con-convertible bond placements vertible bonds being a con-with SAMA. But the

months to clear the way for pur- and Honda issues.

reported to carry a coupon of 5.6 per cent and be priced at

Tokyo has long been rife with stories of SAMA's intention to There is some indication that fact thet stories have appeared SAMA has suspended its in the Japanese press regular huying of Japanese apparently has led to delays in government bonds so far this the negotiations over the Sony

There is strong suspicion in bond by Sony and a similar the market that the news, which placements will you have by Honda Motor. appeared in Nihon Keizai Shim-coming months.

SECURITIES industry sources The Sony issue is being bun the leading financial paper, yesterday confirmed that nego managed by Nomura Securities yesterday, leaked, in anticipatiations with the Saudi Arabia and Smith Barney, while tion of the positive impact it Monetary Authority (SAMA) on Nomura and Merrill Lynch are would have on the Tokyo stock market, which did in fect respond with a strong rally.

It is not known how the Saudis will react to leaks of their investment plans in Japan. It is thought that within SAMA itself, there remains disagreement on investment in Japanese SAMA is said to have already invested about Y2,000bn (\$8.9bn) in Japanese bonds.

The Japanese securities houses are no doubt trying hard to persuade SAMA to step up purchases of convertible bonds. The list could not be confirmed independently, but NEC, Shsrp, Canon, Riceh and Sanyo Electric are all reportedly being pushed as candidates for private placements with SAMA in

Sharp fall at halfway for Toray **Industries**

By Our Financial Staff TORAY INDUSTRIES,

largest Japanese maoufac-turer of synthetic fibres, suffered a fall of 74 per cent on net income on a consoli-dated hasis in the half-year to September, to Y4.12hn (\$18.3m), from Y15.88hn in the first six months of 1980-

The fall slightly more than offset the rise in the previous year from the Y5.05hn of the first half of 1979-80. company attributes the set-back largely to losses on foreign exchange account, which amounted to Y5.7hn in the latest balf, against a background of fluctuetions in the value of the yen in the foreign exchange market. This compares with 5 gain of Y6.6bn in the six months to September 1980.

After allowing for the foreign exchange effect there was a cut in net earnings of 14 per cent. Toray's affiliated companies, particularly those in Sonth-Easl Asia, turned ln poor results as a result of slack economic conditions. the company said, and the relatively low levels of economic activity in J2p5n, the U.S. and Enrope also

played a port. For the full year to March, Toray—which is diversifying into non-textile fields expects net earnings to show a slower rate of fall than in the first half, though it is still looking for a drop of 38.5 per cent to Y16bn, from last year's

Despile the fall in earnings for the half to September, sales for the period were up hy 9.8 per cent to Y363.47hn (\$1.6hn), from Y331hn, and a rate of expansion around 10 per cent to Y730bn is expected for the year es a whole.

The sales expension results in part from the taking into the accounts the revenues of two companies, Textlle Alliance of Hong Kong and Penfahric Berhad of Malsysia. Both companies were scanired towards the end of March last

Sales of textile goods showed an 11.7 per cent gain, to account for 72.2 per cent el total turnover, while sales of plastics were up some 14 per cent, at 14.2 per cent of the overall figure. But sales of chemical products were down by 13.7 per cent.

Renault warns of severe downturn in 1981 profits

RENAULT. nationalised motor group, describes 1981 as the worst year for the industry since 1874. It expects profits to be sharply down on the FFr 638m (\$119m) of 1980 following a rise in sales of just 7 per cent to FFr 85.5hn-a rate of in-crease well below the level of

The small rise in sales underlines the drop in the company's

The group says that the the French and German mar-decline in its results was due kets. not only to lower volumes, but On the vehicle sales side, also to the increased competi-tion coused by currency differentials and to the higher cost of finance. By politing to currency

problems, the company is making a clear reference to the price advantage of West German car manufacturers in the first half of last year, when importers increased their sales while aubsidiary, Renault Vehicules Industriels (RVI), substantially I as: globally by 11.8 per cent to a total of 1.8m vehicles. Of these, 1.53m were built in France since halped French manufaction dropped by 13 per cent turers with their prices in both from 54,000 units to 47,000.

Renault claims to have maiutained its position as the leading company within the EEC, with 13.4 per cent of all registrations. In the French domestic

increased sales by 9.6 per cent to FFr 12.2bn, while produc-

Ogem proposals put to bankers

THE BANKING consortium of assets It hoped to dispose of backing Ogem, the loss-making over the past three years.

Dutch conglomerate, met yesterOgem expects to snnou day in Amsterdam to consider the company's proposals to aave the profitable parts of its business. If Ogem's plans are accepted, its loss-making activities will be hived-off loto a separate holding, and either sold off or closed down. The consortium of 21 banks

called ves)erday's meeting be-cause of Ogem's failure to complete its restructuring on time. t has sold off only Fl 250m

Ogem expects to announce the banks' reaction to its propossis nn Monday when it meets unlons representing its 17,000 employees,
Ogem revealed that it made

s 1981 loss of Fl 60-80m, excludiog F1 25m in government support, compared with the loss of Fl 118m in 1980. Turnover which agreed io 1980 to provide last year was about the same a financial umbrella for Ogem as the Fl 3.94bn ln 1980, although sales of the trading divisions declined by about 7 per cent.

potential purchaser for a large part of its trading activities. Ogem hopes to dispose of its Stokvis subsidiary, which groups about 40 technica) companies in Europe, and its new African trsding company (NAHV).
The hanking consortium, consisting of five Dutch and 15

foreign banks provided a Fl 630m credit line to Ogem in 1980, while the state-backed National Investment Bank stepped in last year with an additional F1 75m in loans and subsidies. The coosortium is er cent.

hended by Algemene Bank
The company expects to finalNederland, Amsterdam-Rotter-(\$99m) of the F1 400m worth ise discussions today with a dam Bank and Bank of America.

Slowdown at Alcoa Australia

BY GRAEME JOHNSON IN SYDNEY

DOWNTURN in the world return on sharebolders' funds aluminium industry has been fell from 12.6 to 16.1 per cent. blamed for Alcos Anstralia's The increase in assets reflected unsatisfactory 5 per cent increase in estraings from its third alumina plant in
A\$97.2m to A\$102.1m Wagerup in Western Australia,
(US\$107.5m) in the yeer to said the Portland smelter in December 31. The result follows a slump in earnings in the final quarter from A\$31m to A\$21.8m, caused by falling the year from A\$736.5m to prices and higher costs. Alcoa A\$868.9m. is 51 per cent-owned by The bigher revenue was due Aluminum Company of to an increase in the volume of Americs, the biggest aluminium sales, following the

producer in the U.S.

Victorie. Alcoa recorded an 18 per cent

lnerease in sales revenue durlog

completion of a third potline at The Australian company's the company's Henry smelter. total assets rose by almost

A\$500m to A\$1,984m, but formacce, Alcoa directors said return on assets declined from the profit figures for the year 6.3 to 5.1 per cent, while the

Pre-tax profits for 1981 were marginally up on the previous year from A\$183.8m to A\$183.6m. The company's tax bill was virtually static at A\$86.5m. Pre-tax profil wss struck before a .A\$14.4m lift in the interest charge to A\$38.3m following the draw down of lines for the Wagerup refinery and the Portland smelter.
Alcoa's directors have fore-

cast a gloomy 1982, warning that profits are likely to come under pressure. They said the company would continue to operate in an environment where there was limited opportunity to increase prices to offset continuing cost increases.

Olivetti chief steps down from Ambrosiano

By James Buxton in Roma AFTER ONLY 65 days, the AFTER ONLY 65 days, the marriage batween Sig Carlo de Benedetti, chief executive of Olivetti, and Sig Roberto Calvi, head of Banco Ambrosiano, Italy's leading private bank, has ended in divorce. Sig de Benedetti said yesterday that he bad resigned from heing vice-chairman of the hank and had sold his 2 per cent stake.

The entry of Sig de Benedetti, one of Italy's most successful entrepreneurs, into

Banco Ambrosiano, surprised the Italian financial and political establishment. Sig Calvi's name has been associated with the P2 Masonic Lodge scandal and last July he was convicted for illegal export of currency.
Sig de Benedetti said yester-

terday that he had not been able to discharge his duties aa vice-chairman and exercise the rights and dutles of e director. It is understood that Sig Calvi, who brought in Sig de Benedetti to improve the image end the functioning of the man in the dark on the bank's ownership structure. It is not known to whom Sig de Benedetti sold his shares.

While Sig de Benedetti is believed to have made a profit on the shares he bought for (\$41m) L50hn Ambrosiano is left weakened. Istituto per le Opere di Religione (1OR), ibe Vatican hank, recently sold its stake. This week the Consob, the stock exchange regulatory authority, ordered the hank to seek a full Stock Exchange quolation, which would oblige it to disclose its ownership structure.

Bouygues sees sharp advance By Our Paris Staff

BOUYGUES, THE French construction company, is expecting profits to rise by well over 30 per cent to more than FFr 200m (\$34.5m) for 1981. Sales will be up by 38 per cent to around FFr 10.5bn, the company said yesierday.

One of the fastest growing of the big French construction companies, Bouygues la also forecasting that Jurnover in the current year will rise to about FFr 14.5bn, entirely through internal growth.

Pork Bellies—Feb 68,20-68 00 (67 70), Merch 62.50-68,20 (68,52), May 69,70-68,30, July 70,20-70.40, Ang 69 60.

1Soyabeans—March 6431-643 (6421). May 656-5551, 155514, July 6691-6694, Ang 672-6721, Sept 673, Nov 6781-678, Jah 633, March 768.

||Soyabeen Mes||—March 190.6-190.5 (191.5), May 193.0-192.8 (193.4), July 195.7-195.3, Aug 196.0-196.5, Ear 196.5-198.8, Oct 198.0, Dec 200.0, Jan

200, 261 0.

Soyabean Oll — March 19.56-13.69 (19.50), May 20.26-20.27 (20.17), July 20.85-20.88, Aug 21.12. Sept 21.25-21.29, Oct 21.45, Dec. 21.85, Jan 21.89-21.85, March 21.26-22.00.

†Whest — March 378;-379 (381%). May 2293;-3894 (392%). July 294%. Sapt 4C8-4063, Oec 423. March 4367.

V/INNIPEG, Jonuary 22
\$8eriey—March 128.00 | 129.10), May
199 40-130 50 (151.00), July 131.70, Oct
132.80, Det 135.00
\$Wineal—SCWRS 13.5 per tent pro-

www.ast—SCOVES 13.5 per cent pro-tein content cit S1 Lawrence 242.14 (242.59). ***Platimure—April 358.5-258.0 (356.9). April 362.6-264.0 (361.4). July 374.0. Oct 284.0-286.0, Jen 402.0-404.0. 3ales:

1.600.
All cents per pound ex-warehouse

All cents per pound ex-warshouse unless otherwise stuted. *S per troy ounce. †Cents per troy ounce. †Cents per 56-lb bushel. †Cents per 60-lb bushel. |S per short ton (2 000 lb). †50n. per metric ton. †S per 1,000 sq lt. †Cents per dozen. †S per metric lon.

COMMODITIES/REVIEW OF THE WEEK

London tin price hits new record

BY OUR COMMODITIES STAFF

c a new all-time peak on the Lon-expected this trend to con-don Metal Exchange (LME) this time with the surplus for the don Metal Exchange (LME) this time with the surplus for the week as support buying, full year rising to 25,000 tonnes believed to be on behalf of pro from 20,000 in 1981 and 11,000 ducer that less continued in 1980.

After rising £32.50 yesterday. The LME zinc price also the cash price ended the week, ended sharply higher in apite £102.50 up at £8,687.50 a tonne of price cuts by West German At a meeting of the Interproducers Metallgesellschaft mational. Tin Council consumer and Preussag. Although Enropean zinc demand has been demands for a 15 per cent rise sluggish the cuts, from \$950 to the Interproducer pean zinc demand has been to be supported by the protected producer supported that in the morning conditions that in the morning conditions that in the morning cash higher Grade three months £884.00, 82.00. at 50.00 at

Later the Council forecast

100

THE CASH tin price climbed to tonnes. Traders said they

in the market price support \$875 were considered surprising the Irish Republic. Following range, which would have lifted as they followed a rise by U.S. reports that the mine's bankers it to 29:15 to 37.89 ringgits a producers at the end of last had set a deadline for settle-

that world production of tin first half of this year after falling £3.50 yesterday.

would exceed domand by 12,300

Lead prices followed a similar ment announced it had issued

MARKET REPORTS

BASE METALS

the London Metal Exception Copper was limity \$877. lead \$254 and zine \$441. Ifn, three months, rose to close at \$8,050 following good demand trem one quarter. Aluminium anded the day at \$668.5 and nickel 2! \$3,101.

COPPER	a.m. Official	~ or	o.m. Unortiolar	*
HighGr de	£	· ±	£	1
Cash	855,5-6	45,25	850-1	-5
Scttlem't.	855	+13	875.5-7,5	-8.
Cathodes :				

Amelgameted Metal Treding reported that in the morning cash Higher Grade traded at E855.50, three months E884.00, 82.00, 81.50, 82.00. Kerb-Higher Grade, three months E882.50, 82.60, 82.50. Alternon: Higher Grade, three months \$87503, 76.00, 75.00, 75.00, 76.00, 77.00, 78.00, 77.50, 76.00, 77.00, 78.00, 77.50, 77.00. Cathodes, cash £851.00, 49.00, 50.00. Kerb: Higher Grade, three months £877.00, 76.50, 76.50, 76.00, 78.50, 77.00. Turnover, 16.875 tennes.

ment announced it had issued
30-day notices to most of the
1.000 workers at the mine.
...Copper had a very quiet week
with currency factors being the
only significant influence on
prices. Cash wirehare coded with currency factors being the only significant influence on prices. Cash wirebars ended £6.50 down at £850.50 a tonne.

Settlem't bobb

5tandard cash 8680.5 +50 8686.90 +32.5
3 months 8000-8 +83. 8030-40 +87.5
Straits E. \$534.50 5traits E. \$534.50

Turnover, 16,875 jonnes.

traders remained extremely cautious ahead of next week's Tin-Morning: Standard; cash £8,860. announced yesterday that he a.m. + or p.m. + or had bought sufficient eocoa from LEAD Official — Unofficial —

New York -

Ghana to complete the quota of 6,400 tonnes be had agreed to huy from that country. That 5 months 555,5.5.5 -11.5 353-4 -7.76 included purchases yesterday of 400 tonnes. Ghana to complete the quota of In Acera, meanwhile, the Ghana Cocoa Marketing Board months £362.03, 60.00, 58.00, 57.00, said it purchased 9,747 tonnes 56.00, 55.00, 56.00. Kerb: Three months £366.00, 55.00, 54.00. Alternoon: Three months £364.00, 53.00, 62.00, 53.00, 54.00, 55.00. Tumover: 9.425 tannes.

Most of an earlier modest rise in coffee futures prices was wiped out yesterday when the London March quotation fell fill to end the week fl up at fill to end the week fl up at fill 147.50 a tonne. During the week the U.S. Department of Agriculture issued a new forecast that world coffee stocks would rise about 15m hags during the 1981/82 season to nearly 41.4m hegs (60 kilos

nearly 41.4m hegs (60 kilos Sugar moved even more narrowly with the May position on the London futures market closing £0.125 up on the week 5 months 614.5-5 -2 520.3 +25 at £179.575. The price was up

Aluminium—Morning: Three months 1518.00, 19.00, 18.50, 18.00, 17.00, 15.00, 14.00, 14.50, Kerb: Three months 1515.00, After@pon: Three months 1516.00, 17.00, 18.00, 19.00, 20.00, 20.50, Kerb: Three months (\$19.00, 7 arnover: 6,700 tonnes.

Three months I3.105, Ol. Turnover:
260 tonnes.
Cents per pound \$ M\$ per kilo.
Ton previous unofficial close,

alLVER aullion + ot L.M.E. + or por tixing p.m. unoffic'i

COCOA

Futures traded at levels unchanged from the opening call before commission house book-equating esued prices to alip at the close. Actuals business remained quet, reports Gill and Outlus.

COCOA Yes rday's + or Eusiness
Close - Done March 1218.19 -2.0 1397-17
May 1108-00 -3.3 1308.97
July 1207.08 -2.0 1218-07
Sept 1616.17 -2.5 1229-16
Dec 1224-65 -5.0 1330-84
March 1255.38 -7.0 1355
Mey 1241.44 -5.5 Sales: 1,191 (2,944) lots of 10 tonnes.
ICCO—Delly price tob Jen 22: 99.40 (100.41]. Indicator price tot Jen 23: 100.08 (59.80). 11.5. cants per pound.

COFFEE

Strong trade buying emerged during a creedior than expected opening reports Orexts Surnham Lambert. A reluctance to follow serly waskness in New York prompted further support. ork promptes
Yestorday's or Susiness
FEE Close or Susiness
None

Selas: 5,400 (3,329) lots of 3 tonnes. ICO Indicator prices for January 21; (U.5. cents per pound): Comp deily 1979 123.24 (123 30); 15-day everage 123.93 (123.95). GAS OIL FUTURES

GRAINS

BARLEY Yesterd'ye +or Yestord'ye+ or Math close - close -

Silver was fixed 6.95p an ounce higher for spot delivery in the London buillion market yeaterday et 423 05p.

11.5. cent equivalents of the lians levels were: spot 791.5c. in 5 7c; in 5 7c; in 6.48.7c. up 4.3c; and 12-month 907c. up 5.4c. The metal opened at 417.421p (785.790c) and closed et 420-424p 1787-792ct.

21. Control of the lians levels were: spot 791.5c. in 5 7c; in 5 7 Nov... 110.70 +0.6: 105.55

Susiness done—Wheat: Jan 110.10110.00, Merch 112.45-112.00, May
118.25-115.85, July 119.10-119.00, Sept
107.06-06.90, Nov 10.65-110.60, Seles:
267 lots of 100 tonnes. Bartey: Jen
106.55 only. March 109.00-108.25, May
112.55-111.70, Sept 102.70-102.60, Nov
106.55-106.50, Seles: 143 lots of 100

tonnes:

LONDON GRAINS—Whasi: U.S. Oath Northern Spring No. 2, 14 per cent, Feb 120.50, Merch 121.25 trenshipment East Coast. U.S. Herd Winter, 137 per cent, Feb 10/March 10 117.50 trenshipment East Coast. English Faed tob Jan 112.50, Feb 115, Merch 118.50 East Coast. Maize: French Jen 123.50 trenshipment East Coast. South African Yellow March 76.50 quoted. Carley: English Feed tob Feb 112.25 saller & State Coast, Feb 112.50 peid Peterhead. Rest unquoted.

HGCA — Locational ex-farm spot prices. Feed barley: Eastern 106.40. E Mide 106.40, N East 106.70, Scotland 106.90, The UK Monetary Coefficient for the week beginning Monday. January, 25 is expected to remain unchanged.

RUBBER "

The London physical market opened unchanged effected good interest throughout the day and closed on a steader note. Lawie and Past recorded a February tob price for No. 1 RS in Kusia Lumpur of 208.0 (208.0) cents a kg and SMR 20 183.0 (182.5).

No. 1 Yestrys Previous Susiness R.S. close Done

Sales: 310 (274) lots of 15 tonnes, 18 (1) lots of 5 tonnes. Physical ciceling prices (buyers) were spot 50.00p [49.50p]: Feb 51.25p (51.0p]; Merch 51.50p (31.25p). SOYABEAN MEAL The merket opened unchanged on lack of fineh news, reports T. G. Roddick. Prices were eroded despita weaker starting in quiet conditions.

Yestardys + or Business Close - Done £ Sales: 128 (199) jots of 100 tonneo.

> SUGAR LONDON DAILY PRICE—Raw augar £167.00 (£162.00) e tonne eil Jan-Feb-March ahlpmenr. White augar daily

> price £178.00 (£172.00).
> The market opened about unchanged

AMERICAN MARKETS Live Hogs—Feb 29.65-49.50 (49.15), April 47.65-47.15 (47.35), June 50.20-60.02, July 20.90-50.80, Aug 49.73, Oct 47.80-47.75, Oce 48.60-48.50, Feb 48.25.

NEW YORK, January 22
Cocos prices cellapsed on producer selling which louched off step-lose selling. Suger came under pressure from profit-teking as come of the rumoured calce did not materialise. Cototo was lower on commandon house selling which touched off step-lose selling. Heating oil was lower on technical selling end on further pines raduction by oil companies. Capper was lower on technical selling and commission house iquidation on reports that no cutbacks in preduction are contemplated, reported Honold, Copper—len 70.55 (71.35), Feb 70.55 Copper—len 70.55 (71.35), Feb 70.65 (71.45), March 71.50-71.70, May 73.50-73.50, July 75.50-75.50, Sept 77.25, Oct 78.90, Jen 80.50, March 22.50, May 81.55, July 86.50, Sept 88.25.

79.90. Jan E0.80, March E2.80, May 81.65, July 86.50, Sept 88.25.

"Gold—Jen 378.0 (375.2), Feb 378.0.

378.3 (378.5), March 230.0, April 384.8-280.0, June 292.0-295.0, Aug 402.0, Oct 413.0, Oct 422.7, April 442.0, June 473.2, Aug 482.6, Oct 473.9.

Potations (round whites)—Feb 78.2-51.0 (78.0), March 82.2-82.3 (32.0), April 87.7-87.5, Nov 77.7-79.0, 4810-314.0, July 832.0, Sept 821.4, Occ 51.0, July 832.0, Sept 821.4, Occ 51.0, July 832.0, March 10.4, May 930.0, July 849.6, Sept 969.2, Handy end Hargen bullion spott 789.00 (752.00), 8uger—No. 11: March 13.52-13.59 (12.62), May 12.67-12.69 (12.901, July 13.55-12.89, Sept 14.07, Oct 14.28, Jan 14.43, March 14.25-14.89, May 14.85-14.95, Selet 7.524, Tim—710.00-742.00 (628.00-740.00), CH(CAGO, Jenuary 22 Lard—Chicogo loose 20.50 (20:00), June 80.10-60.20, Aug 89.05-69.90, Oct 57.45-57.30, Occ 58.35.

Thursday's closing prices ††Cocos—March 2127 (2154), May 2126 (2145), Jmly 2127, Sept 2151, Occ 2171, Merch 2191, Seles: 920.

Coffee-"C" Contract: Merch 138.25-138.75 (139.591, May 130.30-130.50 1123.041, July 127.75-127.90, Sept 123.71-125 50, Oec 122.00-123.50, March 121.75, May 118.00-124.00, Sales: 3,900.

Coston—No. 2: Merch 54.41-54.50 (64 64), May 66.25-66 30 [66 40], July 63.05, Oct 70.50, Oce 71.50-71.55, Merch 72 70-73.00, May 73.75-74.25, July 74.25-74.75, Sales: 4,250, July 74.25-250, 74.75. Seles: 4,250.
CHICAGO, January 21
Chicago Imm Gold—March 379.5320 0 1377.3), Juna 392.0-392.5 1389.41,
Sept 405.4, Ooc. 415.5, Merch 434.4,
June 449.4, Sept 454.5.

INDICES FINANCIAL TIMES Jan. 21 Jan. 29 Month ago Year aco

260,20 650,20 647,35 654,02 (Bosa: July 1, 1952-100). MOODY'S Jan. 91 Jan. 60 Month ago Year ago

DOW JONES Dow | Jan | Jan. | Month Year | Jones | 21 | 20 | ago | ago Apot- 126,85 126,38 Fulr's 158,31 153,54 (Base: Oecember 81, 1974=100) REUTERS Jan. 26 Jan, 21 M'nth ago Year ago 1008,0 1001.7 075.5 1188,5

and, efter the LDP was reised, it consolidated at the higher lavals. Nessby March was particularly in demand, reports C. Czemikow.

| December 31, 1931 = 100)

250, 291-396; Oct 392, 293, 391: Oct 299, 400, 399-297; Jan 400, 402, 400, 399; Merch, 177.60-77.70 174.10-74.50 177.50-77.80 May.... 173.65-78.60 177.50-77.55 179.75-77.80 May.... 182.40-82.50 182.50-85.80 182.57-84.20 Oct..... 183.50-85.80 182.50 182.50 182.50 182.50 182.50 182.50 182.50 182.50 18

Siese: 5,524 (2,250) total of 50 tonnes.
Tets and Lyle delivery price for granulated beats white sugar was E274.00 (seme) a tonne tob for home unde and E277.00 (E272.00) for export. International Sugar Agreement (U.S. cents per pound) lob and stowed Caribbeen ports. Prices for Jen 21-0aily gince 12.72 (12.74); 15 day avanage 12.71 (12.72).

GRIMSBY FISH - Supply poor, demand good. Prices at shrp's arto (unprocessed) our stone: Shell cod £3.90-£4.00, codlings £2.50-£3.00,

1621.1 1814.8 — 1684.4 (Bese: Septembor 18, 1931~100)

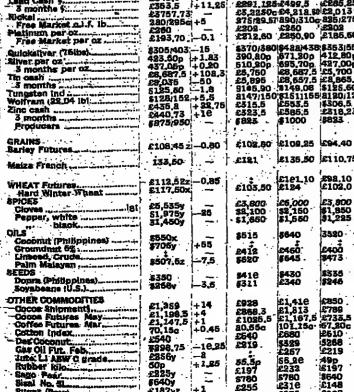
1684.4

WOOL FUTURES

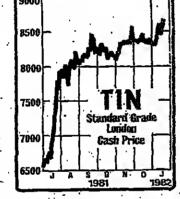
LONDON NEW ZEALAND CROSS-BREDS—Close im order: buyer, seller, bueinese). New Zealand cents per kg, Jan 374 seller, nil; March 367, 269, nil; May 375, 378, 277-276; Aug 389, 290, 291-299; Oct 392, 293, 391; Occ 299, 400, 299-297; Jan 400, 402, 400-399, 400, 409-297; Jan 400, 402, 400-

LONDON POTATO FUTURES—Further prolitating in early doding was short-lived, and the market lound tresh buying to close him at the higher reports. Chiey and Harper. Closing prices: Feb. 103.00, +4.00 (high 103.00 inw 99.501; April 132.50, -7.00 (high 132.50, low 124.70]; Nov. 69.40, +0.70 [high 69.40, low 69.001. Turnover: 974 (1,041) lots of 40 tonnes.

POTATOES



120p +3 121p 57p 59p 62p 57p 69p 810 294p kito f. Ungotted; (g) Madegasesi. (y) Jan/Feb. (v) Feb. (x) Feb-Merch. (x) Merch. Nominal. 3 Ghene cocces.



ment of the dispute the Irish

were exceptionally quiet. Cocoa

of cocoa in the 10th week of the

1981-82 maincrop season, ended January 21. That took cumla-

tive purchases to 177,150 tonnes

against 151,189 tonnes at the

same point last season.

each).

over £2 yesterday

period of 1980

India's suger production

during the final quarter of last

year rose to 1.8m tonnes against

1.39m in the corresponding

week ment of the dispute the Irish Cash zinc on the LME ended Lahour Court was ordered to

WEEKLY PRICE CHANGES

	. · · ·	100		2.0	
	Latest	,		198	1/82
· La Control (Alle English	prices	Ch'nga	Year		
	per tonne	on.		} -	l l
talia talia di mangantana di Santa di Mangantana di Mangantana di Mangantana di Mangantana di Mangantana di Ma	untees	week		High	Low
	stated			High	
3					<u> </u>
METALS					!
Alterrations	· £810/813	. —	£6111/815	£810/B13	E750/70
Aluminium Free Markets Co.	\$1100/1130		\$1445/475	\$1500/1680	\$10 16/046
Antimony					204401700
Antimony Free Market 99:58 Copper Cash High Grade	52400/2300	-50	\$5140/190	-01 007 E	10725
Copper Cash High Grade,	£850.5	-6.0	2705.70	£1,023.5 £1,052.76	2777 R
- 3 months Do. Do	. EGIL	-8 -8.75	£758	£1,025	£748.5
Cash Cathodes	£874	_8 3	£774.5	£1.045	£765.5
3 months Do	\$575	_1.5	\$552.5	£1,045 8601	\$378.3 2275.75
Gold DOL OZ	£343,3	+14			2275.75
3 months \$	£353,5	+11.25	£291 125	£499,5 ·	£285,25 ·
S (INDITION)	£3757.73		£5,2250c	£4,218.60	£2,013
Free Market o.l.f. lb	280/295c		975/29.57	890/310c	£265,25 £2,013 825,275c £202
Bletinum per oz	£260 ·	! —	£202-	£250.90	2202
Free Market per oz	£193,70	-0.1			
Quickstiver (76lbs)	. #305/403:	_15	\$370/380	\$488)438	\$353 555
- Silver and on	423.50p	+1.83	390,80p	671,20p 695,70p 68,687,5	412,80p
Silver per oz	437,050	+0.20	510,20p	695,70p	427,00p
The early	PR 687 5	± 108.3	£5,750	28,687.5	£5,700
3 months	£8,035 \$125,50	-50	£5,895	£8,557,5 \$148,08	E8,865.5
		-1.8	9145,90	3148,08	3120.00
Wolfram (22.04 lbl	\$128/152	+ 22.75 + 10			8120,123 \$306,5
Zinc cash	£435.8	+ 324.70	£515.5 £523.5	£585.5	£318,23
3 months		+16	5825		8823
Producers	g875/950	_			, i
				:	1
GRAINS	£108,45 z	-0.80	£102.80	£109.25	£94.40
Bariey Futures		1		l	
Maiza French	133,50	[→ `	£121	£135,50	E110.75
Allert and a section of the section	1			r .	ł
Ministry Continues	~ £112,52z	-0.85		£161 10	298.10
Hard Winter-Wheat	£117,50x		£103,50	£124	£102.0
SPICES				os ada	C3 900
Clower	£5,535y		£3,800 \$2,100	£6,000 \$2,150	£3,800 \$1,850
Dennar white	21,5103	25	\$1,650	\$1,550	\$1,225
man black	31,4509		- 41,000		
CILS	£550x	ا ــ ا	\$515 .	5640 ·	3520
Coopnut (Philippines)	\$705y	+55		· •	
Groundnut 5%	1	-	₽412	£460.	£400
Palm Malayan	\$507.52	-7.5	\$620	#645	8473
SEEDS		1		0470	\$335
Donra (Philippines)	5350	l _~=·	541e	\$430 £340	\$246
Soyabeane (U.S.)	\$268v	<u>3.5</u>	#311	E-194U	18640
		ı			
OTHER COMMODITIES	21,259	+14	£928 _	£1,41e	£850 .
Corpo Entres May	£1,198.5 £1,147.5 70,15c	+4	£868.3	£1,813 £1,167,5 101.15c	4788 0077 F
Cotton Index.	21.147.5	+1	£1025.5	E1,167,0	2738.3 57 90a
Cotton index	70,15c	+0.45		6680	£610
- Des Coconut	· £540]	£540 £219.		5268
Gas Oil Fut. Feb	¥898.75	_1e,25	2519.		£219
Jute: LI ABW C grade	£286y	_a_ (55.5p		49p
Rubber Rio	60p	+1.25	£197	2232	£197 ·
2890 Fear	£225y	i	£197 \$780		\$640
Sisal No. 51	#640y		£255	£316 .	£148
Sugar (Raw)	£187yz	+1	£807 ·	£235	£207
Taploca No. 1	£225y			140p	1170
Tea (quality) his	120p	+3	- 25h .	E7.	500

BANKS, DISCOUNT (794)
| exanders (E1) 238 | Ordered (E1) 238 | Arian Electrical 22 (15.11 | Artifolia Motor 66 | Armstrong Equio. (100) 25 | A Alexanders (£1) 238 Alexanders 85, Nederlang HV (F1190) 69 170 1 2 Nown Scotin 15C): 10- (10 t) % Septiand 151 (476 60 2 3 5 6 90: 20 2 43 35 5 7: Jarchys Bk (51) 447 4 54 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 From Shipky Hides: (51) 253 Janadina Imperial Bk Commarca (5C2t 11 Later Alien Midgs. (£1) 290 harterhoose Gro. 65 72 3 :- 4 1: 5 Griedius's Hidgs, 200 2 3 ½ 2
Guinness Peat Go, 75 7 8: 8 80: 80 3: Hambros (53): 150: 2 3 ½ 7 9
HBI Samus) Go, 147: 6 9 50: 1
Noce Road Shanohri 8kg (5H2.50): 1350: 40 50: 60 1220 3 ½; 4 5 6
Jessel Torobee 58 ½: 9
Joseoh IL.) Hidgs (51): 230
King Shanspin (200): 88: #10 1:
Klemwort Benson Lonsdale 223 ; 4: £
Librus Sanhi (51): 428: 30: 2 3: 4: 5
Librus Sanhi (51): 428: 30: 2 3: 4: 5
Librus Sanhi (51): 428: 30: 2 3: 4: 5
Mercury Secs. 20: 8: 10
Midland Sank 537: 6: 9: 40: 1: 2 3: 4: 5
Minater Assets 74: Morgane (1: P.): 22.5P1 27: (18:1)
National Bank of Australasia (A): 153

SPEC 27. 3: 0 "cr is 9 1:
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SPEC 1876. (100) 8: 9 076. (100) 148
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Blazkwood Hodge Z4:; 5 1:
Blazden and Hooker 105 7 (20 11)
Blaz Cricia Industries (£1) 525 4 5 6 6
Blastic Bros. 25
Blastic Bros. 25
Blastic Bros. 25
Bright Permoblare 01
Bondotel Intil. 55 7
Boldeote Intil. 50 7
Boldeo

Ommail (C. 0.) 108 (191)

Grammer (M.) Co. (2001 '32 '201)

Ornmon (M.) E1) 37'; 8

81-texts (193) 25 6

61-texts (193) 25 6

61-texts (193) 26

61-texts (193) 27

81-text (193) 27

304p

133p 459p

193p

141p

384p

- |142p

19

oden and Hoakes 105 7 (20 11)

Jordan (M. 1 10 A. P. 200 3 Sulmer - M. P.) Hidps 200 3 Sulmer - M. P.) Hidps 200 3 Sulmer - M. Sons (Hidps - 1 52 6 119 1) Clark - M. Sons (Hidps - 1 52 6 119 1) Cavenorita' Stawery (Hidps) 121

COMMERCIAL (9.141)

Ctids. (c) Ctids. (c) Ctids. (c)

Card Sec. Ici, Land Sec. Ici, Land Sec. Ici, Land Sec. Ici, Mks & Sp. Co; Mks & Sp. Co; Mks. & Sp. Co; Shell (c) Shell (c) Shell (p) Shell (p)

February

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

Jan. 22 Yotal Contracts 3,013. Calis 2,334. Puts 481.

Spoaks Whison Group (IPED.20) 1720 2 12P 1) Srown and Jockson (20p) 24 4 7 Brown and Tawke 1410 2 Brown and Tawke 1410 2 Brown (1) 10h 155 0 1 7 81 8 10 0 Brown (N) 10h 155 0 100 1 Brown (N) 10h 1200 100 1 Brown (M) 10h 1200 100 1

Ln 87 Durroubhs Machines 3/accln, 69:- 115 1) 5::Bcln, 69:: 116 1) Byrion Group 1500) 137 a g 40: 40 :::. Wis IoSub, 54 5 8 Buttarietd-Harvey 23 1::..

Cannon (200) 500. A NV (200) 38
Canaro (ndus. 32 (201)
Capc lodus. 773
Capcer-Naul | 10ol 80
Cnoseals (5pl 35
Carros (spl 85) 22:
Carclo Engineering Gross 68
Carcle (100) 22:
Carcros (100) 22:
Carros (100) 22:
Carros (100) 22:
Carros (100) 32:
Casten (100) 33:
Ca

Celestion Indius. (200) 16 b; Celtic Haven 150 1114 b; 2 Cember Readstripne Hidgs. IIrE0.25) 85% 5 17 7 Canfres and Sheerwood (5p) 14 b; Cantroway (50p) 120 (181) Centreway (50p) 26 (201) Centreway (50p) 26 (201) Centreway (50p) 26 (201) Centreway (50p) 26 (50p) 27 (50

Comfort Hotels Internti, 110e) 1644 7 16 6: 6
C Parputer & Systems Engs. (20e) 213 2
6 7. How 213 7 5
Concantric (10e) 42
Concead Rotafes (10p) 65
Cpn-er Internti, T5 5 (20 1)
Cohtianosa Stationery (10p) 26 7 (20;11)
Cook (W) Sans (Sheft.) (20e) 1813 71;
Cooper Jnds. (10p) 113
Cooper Jnds. (10p) 113
Cooper Jnds. (10p) 113
Cooper Jnds. (10p) 123
Cooper Jnds. (10p) 13
Cooper Jnds. (10p) 14
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INVESTMENT TRUSTS (428)
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LOCAL AUTHORITY BOND TABLE

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FT UNIT TRUST INFORMATION SERVICE

RULE 163 (1) (e) Bargains marked in securities which are quoted or listed on an Overseas Stock Exchange.

Laspaid Joseph & Sons (Guerney)

Figuracial Times Saturday January 23 1982

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MONEY MARKETS London clearing bank hase

days) at 14 per cent, film of local authority bills at 13f per cent and film of Treasury bills

THE POUND SPOT

Jan 22	Day's	Close .	One month	9.0.	Three months	.0.
U.S.	1.8860-1.881D	1.8725-1.8735	0.12-0.02c om	0.45	0.18-0.20dia	
Canada	2.2270-2:2410	2.2345-2.2356	0.03com-0.07d/s	~0.11	0.35-0.50dis	-0.
Neihlad.	4.71-4.75	4.73-4.74	1 1-1 c pm	4.12	43-43 om	3.
8sigium	73:00-73.00 .	73.45-73.55	10-30c die .	-3.26	100-120 dis	~5 .
Denmark		14.14-14.15	13-14018 pm		3-2 dis	-0.
Ireland	1.2195-1.2280	1.2245-1.2265	0 28-0.39p dia		1.13-1.29dis	-3.
W. Ger.	4.291-4.331	4.314-4.324	17-13pf pm		41,-4 om	2.
Portugal	120.50-125.50	124,80-125,10	35-160c dta		-130-410 dis	-a.
Spain	184.25-185.50	184.60-184.80	15-30c die		80-105 dis ·	-2
liely	2,308-2,319	2,315-2,317	13-18 lire dis .		451-481, die	-8.
Norway	10.95-11.04	10.981-11.001	1%-1 yors pre		2-'c om	0.
Frence	10.83-11.01	10,991-11.001	1-11-c dis		31.41. dia	-1.
Swaden	-10.50-10.58	10.521-10.5312	21a-17pore pm		5-4° om.	. 1.
Japan	420-428	4241-4257	3.10-2.80y pm		8.30-8.00 on	
Austrie	30.15-30.35	30.20-30.25	151, 81,grp pm		38-28 pm	4.
Switz.	3,4412-3.4812	3.464-3.473	21-13c pm		53-43 000	5.

	One month	S	Three months	· 0.0.	-
•	0.12-0.02c pm		0.18-0.20dia	-0.32	
	0.03cgm-0.07dis		0.35-0.50dis	-0.7B	000
	1 -1 -1 c pm		4%-4% om	3.80	
	10-30c die .	-3,26	100-120 dis	~5.9 9	Ä
	13-14078 pm	0.84	2-2 dis	-0.35	•
	0 28-0.39p dis		1.13-1.29dis	-3.95	
•	1%-1%pf pm		41,-4 om	2.93	
	35-160e dta		130-410 dis	-a.84	K
			80-105 dis	-2.00	.,
	13-18 lire dis .		4512-4812 die	-8.12	•
•	17 11 110 015 .	1.31	2-7c om	0.52	
ı	1'4-1'yore pre			-1.32	h
ı	1e-11ec dis	-0.82	31.41 dia		h
•	214-17pore pm		5-4% om.	. 1.73	X
	3.10-2.80y pm		8.30-8.00 pm	7.67	٠.٧
	151, 81 grp pm		38-28 pm	4.37	F
	23-13c pm	8,48	53-4's om	5.90	1
			02 25 02 25		1

Six-month forward dollar 0.80-0.90c die, 12-month 1,55-1.75c die,

On any Stock Exchange. Adhams 2 510.10 20 (15/11 Alliance Bids 500 13/14/06 Books 599.542 Ann Street Brewery 305 (19/1) Banpled (Georgel 550 (15/1)) Border TV A N-V 20 20 (18/1) Bornough (Jenes) 115 (19/1) Camnon Si lewest 6 (18/1) Cannon Si lewest 7 (20/1) Canninghams, T. W. Thwakes 4/20 Pf. 98 9 (20/1) Dalbertie-Pinance 12 1/16 3 (18/1) Berkelley Exploration and Production 360 2 3 5 7 Cambridge Fetroleum Royalties 265 is 7 Candacca Resourcs: 202 2 4 5 Celtic Basin Ob Exploration 100 11s Cesik Oil Exploration 100 11s Kennar Petroleum 35 115/11 Stepa Romana (Artish' 80 5 (Ay permission of the Stock Exchange Council) EXCHANGES AND BULLION

Starling was waakar against The dollar was slightly firmar. most major curreocias yester day following a half point cut in UK clearing banks base rates.

The total was specified a small increase in Euro-dollar rates. However there was considerable uncertainty as to bow U.S. rates don. On Bank of England to 109.3.

RULE 163 (2) (a) Applications granted for specific bargains in securities not listed on any Stock Exchange.

in UK clearing banks' basa rates. The pound fimished above its worst level of the day however with the level of trading at stypical lnw level ahead of the weekend. Against the dollar sterling upened at \$1.8775 and touched a best level of \$1.8810 in the morning bafore slipping to a lnw of \$1.8660. By mid aflernoon it had recovered to \$1.8725 and closed at \$1.8725-1.8735, a fall of \$0 points from Thursday, On Bank of England Thursday's closiog level to Looweighted index rose from 108.9 weighted index rose from 108.9

De Gruch (Abraham) New 140 (15/11
ESI 00
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RULE 163 (3)

Dealings for approved companies engaged solely in mineral exploration

Gold fall \$2; an outica in quiet trading to close at \$3741-\$375**}**.

GOLD

	Gold	Buillon (fine ou	Incel	
Opening	377,76	(£2001;-201) (£2001;-201) (£201.714) (£201,232)	\$3774-3784 \$573,376 \$373,23 \$376	(£200.1-200.6 (£198.7-192.2) (£198.703) (£129.138)
	· . Gold	Coins .		
1/2 Krugerrand 1/4 Krugerrand 1/10 Krugerrand Mapleleaf New Sovereigns. King Sovereigns. Victoria Sove French 20.s	2386.387 2194.200 2510112.10212 254112-4212 2537.398 2921-8232 210512-10612 2500-100 2464.468 2565.368 2500-505	(220614-20634), L210614-10834, L210614-10834, L28414-2234, L28414-2234, L2864-2674, L2864-2676, L2864-2676, L286-2676, L286-2664, L286-2674, L2	55881: -5881: \$2001: 2003: \$102-103 \$423: 453: \$3881:-3801: 8821:-85 \$105-106 \$60-100 \$468-472 \$368-371 \$500-605	(£806 14 - 2065), (£1061 4 - 1061), (£5414-543), (£223-, £31), (£2063-, £071), (£49-48 14), (£553-, 5614), (£473-, £30), (£4814-25012, (£1961-, 197), (£2653-, £68)

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES

& months U.S. dollars

bid 149/15 | offer 14 11/18

Jan. 22	PoundSterling	U.S. Dollar	Deutschem's	Japan'seYen	FranchFranc	Swiss Franc	Dutch Gund'	Italianura	Canedia Pollar	Belgian Fran
Pound Starling	0.554	1.873	4.525 2,308	424.0 226.8	11,00 8,878	8,475 1,854	4,755 2,328	2516. 1257,	2,255 1,193	75,50 39,84
Deutschemark	0.231	0.453	10,17	98.32	2.543	0.803	1.095	55 5 .8	0,517	17.00
Japanese Yen 1,000	2.358	4,407		1000,	85,88	8.171	11.14	5448,	. 6,258	172,9
French Franc 10	0,909	1,703	3,930	· 386.4	10,	5,167	4,305	2105,	2,052	66.82
Swiss Franc	0,288	0,638	1,245	188.4	3.168	1,	1,564	667.0	0,644	21,17
Dutch Gullder	. 0,211 0,488	0,586 0,808	0,915 1,866	89.76 183.5	2,325 · 4,750	0.733 1.4aa	2.044	- 488.1 1000,	0,07a 0,865	15.52 81.74
Canadian Dollar	0,447	0,838	1,834	180,2	4,922	1,554	2,119	1036.	3.041	\$2,89
Belgian Franc 100	1,561	2,548	5,881	678.2	14,97	4,724	5,442	\$151.		100.

EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES (Market closing Rates)

Jag. 22	Starling	U.S. Dollar	Canadian	Dutch Guilder	Swins Franc	West Germen Mark	French Franc	Italian Lira	Beigian Franc	
Short term	141g-145g 145g-147g 141g-145g	186:187s 183:14 187:141s	13-14 15-14 14-144	97g-111 87g-10 91g-10	812-7 17-1717 812-814	9 % 9)- 9;; 9;i 10-10;g	14%-15% ;054-15% 14%-15%	18-20 1817-2017 2117-2218	15-17 13-12 16 g-18 g	554-578 61#-814 6-4-6-4
Three months	1412-1458 1412-1458 1412-1458	145a.141a 16 4.15 4 15 4.15 4	147a 151a 155a 16 16 164a	10-101g 101g-1014 1014-305g	812-85a 873-874 812-814	1014-10-1 1014-1014 1016-1014	154 153 36 164 17-1715	2236-25 23 4-24 2512-2412	1814-2014 1934-2034 1834-1935	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

SDR linked deposits: one month 122-122-per cent; three months 1212-1313-per cent: six months 1312-1313-per cent, one year 1312-131-per cent.

ECU linked deposits: one month 132-132-per cent; three months 132-142-per cent; cix months 1412-131-per cent; one year 1412-131-per cent.

Asian 5 (closing lates in Singapore): one month 1312-142-per cent; three months 1412-143-per cent; six months 1512-152-per cent; one year 1412-151-per cent; one year 1412-151-per cent; three years 1412-151-per cent; one year 1512-162-per cent; one year 1512-162-per cent; one year 1512-162-per cent; six months 15.05-15.15 per cent; one year 15.30-15.40 per cent.

FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING (11.00 a.m. JANUARY 22)

6 months U.S. dollars

bld 16 5/18

LONDON	MONE	RATE	5 · ·			•				
Jan. 32 1982	Sterling Cartilicate of deposit	Interbank	Local Authority deposits	Local Auth. nagotlable bonds		Company;		Tressury	Eligible Bank Bills &	Fine Trada Bills o
Overnight		1n.18	14 1-16 .141s-143s	=	=	1429-1478:	14-1412	=	-	• =
7 days or	! =	144-15	145-1454	=	- - -	1434-13 . 15	3-144	Ξ:		-=
Two months Three months	1412.143	14 % 14 % 1458 1488 14 % 14 %	141z	155-25 1614-1474 1314-1434	14-8 14-8 14-8	143, 12	5g. 157g	13/4-14 1376-15/4	14 13;2 18;2 1834	145e 145e
		14 4.144	1412	144.14	1412				1812	14 4

offer 157/18

Local pulborities and finence houses eaven days' notice, others seven days fixed, Long-term local subhority mortgags rates nominelly three years 144-147, per cent; four years 144-147, per cent; five years 144-147, per cent. © Sank bill relet in table are buying rates for onime gaper. Suying rates for four-month bank bills 133-132, per cent; four months trade bills 139 per cent.

Approximeta solling rate for one month Treasury bills 1333-134, per cent; two months 133-1333, per cent; three months 1333-1333, per cent. One months 1334-1333, per cent; two months 1334-1333, per cent; two months 1342, per cent; one months 1442 per cent.

Finance Houses Sase Rates (published by the Finence Houses Association) 1542 per cent; from January 1 1982.

Craft and three months (32 per cent una month)

142 per cent.

Finance Houses Sase Rates (published by the Finance Houses Association) 152 per cent from January 1 1982.

Clearing Bank Rappele Rates for sums at seven days notice 112 per cent. Clearing Bank Rates for landing 14 per cent.

Treasury Sills: Average tender terms of discount 15.5169 per cent.

The fixing rates are the erithmetic means, rounded to the assess one-sixteenth of the bid and offered rates for \$10m quoted by the market to five reference bank

at 11 am each working day. The banks are National Westmineter Bank, Bank of

Tokyo, Dautsche Bank, Sanque Netionele de Paris and Morgan Guaranty Trust.

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS

Morgan Guaranty Changes

-33.0

Stenishes provided by

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES

	ECU . central rates	emounts against ECU January 22	% change from central rate	% change adjusted for divergence	Divergence
Beiglen Franc	40.7572	41.5617 -	+1.97	+1.11	+1.5368
Danish Krone	7.91117	7.99976	+1.08	+0.22	+1.6412
Germen 'O-Merk	2,40359	· 2.44204	+1.33	+11.47	+1.1077
French Frenc	5.17443	5.21068	+0.59	-11.27	+1.3733
Outch Guilder	2.66382	2,67565	+0.44	-0.42	± 1.5063
	0.684452	D.692962	+1.24	+0.38	+1.6688
trich Punt	1300,67	1309.71	+0.70	+0.59	±4.1228

Sterling/ECU rate for Jenuery 22 0.58888

Jan. 82	E	8		£ Note Rates
Argentina Peso	18,528 18,618	a,900 9,9501	Austria	30.10-30.40
Australia Dollas.	1 6850 1 6870	0.9015-0.9020	Belgium	. 82-B3
Brazil Cruzeiro		151.55-158.88	Denmark	14.02.14.17
Finland Markka.		4.0150-4.4170	France	10.91-11.01
Grack Brachme.	109,581-112,695	39.00 59.11	Oern any	4.88 4.4.584
Hong Kone Dolla	11189 11191	5,8186.5,8225	Italy	2360-2410
ran Rial	130,60'	80.00	Japan	474 470
KuwaitDinar(KD	0.529 0.335	U.0034 U.2337	Netherlande	470474
Lukembourg Fr	75.43.73.55			10.84-11.04
Melevsia Dollar	4.2330.4 8050			124-158
SEUDI AIRD, KIVA	1 4.33.5.43	' 5 G 185 Z G910 '	9	18512-18512
				10,48-10.58
Sth. African Rang	11 8185 1 8205	T 0710 T 0770	United States	3,44 3,48
U.A.E. Olmam :	5.86.5.22	5 6716 x 6776	Yugosievia	1,86-1.88
Caral City Marin In	. 0,00-0,02	0.0114-3,6183	TUGOSIEVIA	90.96

† Now one rate. * Selling rete.

OTHER CURRENCIES

U.K.	CON	VERTIE	BLE	STO	CKS	22/1/	82
							Con-

										DATASTREAM		
Name and description	Size . (£m)	Current price	Terms*	Con- version dates	Flat vield	Red. yield	Current	nium† Range‡	Equ.§	Income Conv.		Current
British Land 12pc Cv. 2002	9.60	267.50	333.3	80-97	4.5	2.1	-3.3	-6 1n 4	30.9	87.4	20.4	+23.7
Hanson Trust 61pc Cv. 88-93	3.92	158.50	57.1	76-83	4.2		⊱-3.7		8.2	6.2	~ 1.2	+. 2.5
Hanson Trust 9 pc Cv. 01-06	42.70	108.00	35.7	85-01	9.4	9.3	5.0	2to 13	83.2	76.7	- 6.3	-11.3
Slough Estates 10pc Cv. 87-90	. 5.31	221.50	187.5	78-85	4.5	:,	-7.0	-7 to -1	26.8	24.9	·- 0.8	+ 6.2
Slough Estates Spc Cv. 91-94	24.88	104.00	78.0	80-91	7.7	7,5	5.0	5 to 14	28.4	44.2	15.9	+ 10.9

*Number of ordinary shares into which £100 nominal of convertible stock is convertible. † The extra cost of investment in convertible pagronaed as per cent of the cost of the equity in the convertible stock. † Three-month range. § Income on number of ordinary shares into which £100 nominal of convertible stock is convertible. This income, expressed in pence, is summed from gresser time until income on ordinary shares is greater than income on £100 nominal of convertible or the linear convertible. Income is summed until conversion and gresser time and its greater than income of £100 nominal of convertible loss income of the underlying equity. Or the difference between the ordinary and income difference expressed as per cent of the underlying equity. The difference between the ordinary and income difference expressed as per cent of the value of underlying equity. + is an indication of relative decrease.

† Second data is assumed date of conversion. This is not precisely the least date of conversion. This is not necessarily the lest date of conversion.

	OFFSHOR		S.E. Element Different S.A. 9. Avenue de la Liberte, Lamenbourg Landon Apanti; FFS, Seidstany; Vice, London 1 EC2M STA, Tel. 01/120 0776 Telez 86728	Leopaid Joseph & Sons (Georgicey) Hirsel Ct., St. Peter Port, Guernsey. 0483-26448. Mail L.J. Sterling Fund(24.30 14.31)	Save & Prosper International Dealing to P.O. Bay 73, St. Heller, Jersey 0554 73933
دشه	OVERSE/	15	Europe-Obligations USS94.95 [+0.03] Europe-Obligations USS94.95 [+0.03]	Elve & Charges Many	Penne Indurent Punds Deptheterment Bel - 5 70 Disc Find No. 5 70 Disc Find Let - 5 10557 15 76 1 1057
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93	P.O. Box 157, St. Peter Port, total Man. Fd. 1227.0	27.0 1	Next stating thy Pol. 3. IEF Management Services Inc., Ja Repterers, P.O. Box 1044, Coyoun Is., SW. Johanni, Golf Fairl	O.O. Box 194, St. Helter, Jersey. 053427441.	S. C. Warburg & Co. Ltd. 30, Greslam Street, Etz. 01-600 655 Danny Inc., Jac. 21 USS32 25 1-42-4 1-42-4 Rent Entrit Jan 20 (1932 25 12-3) 4.61
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	it Replanded Date	3.92[+0.29] —	evicta levestment Management	Richmand Life Ass. Ltd. 4 HH Street, Douglas, L.D. M. 10524 23914 1 The Sheet Trist	Its, Bookward Royal, Lowenboorg Wardonie Sch FG USSIZ IS -0.011 Ice, Adv.: M. & S. Im. Mog., Ltd., Louise. When Commodity Hamagement Ltd. IS, S. Germin S., Doglas Infl. IS, S. Germin S., Doglas Infl.
	Drayfing Intercontinued I P.A. Bug 183712 Hasson, Sale NAV Jun 29 1837132	Principle of the Paris of the P	Next dealing Jan. 25.	Starting Deports Sd 13.25	West Created Tel: (Riff FLA 424
	Duntan Lawrie het. Mgt. Victory No. 32 Peter Port, Ger DE Sterling. 151.07	32m +03 470 4	Jardine Fleming & Co. Ltd. 16th Floor, Consumpte Centre, Hong Kong L.F. Japan Tst	9 Cole Trust	Chinese Four 173 25 6d 9,60 Precions Netted Four 155 4 175 Four 155 4 175 Four 155 Four 155 1 105 7 10
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391p, up 11, along with Lake and

Elllot, 3 to the good at 42p.

Camford, on the other haod.

eased a shade to 151p on the anoual loss and passing of the

Huntley and Palmer featured

Foods, jumping 16 tn 108p in

after hours dealings on strong

rumnurs of an imminent hid from Alited-Lyons, a fraction harder at 72p. United Biscuits put on 5 to 123p in sympathy.

Associated Dairies touched 156p

hefore closing a net 6 up at 152p; the interim results are due next

Wednesday. Argyll put on 4 to

100n following the agreed acquisition of the Pricerite chain

of supermarkets from BATs. Elsewhere, Albert Fisher attracted speculative support and

added 11 to 141p, while demand

in a thin market lifted Hillards

Among the firm miscellaneous

industrial leaders. Metal Box. 186p, and Glaxn. 484p, added 8 apiece, while BOC improved 7

further to 158p. Still reflecting

Heron bid for ACC

8 to 1540.

final dividend.

Industrial Ord.....

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES

nent Secs..... 64,16 63.95 63.65 163,61 62.95 62.37 59.02 Fixed Interest.......... 64,23, 64,08, 63,90, 65,58 63,29 68,96 70.67

Earnings, Yid. % (full) 2,56 9.67 9.73 9.73 9.93 9.96 17.77 P/E Ratio Inet)(*)....... 13,30 13.15 15.11 13.12 12.85 12.80 5.88

Equity turnover Em. - 182,37 140,48 153,35 107,69 100,73 129,87

2 pm 584.9, 3 pm 564.3,

High | Low

2asia 100 Govt. Secs. 15/10/26. Fixed Int. 1928.

HIGHS AND LOWS

High | Low-

Govt. Secs...(28/5/8) (28/18/81) (7/1/55) (3/1/75)

Fixed Int..... 72.01 61.61 150.4 50.53 129/6/81)(28/19/81) (28/17/47) (6/1/76)

NEW HIGHS AND

NEW HIGHS (85)
BRITTSH FUNDS (9)
Treas. 34pc '82
Excheq. 34pc '82
Excheq. 3pc '83
Treas. 3pc '35
Treas. 3pc '85
Excheq. 10pc '83
Excheq. 10pc '83
Excheq. 10pc '83

BANKS (2)

ELECTRICALS (6)
Farnell Elec.
Fireless Ferranti
MK Electric
ENGINEERING (13)
Thysical

FOODS (3)

Bell (A.) Do. 91:pcCnv Burtomeood

(59/4/81) | 14/1/81) (28/4/81) (28/6/48)

Gold Mines. 429.0 262.5 558.9 43.5 Equities. (14/5/81) (28/5/411/22/9/86) (28/10/21): Bargains.

1/7/35. Gold Mines 12/9/56. 8E Activity 1974. 10 am 567.8. 11 am 565.3. Noon 564.6. 1 pm 565.8.

627.2 659.1 545.8 645.9 584.7 581,6 455.7

272.0. 859.2 229.5 271.5 266.8 275.8 325.4 5,38 5,44 5,56 5.52 5,63 5,65 7.88

E5,611 20.164 18,500 20,687 19,116 14,886 17°725

- 16,777 16,341 16,009 14,015 10,918 18,027

S.E. ACTIVITY

Bargaina...

LOWS FOR 1981/2

225 4 255 8

Base rate cuts provide grand finale for markets responding strongly to interest rate euphoria

Account Deating Dates

Dealings tions Dealings Day Jan 11 Jan 21 Jan 22 Feh 1
Jan 25 Feh 11 Feh 12 Feh 22
Feh 15 Feh 25 Feh 26 Mar 8
"New time" dealings may take
place from 9.30 am two business days

The grand finale for a week which has seen Loodoo slock markets respond stroogly to mounting optimism of concerted UK/European moves in lower interest rates in the face of contradictory American trends was provided by yesterday's surprise cuts in UK clearing hacks hase rates. The tooc was still hunyant late yesterday with Gilt-edged securities extending this week's gains to around four points despite the anonincement of new Government funding at the

nfficial close. Leading shares continued to advance and the FT Industrial rise over the period to 35.6, or ner cent, when closing 8.1 up vesterday at 567.2, the highest since September 1 last and around 30 points off last April's all-time peak. The broader all-time peak. The broader-based FT-Actuaries All-share index pained 1.3 per cent more to 323.29 for a week's gain of

The flow of domestic and overseas funds into Government securities responsible for this week's upsurce slackened yesterday, but quotations refused to Periods of hesitancy arose because of new fuoding possibilities and profittaking. But following assessment of the proposed £750m issue of Index-linked 2! per ceot 2011, the treed after-hours was to index-linked stocks were excep-tions, falling some 11 phiots.

Exchequer 15 per cent 1997 ended at around 991, for a rise of over four points on the week. and other longs were being quoted about ! above closing list levels. The short, io the absence of a new tan stock, were a point up on the session and nearly three points higher over the five with the FT Covernment Securities index moving up 0.22 more to 64.15 for a week's rise of 1.78, or nearly 3 per cent.

Leading shares attracted a good early ousiness. A sharp opening mark-up failed in deter investors and values advanced across a broad front despite end-Account profit-taking and other selling. The tempo faded around nnon but revived again after 3.39 pm. when business is allowed without penalty for the three-week Account heginning on Monday, and the closing tone

The Declaration Dealings Day line in the highest store March 1979. ICI recorded 367 cells, with the April 300's again to the lan 25 Feb 11 Feb 12 Feb 22 Feb 24 Feb 25 Feb 26 Feb 27 Feb 27 Feb 27 Feb 27 Feb 28 Feb Lonrbo and Imps attracted 277 calls apiece, while renewed speculative support resulted in C54 calls taken out to P & O Differred.

Grass culting machinery con-gern Hayters, dealt in the Unlisted Securities Market, firmed 5 to 162n following the prejimioary results.

Hambro Life easier

profit-taktog Fnd-Account following publication of the group's 1951 ocw life business figures saw recently-firm Hambro Life touch 318p before a ciese of 14 down on balance at 321p; Hambros lost 9 in sympathy to 1460, after 1400 Elsewhere in Insurances, Royals adden 7 afresh to 3500 and Sun Alliance appreciated 14 more to \$50p.

Following the i per cent reduc-tions in their base lending rates to 14 per cent, the major clearing banks closed with gains ranging can's closed with gains rang-ing to 12. Lloyds but on that much to 450p and NatWest rese in to 415p. Elsewhere, Royat Bank of Sentland attracted renewed speculative support and finished a counte of pence beiter at 130n. Manson Finance continued firmly at 64p, up 3, and Wagon Finance put on a similar amount to 42p Specula-tive huying lifted Provident

Regional Breweries continued to make procress, bunyed by hopes of further takenver Maithew Brown, 178p, Wolver-hampton and Dudley, 218p, and Greene King, 298n, all added 6. while Home advanced 20 to 630p in a narrow market. Wines and Spirits also floished at the day's Arthur Bell added 4 to 158p, while Tomatin responded in recovery hopes and rose 3 to

The softening of interest rates gave an additional fillip to the Building sector. Blue Circle led the advance, rising 10 to 536p. while Redland camed 5 to 178n and BPB Industries 4 to 342p. RMC added 3 in 202p and Ruchy Portland Cement + to Sip. Contracting and Constructions had Wimpey 4 up at 101p and Barratt Developments 3 to the good at a 1981/82 peak of 237p. Taylor Wondrow rase 10 to 545p and Costain 7 to 254p.

Gussies up again

The volume of business in ICI Traded options finished a husy increased considerably and the half-year loss, eased 2 to 46p. Communications A closed 5 week with 3,015 deals completed close was a oet 8 up at 336p, after Brockhouse continued firmly at hetter at 78p but 7 below Heron



340p. Fisons firmed 5 to 16Sp.

Leading Stores finished the first leg of the Account on a firm note. Gussies A were again nuistanding and rose S for a gain on the week of 30 a 483p. W. H. Smith closed 6 to the good at 176p. Renewed takenver speculation primpted some useful rises among secondary counters Owen 10 to 212p and Martin Ford 2 to 27p. D-1-Y issues continued to make progress with A. G. Stanley adding 2 for a gain on the wek of 12 at 58p.

Leading Electricals ended the Account on a firm note. Plessey featured with a gain of 8 at 365p, after 370p, while Philips' Lamps put oo 17 tn 472p. Elsc-where. Standard Telephone and Cables gained 10 to 475p nn investment demand and Telephone Rentals appreciated S at Dreamland hardened a couple of peoce to 26p oo an investment recommendation, while talk of a broker's favourinvestment able circular was behind a rise of 3 to 90n in Crystalate. Against the trend, Louis Newmark slumped 65 for a two-day collapse of 100 tn 210p on the disappointing loterim statement.

Favourable Press mention stimulated fresh demand for Vickers, which advanced further to 176p before settling at 173p, up 6 on the day. John Brown talk of a dawn raid, Turner and hardeoed 1; to 59;, but GKN Newall rose 4 more to 106p, after ended 2 cheaper at 180p, after 109p. Rank Organisation, how-184p. Outside of the Eogineering ever, cheapened 5 to 174p on leaders, APV advanced 9 more suggestions that the group might to 257p, while Whessee, 182p, annunce a sizeable rights issue and Pegier-Rattersley, 192p, with Monday's preliminary gained 6 apiece. United Engineer- figures. Pilkington lost 7 to 2937 ing encountered fresh support on the adverse tax ruling but and put on 5 further to 277p, still recorded 8 gain of 33 on but W. G. Allen, reflecting the the week. Elsewhere, Associated

in response to the interim results. while investment huying prompted gains of 13 and 14 respectively in Sidlaw Industries, 268p, and BTR, 356p. Sketchley found renewed support at 302p, un 9, while Barget appreciated S to 163p. E. Fogarty lost 6 to 72p on the profits warning and

proposed factory closures.
Relief that the company has retained the Tory advertising account lifted Saatchi and Sattchi 8 to 365p. John Waddington rose 8 tn 102p in a thin market, while Associated Paper, still bolstered by the annual results, added 3 for a two-day gain of 8 to 55p.

The base rate cuts prompted active trading and renewed firm-ness in Properties. Land Securities closed 9 up around the day's hest level of 309p, while MEPC, ex the rights issue, gained 7 to 223p; the new nil-paid shares opened at 33p premium and touched 38p premium before closing at 36p premium. Hask-mere Estates were noteworthy for a gain of 12 at 388p.

Oils trade quietly

Oils again failed to attract much attention, but traded on a relatively steady note. British Petroleum opened higher at 306n and fluctuated narrowly before closing 4 dearer on the day at Brooke Bond, a neglected market of tate, gained 4 to 54p, but Tate 304p, while Shell closed similarly and Lyle, after a two-day rise better at 384p. after 386p. NCC. of 10 on the annual results, eased a good market earlier in the 2 to 218p on profit-taking. week, gave up 7 to 105p.

Incheape continued to attract good support in front of next Thursday's interim statement and closed 10 dearer at 320p. Fresh interest was shown in

the Shipping sector, with P and O Deferred closing 4 in the good at 144p after a brisk trade. Trusts made further headway and closing gains were sometimes substantial. Dualvest Capital moved up 17 in 101p and Grouj Investors 10 to 101p. Among Financials, revived higher at 187p. while money revived

Textiles. Stirling were particularly good, rising 7 to 55p. following the increased interim profits and dividend. Speculative support left Textured Jersey 7 up at 92p, while Leeds and

brokers were featured by a gain

Corporation's cash counter-hid, drilling venture in the U.S. and Dom Holdings added 6 to 65p firmed 2 more to 82p. firmed 2 more to 82p.

the close of the week and the December quarter reporting season with a show of strength. Aiding the good performance were the well received dividend declarations from Vaal Reefs, Southvaal and Western Deep. A firm trend in overnight American markets, the good news on the dividend front and a rise in the Rand rate prompted an immediate mark-up of share

Thereafter, sustained buying interest, mainly from Johannes ourg, encouraged further good gains which were only marginally

priced stocks. Blyvoor were prominent and finally 31 ahead at 494p while Stilfentein rose 34 to 668p and Kinross 30 to 548p. South African Financials

50 to 950p. Angla American Corporation 22 to 630p and De Beers 11 to 352p. "Amgold" rallled to £351 but lost a net £21 on the week after widespread rumours that a large line of shares was overhanging the market.

Financials London inhibited by the uncertainty surrounding base metal markets. Glass Glover Same Houtley & Palmer INDUSTRIALS (20) Pritchard Services but usually managed minor gains following another honyant per-formance by UK-equities. BTZ and Gold Fields improved 5 458p and

Australians tended to ignore the overnight gains in domestic markets and closed showing little change. Elsewhere, Tins were featured by Pangkalen, 15 up.at a 1981-82 high of 345p, for a week's rise of 35, on persistent

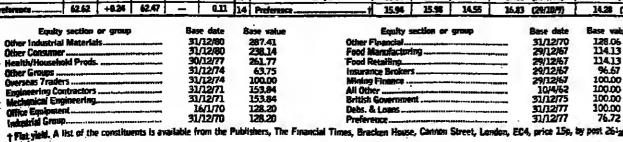
District Dyers continued to oraw week's rise of streogth from the planned gas hid speculation. RISES AND FALIS Yesterday On the week EADERS AND LAGGARDS

FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES

January 21, 1982. These indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times, the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

EQUITY GRO	UPS	F	ri Ja	n 22	198	2	Thurs Jan 21	Wed Jan 20	Tue Jan 19	Mon Jan 18	Year ago (America)	Highs and Lows Index				
& SUB-SECT! Figures in parentheses show of stocks per section	w number	ladex No.		Est. Earnings Yield % (Max.)	Gress Div. Yield % (ACT at 30%)	Est. P/E Ratio [#et]	index No.	index No.	Iralez No.	Index No.	Index No.					
1 CAPITAL GOOD 2 Building Material 3 Contracting Control 4 Electricals (30) 5 Engineering Control 6 Mechanical Engines 8 Metals and Metal Fon 9 Motors (21) 10 Other Industrial Mater 11 CONSUMER GROUP 12 Brewers and Distill 25 Food Manufactur 16 Food Retailing (1.1 27 Health and Househil Pr 17 Leisure (24) 33 Packaging and Pap 18 Control 18 Textiles (23) 18 Textiles (23) 19 Other Consumer (41 18 Office Equipment 42 Chemicals (1.6) 19 SEO SMASE IND 18 JUNE (1.3) 19 SEO SMASE IND 18 JUNE (1.3) 18 JUNE (1.3) 18 JUNE (1.3) 19 SEO SMASE IND 18 JUNE (1.3) 19 JUNE (1.3) 19 JUNE (1.3) 19 JUNE (1.3) 10 JUNE (1.3) 10 JUNE (1.3) 10 JUNE (1.3) 11 JUNE (1.3) 11 JUNE (1.3) 11 JUNE (1.3) 12 JUNE (1.3) 13 JUNE (1.3) 14 JUNE (1.3) 15 JUNE (1.3) 16 JUNE (1.3) 17 JUNE (1.3) 18 JUNE (1.3)	(4)	370,73 324,57 572,94 1262,40 517,79 1274,06 191,17 174,06 191,17 394,63 281,82 285,01 597,30 487,24 498,77 142,94 142,34 498,77 145,59 212,34 216,59 212,34 216,59	+0.7 ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ±	9,38 13,91 16,33 7,28 12,92 10,63 7,22 12,57 16,62 11,95 14,20 11,06 9,60 20,50 11,06 11,06 11,06 11,08 11,0	4.30 5.294 5.494 5.496 5.496 5.496 6.547 5.697 6.597 5.604 7.548 5.599 5.387 7.495 5.597 5.637 5	8.22 7.16 17.57 9.00 11.96 19.17 7.24 8.18 13.56 14.42 13.61 11.25 8.40 12.08 13.42 13.61 11.25 13.62 13.61 11.25 13.61 11.25 13.61 11.25	377.66 431.33 492.55 141.31 256.90 162.71 264.89 286.33 120.18 568.29 305.23 307.85 703.37	317.26 555.47 1239.99 508.98 194.67 169.36 96.61 97.12 271.37 271.57 377.15 369.26 421.13 407.37 137.97 251.54 407.37 137.97 251.54 161.60 263.67 242.69 330.55 119.34 559.19 330.25 67.93 334.89 273.00 243.67 243.67 345.89 181.25 191.30 181.25 191.30 191.	1253.84 509.79 195.52 188.53 98.14 375.46 573.91 36.46 573.91 36.46 573.91 403.92 138.37 403.92 138.30 139.66 275.62 262.46 262.46 262.46 262.46 274.69 274.	307.59 547.55 157.55 157.55 594.62 152.42 152.42 75.46 75.46 75.45 75.45 75.45 75.45 75.45 75.45 75.45 75.45 75.45 75.45 75.45 75.45 76.55	984.71 779.58 1613.81 94.67 283.52 283.54 283.55 281.12 467.25 289.87 281.38 28	380.39 (28/361) 380.39 (28/361) 134.34 (1/5/81) 132.45 (1/5/81) 1246.15 (28/361) 132.17 (22/182) 250.26 (24/361) 132.17 (1/5/81) 132.16 (1/5/81) 132.16 (1/5/81) 265.16 (1/6/6/81) 265.10 (22/182) 276.11 (1/4/8/81) 285.17 (22/1/82) 285.17 (22/1/82) 285.17 (22/1/82) 285.17 (22/1/82) 285.17 (22/1/82) 285.17 (22/1/82) 285.17 (22/1/82) 285.17 (22/1/82) 285.17 (22/1/82) 285.17 (22/1/82) 285.18 (22/1/82) 285.19 (22/1/82) 285.19 (22/1/82) 285.19 (22/1/82) 285.19 (22/1/82) 285.19 (22/1/82) 285.19 (22/1/82) 285.19 (22/1/82) 285.19 (22/1/82) 285.19 (22/1/82) 285.19 (22/1/82) 285.19 (22/1/82) 285.19 (22/1/82) 285.19 (22/1/82) 285.19 (22/1/82) 285.19 (22/1/82) 285.19 (22/1/82) 285.19 (22/1/82) 285.29 (22/1/82) 285.29 (22/1/82) 285.29 (22/1/82) 285.29 (22/1/82) 285.29 (22/1/82) 285.29 (22/1/82) 285.29 (22/1/82) 285.29 (22/1/82) 285.29 (22/1/82) 285.29 (22/1/82) 285.29 (22/1/82) 285.29 (22/1/82) 285.29 (22/1/82) 285.29 (22/1/82) 285.29 (22/1/82) 285.29 (22/1/82)	272.28 (15/181) 275.28 (13/181) 403.39 (3/181) 403.39 (3/181) 403.39 (3/181) 152.47 (15/181) 152.47 (15/181) 152.47 (15/181) 277.55 (15/181) 277.55 (15/181) 277.55 (15/181) 275.50 (14/181) 244.42 (15/181) 244.42 (15/181) 244.42 (15/181) 245.38 (14/181) 327.38 (14/181) 327.38 (14/181) 327.38 (14/181) 327.38 (14/181) 327.38 (14/181) 327.37 (15/181) 171.37 (25/181) 171.37 (25/181) 275.35 (13/181) 275.35 (13/181) 275.35 (13/181) 275.35 (13/181) 275.35 (13/181) 275.35 (13/181) 275.35 (13/181) 275.37 (25/181)	2%.18 (17/8/81) 325.16 (16/6/81) 285.01 (22/1/82) 391.74 (22/1/82) 391.74 (22/1/82) 476.41 (14/8/81) 526.15 (11/5/81) 161.79 (15/81) 270.06 (38/4/81) 235.72 (17/1/67) 331.14 (1/5/81) 240.06 (1/5/81) 240.06 (1/5/81) 240.06 (1/5/81) 240.06 (1/5/81) 315.22 (1/8/81) 315.22 (17/8/81)	9.7.1 (13/12/14) 44.27 (11/12/14) 44.27 (11/12/14) 71.48 (21/175) 45.43 (64/175) 45.43 (64/175) 45.43 (64/175) 45.43 (64/175) 45.43 (13/12/14) 46.47 (13/12/14) 46.47 (13/12/14) 46.47 (13/12/14) 46.48 (24/175) 45.48 (34/175) 45.48 (34/175) 45.48 (34/175) 45.49 (34/175) 45.49 (34/175) 45.49 (34/175) 45.49 (34/175) 45.49 (34/175) 45.49 (34/175) 45.49 (34/175) 45.49 (34/175) 45.49 (34/175) 45.49 (34/175) 45.49 (34/175) 45.49 (34/175) 45.49 (34/175) 45.49 (34/175) 45.49 (34/175) 45.49 (34/175) 45.49 (34/175) 45.49 (34/175) 45.49 (34/176) 45.49 (34/1776) 46.31 (34/1776) 46.31 (34/1776) 47.37 (46/1776) 47.37 (46/1776)	
94 ALL-SHARE INDI				=	5.71									338.64 (17/8/81)		

	FIXED INTEREST							AVERAGE GROSS REDEMPTION YIELDS	Jan 22	Thurs Jac 21	Year ago (approx.)	1961/62 Highs Lows		
_	PRICE INDICES	Fri Jan 22	Day's change %	Thurs Jan 21	nd adj. today	ud adj. 1982 to date	1 2 3	British Geverament Low 5 years	12.49 13.89 13.61	12.64 13.81 13.68	11.62 12.28 12.37	14.17 (26/1941) 14.49 (26/19/11) 14.53 (26/1941)	11.29 (20/3/81) 11.86 (29/3/81) 11.89 (6/1/41)	
1 2 3 4	1	107.69 101.64 104.13 112.90	+0.70 +0.66 +0.58 +0.49	104.94 101.17 163.53 112.35		1.07 1.23 8.24 8.69	45678910	Medium S years	15.39 15.43 14.81 15.33	15.59 15.46 14.90 15.54 15.66 15.23 13.20	13.35 13.85 13.64 13.36 14.08 13.86 21.50	16.30 (26/18/41) 16.45 (26/18/41) 15.90 (28/9/41) 16.62 (26/19/41) 16.59 (26/19/41) 16.92 (28/9/41) 14.92 (2/18/41)	12.91 (20/34) 13.92 (20/34) 13.93 (20/34) 12.93 (20/34) 12.93 (20/34) 13.54 (20/34) 13.55 (20/34) 13.55 (20/34)	
5	All Stacks	194.12	+0.50	103.53 80.28	 -	9.26	11 12 13	Bels & Lons 5 years	16.37	16.53 16.37 16.27	14.51 14.51 14.43	17.13 (27/10/81) 17.11 (28/9/81) 17.11 (28/9/81)	13.30 (21/3/81) 14.16 (29/3/81) 14.17 (29/3/81)	
7	Preference	62.62	+9.24	62.47		0.11	_	Professor t	15.94	15.98	14.55	16.83 (29/10/7)	14.28 (24/3/9)	



Percentage changes since December 31, 1981 based on Thursday,

	,			
Other Groups	+ + + + + 5.59 + + + + + 5.59 + + + + 5.59 + + + + 4 4.49 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	Other Industrial Mahadala 520 Share Index Mewspapers, Publishing Laleurs Capital Goods ALI-Share Index Insurance Brokers Servers and Oistillers Mechanical Engineering Insurance (Life) Office Equipment Electricale Francial Group Property Sanks Merchant Sanks Mining Finance Insurance Electricale Francial Group Property Sanks Mining Finance Electricale Finance Electr	+++++++++	2.73 2.57 2.54 2.00 1.99 1.79 0.50 0.22 0.78 1.79 0.20 0.78 4.78 5.41 5.41

RECENT ISSUES

EQUITIES

Issue Se Se 198	Stock	E - + or	d = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
P ES 3 EO High	1	8	TO E Y a z
100 F.P. — 98 8a F.P. 22/1 86 7 F.P. 2 - 335 80 F.P. 15/1 84 — F.P. — 10 58 t ₂ F.P. — 61 150 F.P. 4/1.165 F.P. — 55 1655.59 F.P. — 506 115 F.P. — 181 9: F.P. — 181 115 F.P. — 121	91- Asset Speial 10p	1 98 -1 55 +5 82	b4.2 2.6 8.2 2.3 2.5 2.0 4.1 10.2 bd5.1 2.1 5.4 12.6 8.18 1.0 5.1 — 18.13 \$ 15.0 \$ 5.0 \$ 5.0 \$ 5.0 \$ 5.0 \$ 6.13 5.8 10.0 5.0 \$ 6.13 5.8 10.0

FIXED INTEREST STOCKS

price	Amoun paid up	Ranund	1981/2 Highi Low	Stock	Oloeing price a	+ or
100 100 100 100 100 70	225 F.P. F.P. F.P. F.P. F.P.	85/9	94 86	Habitat 2/3 Conv. Uns. Ln. '98.2001. Hestemora Est Spc.Conv Uns.Ln. 2001/06 Nat wide Bdg. Society 1578 Bds.(2411/82) Co. 1912 Bds. /15/12/83. Dc. 16142 1171/85) Pennine Comm. 18pc.Conv.Uns.Ln. 1891 Bo. 1519 pc. Uns. 1989	104 94 109 991, 991, 1001, 58	+1 +8 +14
			"RIC	HTS" OFFERS		
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Isaue	riga: E data		no.	122	1/2	Stock	들으 다	+ or
Priga:			=	High ;	Low	alogk	Diosin Prios	
712 142 2.5A5 15 65 R.2. 25 120 44 188 25 60 cts	F.P. NIII NIII F.P. NII P. NI P.	1	28,1	178 22pm 5pm 51pm 51pm 41 54pm 53 38pm 32	155 50pm 1pm 50pm 32 52pm 48 50pm 36 105pm	Abwood Mach, 7 lpp	41	+12
								, , ,

South African Golds greeted

ernded by U.S. profit-taking in the after-hours' trade.

The Gold Mines index moved up 11.8 to 278.0, a 4.2 gain on the week, while the bullion price held steady around \$377 an

Top-quality heavyweight issues attracted the major portion of the South African buying interest the South African buying interest particularly Vaal Reefs, which advanced fil to £32, and Western Deep and Snuthvaal which rose I apiece to £161 and £15 respectively, all following the dividend declarations.

In the medium and lower

mirrored Golds. Gencor advanced

respectively.

THURSDAY'S ACTIVE STOCKS

No. of closing	APPENDED TO THE STATE OF THE ST	corded in SE Official Dist			•
No. of closing price Day's Day's Day's	Thursday's		Thursday's		
Stock Changes panel change Stock Changes pence changes Stock Stock	of .closing.	No. of			
Stock Changes panel change Stock Changes pence changes Stock Stock	ce - price Bay	Drice.			
irend Met 20 194 + 8 Land Sec 15 300 + 197 8k al Scot 20 128 + 4 Middland Bk 15 350 + 198 al Land Bk .	DAE Deuce - chang	Stock charges	panca change	tock changes	Stock
yl 8k ol Scot 20 128 + 4 Midland 8k 15 350 + 4 ucaa inde 19 236 + 8 Trafelgar Hse 15 107 + 16C	6 300 + 13	- Land Sec 10	194 . + B	nd Met 20	rend
EC	5 ~ 350 + 10	Midland Bk 15 -		8k of Scot 20	yi 8k
iEC	5 - 107 + 6	Trajelgar Hae 15	236 + 8	as inds 19	ucae i
edbroka 17 134 + 3 Courteulds 14 87 4 mr & Newil 18 102 + 7 Delta Gro 14 504 4	4. 39d 7D	BAT Inds 14.	832 + 7	18	EC .
mr & Newdi 18 102 + 7 Delta Gro 14, 504, 3	4 2	Courteulds 14		broka 17	edbrok
	50% + 3	Delta Gro 14	102 + 7	r & Newll 18	mr &
		Thom EMI 14	134 + 6	nm Union 15	mmo

	3-DAY ACTIVE STUCKS
١,	Bread on bargaine over the five-day period ending Thursday
	Thurs. Thurs.
4	No. of closing Change - No. of closing Chang
3	price price on price price on
7	Stock changes pence week Stock changes pence week
4	Ryl Bk of Scot 104 128 -T3 Rocal Elec
i i	GEC
3	ICI 82 328 +20 Euro Ferrisa 68 4 86 + 6
9	Shell Trans 77 380 . + 4 Thom EMI 63 448 + 8
žΙ	Cable & Wire 74. 238 +22 Courtevide 81 + 4
5 1	8AT Inda 73 390 +40 Eagle Star 61 331 +25
. 1	BT7 73 425 +10 Midden Br 95 -10

Account Dealing Dates *First Declara- Last Account Dealings tions Dealings Day Jan 25 Feb 11 Feb 12 Feb 22 Feb 15 Feb 25 Feb 26 Mar 8 Feb 15 Feb 25 Feb 26 Mar 8 "New time" deslings may take

Money was given for the call in Cosalt, Allied-Lyons, FNFC, British Land, Trident TV,

Grindlays Bank, Grootviel. Bank of Scotland, John Brown, Abroyd and Smithers, Ferranti, Weir, Unigate, Huntley and Palmer, John Laing A. MEI Furniture, Tubes, Town and City Properties and Keith Callins Petroleum. Puts were done in Associated Engineer ing. Keith Collins Petrolyum, Fidelity Radio and Turner and Newall. No doubles were reported.

E.4.

EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE Vol. Last Vol. Last Stock

GOLD C \$375; GOLD C \$495; GOLD C \$495; GOLD P \$575; GOLD P \$6926; 1834 NL 81 87-91	1 12.50 16 8.60 4 46.5	1 30 17 150 5 1 56	5 42 1 28 13 18 7 17.50	
C P.105 C F.107.50	65 850			F.187.60
12 NL 81 85-88	-4142.		62 9.10	L
C F.108,50	50 1 ·· 1 1	1 °/1	** * *	F.102.90
1034 NL 80 86-95 G F.92.50		والمقاوات أأسا	100	19
C F_97.50	00 0.70	35 1,60	80 2.50	_F,97,80
P F.95 P F.97,50	25 0.60	= = 1	100 1.80	
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AKZO C F.25	90 1.60 74 0.60	27 9	15 9.50 20 1.30	7:40:40
AKZO P F.22.50 AKZO P F.29	26 0.30 50 0.80	4 1,50 A	10 0.90	
AMRO C F.55 HEIN G F.45	5 7.80 8		()字())(字	F.81.60 *
HEIN G F.BO	25 5.90	= \\ \\ \	- 6, 0	F.59.80
HEIN P F.50	10 1.10		1	
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IBM G 560	45 41	= =	20 42	36214 · · ·
IBM P \$50 KLM C F.90	40 13 ₈ 35 6.60			F.87.20
KLM G F.100	51 2.80 90 1.90	7 3.20		F. 67
KLM P FRO	68 1.50 6 29 6 8	5 3.		21. 10
NEDL G F.130	5 14	5 0.50		
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		37 14.50 5 A.60		V.308.60 2
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TOTAL VOLUME IN CONTRACTS

the Scotch of a lifetime		——————————————————————————————————————
The second rotal methic	LOANS	
	1961-52 Stack Price + er	Yield rt. Red. 1 25
	64 571 Agric, Mt. 5pc 59-89 581, 1291, 231, Met. Wtr. 3pc 8' 251, 12	3.62 14.36 2 2.18 14.57 3 1.57 — 2
	9712 91 Do. without warms. 96 1 Financial	9.38 — 2 33 4.42 15.85 2
BRITISH FUNDS 1981-82 Price + 27 Yield Fight Law Stock E - Int. Find.	96 881, FFRUK Fajil-scht 80-2 96 +14 983-2 77 Do. 64-pcDb. 81-84 82 +12 93 874, Do. 10-pc Urs.Ln. 86 840, +12 92 78 Do. 10-pc Urs.Ln. 88 80 +13-31	5.84 14.80 11 7.72 14.71 54 7.76 14.90 47 2.51 16.10 27
"Shorts" (Lives up to Five Years)	942, 783, Da. 123-pc in. La 1992 8512 +1 12 640, 54 Do. 74,5c.Deb. 69-42 5512 +1 12	82 16.50 40 82 16.50 40 3.21 16.18
97. 98. Treas Vanable 827 97. 15.06 15.07 97. 93. Treasury 84.00 82 97. + 0.43 15.07 97. + 0.43 15.07	62 51½ Do. 7/acA0et. 71-94 5552+1 11 72½ 5992 Do. 9c A 91-94 6552+1 17 70 5652 Do. 8-act. 72-97 62 +½ 19 Building Societies	561 16.50 6.41 15.98 77 5.23 16.42
93's 84's (Each, 3pc 1985)	100% 98°2 4" mote 14%p:5d:11.8.82 99°12 +1% 12 100°2 98 Do. 14%p: 5d: 25.8.82 99°4 +1% 12	4.82 — 56 6.79 — 53 5.45 — 3
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254 785 Trekan Elect 84-0045 824 44 10-24 13-21	42 33 Do. toc 28 Stb. Ass. 42 77.40 35 30 Do 4pc Mased Ass. 35 2 52 35 Huma. 24 Ass. 33 23	17.40 25 15.73 34 18.33 17
Five to Fifteen Years	67 58 (celand 6 spr 83-83 58 64, 102 80 0c 14 spr 12 20 8 834 m + 4 144	17.40
814 714 Fundang biger 85-87# 76-1-4 0.63 13.28 645 645 Freezing Dec 1987 645 445 12.06 61 815 Freezing 74cc 25-63# 745-4 10.35 14.09	240 180 Japan 4pc 10 Ass 240	נונו
e5: 58-1 Francisco 75-88 62-5 475 11-45 522 79 Francisco 11-45 81-5 15-98 15-7	165 155 Peru Ass. 2007 161 5.22 964 792 Pet. Mx 14-3c Ob. 88 +4 14-19 579 575 Turn 9sc 1991 575 9 0M9G DM87 Turin 6-3gc 1994 . DM87 619	17.45 21 11.45 21 112.00 20 11.40 7
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99 524 Each 15st 1997 99 5 15.69 15.75 654 514 Treatmy 64st 95-824 1034 +1 15.69 15.75 11.42 945 Treat, 151-pt 784 1034 +1 15.69 15.88 654 745 Each 12st 1999 624 +1 14.95 15.31	24 13 ¹ ₂ Crown Zell. \$5 13 ¹ ₂ ml - ¹ ₂ \$2.3 935p 475p Danson Dil USSO.4 4756 21 ¹ ₂ 11 ¹ ₃ Exton Crp. \$0.50. 15 ¹ ₂ - ¹ ₂ 31.7	9.0 16
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21 16 Treasury 2120c 1854 +1 13.34 — 21 16 Treasury 2120c 1854 +1 13.92 —	314 1312 Pennzoll 21 at 142 \$2.21 19% 124 Ousder Cars USS5 172 +4 \$51.66 212 124 Rep. N.Y. Corp. \$5 . 182 \$1.40 544p 690p Rexmord \$5 721p 17 \$1.80	= \$4 £
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99% 9012 Finland 1413pg Ln 1986 94 +14 15.43 16.48 64% 87 Int. Benk 5pc 77/82 943 5.27 15.01 9713 37 30. 1313pg Ln 1986 93 +1 16.52 15.70 16.74 943 943 +1 17.12 17.41	627p 499p Simplicity Patt 508p +6 456c 27 16 Sperry Corp. \$50.50. 174 +14 \$1.72 254, 16 Sun Co. 10c 179-144 \$2.173 331 ₂ 26 TRW Inc. \$11 ₈ 261 ₂ +1 ₂ \$2.40	- 5.8 53 - 5.6 53
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26 21:2 0.3 2pc irred. 22% 15.79 — 1002 942 1.90. Carp. 134.pc 83 554 13.89 15.64 834 624	8750 6600 Bell Canada \$815. 8250 +14 \$1.96 11 6300 Bow Valley 7390 +2 15 154 9180 Brascang 9180 -46 5181 144 9700 Can. Imp. Bk. \$2 12 \$2.08 249 134 Can. Pacific \$5 16/2 +1 \$1.90 1	- 84 - 7.7 5.1 8
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974 974 Aust. 51-pc 81-82 9974 5.68 14.58 071-2 822 Do. 6pc 1961-83 864 +14 6.59 14.58 814 74 Do. 71-pc 1968-92 558 4 +4 12.61 15.36 814 74 Do. 71-pc 1968-92 7512 +14 19.62 15.62 141 115 S. Rhod. 21-pc Ron-Ass. 130 +2 163 43 Do. 31-pc 80-95 Aust. 63 557 10.40 143 26 Do. 31-pc 87-92 Aust. 13.64 20.40 1555 320 Zimtabur: Ann (£160pa) 340 +4 25.34	1200 350 Place Gas \$1	- 4.0 44 7.6 47 - 3.3 137 - 6.0 31 - 4.7 86
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Stanley A.G. 50
Stead. & Sim 'A' .
Steinberg 10p ..
Tern-Consulate.
Teme Prods. 10p ..
Tricoville 10p ..
Upton (E) 'A' ...
Vantora 20p ..
Walter (Jas.)
Do. N.V.
Waring & Gillow ..
Wearwell 5p ...
Wilkinsn Warbtu ..
Woolworth ... +2 | 623 +1 | 035 +1 | 002 -1 | 155 -1 | 105 +1 | 226 +2 | 621 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 | 403 -1 · 文法65%177.129%5125%5 *119446917-22144233628426786575642861526619481142391676727253127546155744937724928655641548115121222130 **ELECTRICALS** 123273438150044131 075510213014489601154233715285231556291209861068548865606877120

A.B. Electronic.

14. 66. Sc Brs 59

15-Air Sall

Anter Elect.

Audiotronic 10p

0a. 12pc Psp. Prel.

Audiotronic 10p

0a. 12pc Psp. Prel.

Audiotronic 10p

BLCC 50p

BSR 10p

THBaler Elec. 10p

Berec.

Bowthorpe 10p.

Budgin "A" 5p

Catle and Wriess 5p

Cocord Rata. 10p

Cray El Tronic 10p

Dearhurs "A" 10p

Downlag & M. 10p

Framel Elec. 20p

Ferranti 50p

Electronic Mach.

Electronic 10p

Framel Elec. 20p

Hambeis el 10p

Frighting Fin. 10p

Micronic 10p

Micronic 10p

Normand El 20p

Hambeis El 10p

Pressor 50p

Pressor 50p

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Telefrasion 5p

Telef

CHEMICALS, PLAST
98 AIM Colloid 10p 166 -2 12.73
90 Annchor Chem 80 12.33
30 Arrow Chemicals 44 -2 12.23
12.232 PASF AC DM50 53312 019%
12.207 Bayer AC DM 50 2277 +12 (221.88)
86 Bigglen Moates 11.0 6.9
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MACHINE TOOLS

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مكتامناتيمل

OIL AND GAS-Continued the Scotch of a lifetime MINES—Continued SHIPPING SHOES AND SOUTH AFRICANS 10 29 10 10 40 10 11 11 146 11 146 **TEXTILES** NEWSPAPERS, PUBLISHERS TOWNSONS OF THE PROPERTY OF TH | 一 體

FINANCIAL TIMES

Saturday January 23 1982

MAN IN THE NEWS

Scooping the beer account

BY MICHAEL THOMPSON-NOEL

HE IS USED to star billing, and the accountements of success. But his status as one of the shrewdest and most capable entrepreneurs British advertising has produced was confirmed ooce and for all this week when Peter Marsh, chairman of Allen Brady and Marsh, scooped the Guinness beer

Mr Marsh is perfectly at home with blue-chip clients and their glamorous accounts, of which ABM already has a sack-fall. But Grinness is the most gliterring prize there is.

The ABM success story is starting to rival that of the Saatchi brothers. Maurice and Charles, whose main London agency, Saatchi & Saatchi Gar-land Compton, is Britain's

But there would have no ABM if, right from the start. Mr Marsh and his partner, Rod



'There's no mogic lo:enge on Peter Marsh, chairman of Alien Brady and Marsb

Allen, had not displayed the tenacity that in later years were to reap such a rich harvest. For the company was almost strangled at birth.

It was launched in 1966, financed by the Cyrtl Lord carpel account. Two years later, Cyril Lord went broke, leaving Mr Marsh and his agency with

It buffed and it puffed and it paid the deht off. By early 1974, when Mr Marsh became chairman and

chief executive. ABM's hilling -the money it spends on behalf of its clients—was £12m, its most important being Wool-In 1979, it won the Midland

Baok account, the hank going out of its way to talk of ABM's grasp of market conditions, the depth of its research, and the relevance of its creative propo-

This marked the crossing of a

Rubicon, for in addition to a client list that already included Woolworth, Whitbread, Berger Paints, Cussons, Hanson Trust. International Stores, Provincial Building Society and Monlines.
ABM had now added one of the bluest of blue-chip accounts. Nor has ABM stopped run-ning. The agency was originally launched by three men and a girl. In 1979, when it recorded £20.5m in billing. its staff level was 18tt. In 1981. when hilling was £50.32m-making ABM the 9th higgest British

agency-the staff numbered The gain of Guinness takes ABM's projected anual hillings to more than £70m, which ranks it in the top five or six British agencies within calling distance the leaders of the trade-Saaichi, J. Walter Thompson (from whom Guinness was plucked), and D'Arcy-MacManus

and Masius. The reason for this spirited growth was ABM's unique ability to shuffle through the pack and deal itself aces. One by one, it lured in a succes sion of big-spending and prestigious accounts.

This remarkable growth has been presided over, and in large part generated by the will of one man. Mr Marsh is 0, an ex-actor, a man who derives the greatest pleasure from producing the sort of advertisements that sell brands and make money for his clients. In the cynical and incestuous world of advertising, he stands alone as a man who has comsometimes-outrageous levels of showmonship, which clients love, with a ferocious appetite for work and dedication to the interests of his

In August last year, when ABM won the £9m-£10m Milk account. Mr Marsh said he helieved in simple truths, like total singlemindedness and

magic lozenge on which to suck." He makes it all sound

U.S. inflation shows fall to 8.9% last year

U.S. INFLATION fell to S.9 per ceot fo the year to December 1981. This is the first time that the 12-mooth rate of inflation has been below 9 per cent since October 1978.

Seasonally-adjusted coosumer prices increased by only 0.4 per cent in December, compared with an increase of 0.5 per cent in November, and rises of about 1 per cent in the summer months.

These figures, released yester-day by the U.S. Bureau of Labour Statistics, confirm that the trend in U.S. ioflation is still

Along with the producer price index released last week, which showed wholesale inflation running at 7 per cent in the year to December 1981, they are being interpreted by the Administration as strong indicators that the anti-inflationary part of the Reagan economic programme is working.

In Wall Stret, however, a fail in consumer price inflation to the big jump in the money sup-brilling the big jump in the money sup-ply disclosed last week by the counted for some time and con-fed have taken markle inflation. cern is already growing that anti-inflationary policy may he statistics.

Croda chief:

Burmah bid

dangerous'

By Duncan Campbell-Smith

counter-charges yesterday brought to an end the phoney war between Burmah Oil and

specialised chemicals producer.

Sir Freddy Wood, Croda's

"dangerous financial

chairman, referred to Burmah

vortex" in his first formal letter

bid by the oil company.

to shareholders about the £78m

Reviewing Its turbulent past

-Burmah was rescued from

collapse by the Government in

1974-75 — be described as "scarcely credible" its new

70p cash bid.
Taking words used by Sir
Freddy, Mr Anderson said the

response was misleading, and amounted to "trenchant, frank

to a sweeping indictment of the

Burman group, its financial position, past and present

management and declared

double-barrelled response from

Crods. The company plans to

aonounce details of its own posi-

tloo on Monday, including a

dividend forecast and pre-tax

Croda's shares closed up 2p,

at 74p. Burmah closed down 1p.

Details, Page 22

Continued from Page I

Interest rates

The interest rates cuts by

several European central hanks

the meeting of major finance ministers in Paris last weekend

on the need to cut borrowing

costs. Foreign exchange dealers

worn, however, that unless U.S.

interest rates show signs of easing next week Europe's

unilateral action may come

There is a risk that high U.S.

rates may draw international funds out of European curren-

cies and spark further inflation-

cent Index-Linked 2011-is only

of index-linking in the March

Budget last year. The issue is payable as to £35 at the tender

next week, with the rest due

Continued from Page 1

The exchange rate favoured him with a swing from \$2.39 to the pound to \$1.8 in the

BOC financial year.

Mr Giordano, who spends about half his time in Britain.

was in the U.S. vesterday. BOC confirmed that under the homes

scheme his salary would be still higher next year if profits rose.

The average British full-time

New Earnings Survey.

BOC chief

depreciation

on March 16.

profits estimate for 1981.

The letter is largely devoted

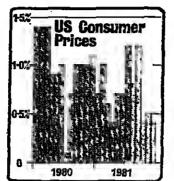
and forthright clap-trap."

International,

CHARGES and

FIERCE

December 18.



eopardised by the Administration's difficulties in controlling the Budget deficit, and the pres-Federal Reserve in its efforts to limit monetary growth.

The widely-publicised reluct-ance of President Reagan to accept the tax increases being urged on him hy the Treasury and the office of Management and Budget, and anxiety ahout shine off the favourable inflation

Economic commentators and investors are much more pre-occupied with the Budget decisions due to be announced it Tuesday's Presidential State of the Union message and with the chances of an economic recovery in the summer than they are with the Administra-tion's achievement in bringing down inflation, which was running at 12.4 per cent in the year to December 1980.

The Administration's view is that once the markets accept that inflation is beiog "per-manently" reduced to well helow 10 per cent, upward pressure on interest rates will subside, and in the words of Mr Murray Weidenbaum, chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers: "Americans will be enjoying higher prosperity with lower inflation" over the next

Officials take particular pleasure in the fact that the three-month rate of inflation. considered an indicator of short-term trends, fell from an annualised rate of 13 5 per cent in the three months to October to one of 5.3 per cent in the three months to December.

London Transport details plans for bus and Tube cuts

BY LYNTON MCLAIN, TRANSPORT CORRESPONDENT

LONDON TRANSPORT yester Eurman launched a takeover bid for Croda with a "dawn raid" in the stock market on

fares ruling. It admitted last night that some passengers would he seriously disadvantaged, if the cuts are accepted. The proposals include closing

seven Tube stations and threo branch lines, cutting hus end of the year and reducing by one hour each day the time bus and Tube services will run. Other ways of cutting costs ambitions, and thought it are also to be considered, "breathtaking" that Burmah including a 5 per cent limit on wage rises this year.

assert strategic and financial Loodon Transport wants to year and could eventually save benefits for divisions within its close the outermost extension of £22m a year in running costs. Camphell Anderson, Epping and Ongar; the exten- capital investment could be Burmah's newly appointed man slon of the East London branch diverted to other projects on aring director from June, dismissed Sir Freddy's letter as Whitechapel to Shoreditch and LT claims the stations it "predictably histrionic and the weekdays-only, peak-hour spurious reaction" to Burmah's services between Holborn and services between Holborn and Aldwych on the Piccadilly Line. In addition, three under-used stations - Regent's Park and Edgware Road on the Bakerion Line, and Fairlop on the Central Line — are on the closure list.

LT is also considering closing the whole of the East London branch of the Metropolitan line from Whitechapel South to New Cross and New Cross Gate.

future strategy.
It is to be the first shot in a Bus services will remain almost intact under the proposals but LT warned: "All bus passengers will experience some reduction in timetable fre-quencies."

Both bus and Tube services day published its plans for cuts in its bus and Tuhe services 6 am, and will finish half an following the Law Lords' cheap hour earlier, at midnight. Night buses may also be cut. LT's plans have been sent to the GLC for approval and need to he endorsed hy Mr David Howel, the Transport Secretary.

Last week Mr Howell said he plans to legislate to give the GLC the chance to maintain concessionary fares for the elderly and to allow LT to borrow £125m over the next five years to help meet its accumulated deficit for 1931 and 1932. The proposed cuts are ex-

pected to save over £10m this year and could eventually save

wants to close are used only lightly and they all need substantial capital investment, especially in high cost items such as lifts. The money saved if the stations close will be used elsewhere on more heavily-used

LT is also to restrict the pur-chase of new Tube trains for next year. As few as 15 trains are likely to he bought compared with the 28 LT planned to huy originally to help meet the higher demand for its services which followed the now illeral 32 per cent average cut in isres in October.

Retail sales down 0.9% in December

BY ROBIN PAULEY AND DAVID CHURCHILL

ment of Trade statistics issued in 1980. yesterday which revealed retailers' hopes of a Christmas boom had been dashed.

The sales volume was huoyant early last year but later hecame increasingly sluggish. Although October's figures showed slight improvement, retailers had a taste of what was to come when November's figures gave no indication of a pre-Christmas pick up.

Although high street spend-

ary depreciation
The new gift issue—23 per ing is still ahead of last year's levels, a fall in December indicates the extent to which cuts the third such issue since the Treasury started the innovation in real locome are having an effect. The prospects for the next few months are gloomy.

The Department of Trade reported yesterday that the volume of retail sales fell by a seasonally adjusted 0.9 per cent in December compared with November, when t also fell by 0.9 per cent. This took the department's index of retail activity to 110 (1976=100). A

revised figure will be issued next month.

The department said December sales had been affected by bad weather which disrupted pre-Christmas hopping and the

earlier sales.
The level of trade in the last three mooths of 1981 was about 0.5 per cent higher than in July to September and a little lower than in the previous three

HIGH STREET spending fell in. The overall level in 1981 was December, according to Depart- about 2 per cent higher than Retail sales in January bave

also heen oadly hit hy the severe weather, according to shops throughout the country. The Retail Consortium, which represents the bulk of Britain's retailers said yesterday that the weeks before and after Christmas had been hetter, but not good enough to make up for the lost rales caused by the bad weather.

The consortium reports that the impact of the weather and the rail dispute has significantly dampened sales since the beginning of the year. ilr David Johnson chief !

Rumbelows electrical 20eds chain, said trade had been a third down on last year's level. The weather has been disasfrous for us and other retailers. Some of our shops in the worst affected areas were shut for days on and hy the weather, he said.
The John Lewis Partnership

department stores chain said sales in the week ending January 16 were only 3 per cent up on the same week last rear

—a substantial fall in real

The wintry weather also led to a sharp fail in the amount of consumer erectit being sought. I The United Association for the Protection of Trade, the largest! credit reference agency in the male worker carned £140.5 a months.

Week in 1981, according to the Department of Employment's little change in the underlying per cent down on the same UK, said demand in the first : two weeks of January was 24 t i level of trade since the spring, period last year,

may block £600m BAe deal By Bridget Bloom, Defence Correspondent BRITISH AEROSPACE'S con-

Congress

entrish Aeruspace contract with the U.S. Navy, which was thought certain to lead to a £600m deal involving Hawk trainer aircraft, may he in jeopardy after moves in the U.S. Congress.

A joint conference of the

Senate and House of Representatives ...appropriations committees has directed the Reagan administration to reopen the competition for the U.S. Navy's new training system. A preliminary contract was awarded to BAe, in partnership with McDonnell Douglas and Sperry last

The congressional directive against the Hawk-based training system, which comes in a series of amendments to the Defence Appropriations Bill, is one of several actions which threaten industrial co-operation in defence between

the U.S. and its Nato allies.

Among several other measures—all of which were passed just before Congress adjourned for the Christmas recess—is one which has the effect of presenting the U.S. effect of preventing the U.S. Defence Department from im-porting speciality metals from abroad. In theory, this could prohibit the import of aircraft components. While it is being pointed

out that the congressional action comes as mid-term elections are approaching, it is understood that Nato countries have protested to Washington about the moves which could severely set hack the so-called "two-way street" between the U.S. and its Western allies.

Yesterday British Aero-space confirmed the congresslonal action but said it was an "Inescapable fact" that the company and its partners had been awarded the preliminary contract for the

Hawk-based system.
Mr Caspar Weinberger, the
U.S. Defence Secretary, annonneed on November 19 that the three companies bad edged out five competitors and had been awarded a contract (part of a \$15.5m interim programme) which was expected to lead to full de-velopment of the naval training system in 1983.

The Hawk, a single-engined the hasis of a completely new system of naval jet pilot training. The entire system could involve up to \$8bn (£4.2bn) of which the aircraft could acount for a third. The system could also be sold in the U.S. Air Force and there is thought in he export poten-

UK TODAY Sunny intervals in most places but some rain in western areas. London. E. England

Suany with some fog at first, cloudy later. Max. 9C (48F1 Rest of England, Wales, N. Ircland, S.W. Scotland Cloudy with scattered show-ers, Max. 10C (50F)

Rest of Scotland Sunny becoming cloudy later with scattered showers, Max. 6C (43F).
Outlook: Cloudy with some

rain, hright intervals, normal temperatures.

WORLDWIDE

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THE LEX COLUMN

The indexed gilt Mark Three

Getting its own way over the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank seems to have done the Bank of England no end of good. It has engineered a gentle decline in interest rates this week, which has not hurt the exchange rate but has enabled clearing bank base rates to drop by half a point and very large amounts of government stock to be sold. And yesterday afternoon it demonstrated a capacity to surprise by bringing out an issue of index-linked gilt-edged stock (restricted to pension funds again) rather than the convenissue that was widely

All along the arguments in favour of index-linked stocks apart from the cash flow advan-tages for the borrower-have been influenced by the Treasury's unwillingness to issue conventional stock when it is committed to bringing in-

flation down. Yesterday's move is certainly meant to suggest confidence in the anti-inflationary strategy, whereas last July's issue of Treasury Index-linked 2 per cent 2006 suggested the need to come up with any-thing that would soil. Leaving aside small tranches only one conventional long tap has been issued since the last Budget-

and three indexed stocks.

The authorities held the initiative very firmly all last week-but then no one much minds being massaged four upwards, as the gilt-edged market has been. The money markets bave run even further ahead of the authorities—a point reduction in the Bank's short bill dealing rates has led to a fall of more than a full point in the Treasury bill rate at lender. The hig risk comes from across the Atlantic— London may be less tied to New York than it was a year ago, but a scare in the very nervous U.S. hond market next week is still the blagest threat.

tributed to making yesterday eventful. The Heron Group eventful. The Heron Group finally came up with its bid for Associated Communications, aome 29 per cent above the offer from Mr Robert Holmes à Court's Bell Group, Croda brought out its first major defence document to Burmah Oil's bid, and Ward emerged with a last minute wheeze to try with a last minute wheeze to try to free itself from the unwelcome attentions of RTZ.

Shareholders have until Tuesday afternoon to accept RTZ's bid, but the mining group has already built up a 42 per cent shareholding through buying in the market. Ward is trying to stop the juggernant of RTZ purchases by announcing its willingness to come to terms— at a higher price, of course— after the bid has lapsed.

Any Ward shareholders who do not accept the old now-or sell in the markef to RTZshould be aware that they are speculating on RTZ's readiness to go along with such a deal. At the moment RTZ strenuously denies that it has any intention of shifting its price by a penny, assuming that the Takeover Panel would indeed allow it to If the bid lapses, another contested hid cannot be made for a year, and RTZ could of course sell out of Ward, although it would take a big loss by doing

Croda's defence to Burmah hid is unusual in that it consists very largely of an atlack on the aggressor, even though Burmah shares play no part in the nffer, which is all in cash. Cataloguing an opponent's mistakes over a decade would leave most com-panies — not least Croda — open to a counter-punch, but

and forecasts"— are promised ver.
next week. The price of Croda ere
Ordinary shares is still above
Burmah's 70p offer, and Burmah has been nnable to buy in
1-82
the market afoce its raid on
the market afoce its raid on Croda last month. Finally, ACC. The non- is voting shareholders can only mee

sit hy and hope both that hat higher bids keep coming out low and that they do not fall down at some legal hurdle. There into looks to he quite as much and money in this one for the to lawyers as for the shareholders. and almost as many injunctions floating about as there are voting shares. Mr Holmes a Court remains in the uousualand enviable—position of being in the chair both of ACC and nne of the companies bidding for it. If the judges do not stop him, he can choose hetween buying the company at a low price and selling out with a big profit. The second course would

the long term.

"I know the Group's executive management to be in good on heart," writes Sir Leslic Smith an of BOC in his chairman's statement. One reason for the good cheer may he found under note seven of the accounts, which discloses that the board's emoluments totalled £1.76m in the year to September 1981. This is rather greater than the last disclosed payments to the directors of ICI or Barclays Bank and more than double the emoluments of the self-sacri-ficing board at British Petro-

seem to involve less work over

The earnings of Mr Richard Giordano, the chief executive, were by themselves equivalent to almost two per cent of retained group profits. Shareholders may raise their eye-brows at payments on this level. But Mr Giordano's track record Takeovers

The City has three contested takeover bids on its plate at Arguments for Croda's inde
Burmab is a uniquely easy But Mr Giordano's track record target, and its present very has been impressive since his arrival from Airco; the sbarc price has gone up just about as fast as his salary.

This advertisement is published by Morgan Granfell & Co. Limited on behalf of the No Thro-Zinc Corporation Limited (RTZ). The directors of RTZ (including those who have delegated detailed supervision of this advertisement) have taken all reasonable care to ensure that the facts stated and opinions expressed herein are fair and accurate and each of the directors accordingly.

According to accordingly.

Final Offer by RTZ for Ward

RTZ's offer remains open until 3 pm, next Tuesday, 26th January 1982 and will not be increased.

Failure to accept in time could result in this final offer lapsing; the value of your shares could then fall substantially and remain depressed.

Completed and signed Forms of Acceptance and Transfer should be received not later than 3 pm on Tuesday, 26 January 1982 by: Midland Bank Limited

Stock Exchange Services Department Mariner House, Pepys Street, London EC3N 4DA You may also hand in your form not later than 3 pm on Monday. 25 January 1982 at one of these addresses:-

CARDIFF Midland Bank Limited

56 Queen Street, Cardiff.

Midland Bank Limited 130 New Street, Birmingham. BOURNEMOUTH 59 Old Christchurch Road, Midland Bank Limited

BIRMINGHAM

EDINBURCH 49 Corn Street, Bristol.

Morgan Grenfell (Scotland) Limited 35 St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh. **GLASGOW** Maclay, Murray & Spens 169 West George Street, Glasgow. MANCHESTER Midland Bank Limited

NORWICH Midland Bank Limited 18 London Street, Norwich. PLYMOUTH Midland Bank Limited City Centre, 4 Old Town Street, SHEFFIELD Midland Bank Limited

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100 King Street, Manchester. Forms of Acceptance and Transfer and copies of RTZ's increased Offer document are available at the above addresses.

If you are in doubt about your form arriving in time, please telephone Midland Sank Limited in London: (01) 506 9911, extension 3609.

